Bhutto trails in early poll returns

ISLAMABAD (AP) - Early returns Wednesday showed former Prime Minister Benazir Bhutto's party trailing in parliamentary elections widely seen as a referendum on her uncerementations ouster and a survival test for Pakistan's struggling democracy. Bhutto accused the army-backed caretaker government of rigging the elections. Her right-wing opponents held the edge in three constituencies over candidates from her Pakistan People's Party, according to unofficial results from the federal election commission. Unofficial reports also showed Bhutto behind in one of her two seats. Despite unprecedented security, at least five people were killed and 11 others injured in election-day clashes between rival parties, officials said. Nearly 100,000 heavily armed soldiers, paramilitary troops and police patrolled the country's most volatile areas to prevent violence. At least a dozen people had been killed during the monthlong campaign in shootouts between rival parties. Voting was postponed in one corcy after one of the candidates was shot and killed.

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in a charty Palestinian beaten to this occasion death; Aqsa toll rises and recently death; Aqsa toll rises

The spokes als would resource A Polestine ties should (Agricies) — A Palestinian acparole for placed of stabbing two Israeli this year somen soldiers died Wednesday
mbers absore to head injuries suffered when he
efore absore to head injuries suffered when he efore a letter was kicked and beaten by Israelis

ent. They after the attack.
by police The death of an 18-year-old alestinian from a bullet wound offered the same day as the Al Appa massacre of Palestinians, st off a general strike in Arab

The deaths came as soldiers boded thousands of Palestinians from entering Israel in an effort Prince of R. m stem violence that police i right am da hane on Arab revenge for the Star prize a shirt raised fire Od. 8 massacre in Jerusalem.

Igneli Defence Minister Moshe les ordered all 1.7 million Palesti-us confined within the West Bank and Gaza Strip after a string of stacks on lows inside Israel since sanday that left three people dead and eight wounded.

The three days of violence also added the killing of a 30-year-old Mesinian worker and the wounding since of his cousins by gunfire from inviting Israeli car and the stonings stater Arab workers driving in

Nice Minister Roni Milo said on gay radio that the closure of the several days, was meant to teach lestinians a lesson.

The state of Israel must make it

completely clear that we will not permit... attacking of Jews and stab-bing women soldiers or civilians. We will not allow this to happen without

response," he said. in the Israeli parliament, there were calls for making the closure of the occupied territories permanent. Surprisingly, some of the strongest words came from left-wing politicians who normally argue for making peace

the Arabs. "If there's any chance of reaching political dialogue it's by disengage-ment of the two peoples," Chaim Ramon, a leftist member of the

Labour Party, told Israel television The accused assailant in Monday's stabbing of the two soldiers, 39-yearold Omar Shawaneh, died at Ram-bam hospital in Haifa, hospital offi-One of his victims was reported in

serious but stable condition with a chest wound Wednesday. The other suffered superficial knife wound in the back. Israeli television and radio both

carried accounts of Israeli citizens who said they helped capture the suspect, describing how he was pun-ched, kicked and beaten as the screamed out in pain.
There was initial confusion over

questioning before being hospital-ised. Radio reports said he told police he came to israel to carry out an

But Shawaneh, from a village nea Jenin in the West Bank, was later reported unconscious and in critical condition in Rambam's neurosurgery

Police officials in Haifa could not be reached for comment Wednesday on details of his death.

In Jerusalem, Faisal Husseini, a leading figure arrested on suspicion of inciting the protests that led to the Oct. 8 police shootings, was released on 5,000 shekels (\$2,500) bail.

Husseini denied he incited stone throwing at the site. Instead he said, he was trying to calm things down.
"I went with the sheikhs outside, asking soldiers to stop shooting but they didn't listen," he said in a telephone interview from his home Meanwhile, Salim Awad Khaldi

died of a bullet wound to the chest, becoming the 20th victim of the violence on Oct. 8. Initial reports said he was shot in the clash, but Arab reporters and police sources later said he was wounded by gunfire from an Israeli civilian on a nearby street. Masked assailants attacked a Jew ish municipal worker near Tel Aviv injuring him slightly. Police said the

Arens said he regretted that a Jewish motorist shot dead a Palestinian Tuesday night and wounded three others, apparently to avenge attacks on Jews earlier in the day.

The entry-ban hit Israeli industries, like building, farming and catering, and their workforce of thousands of

At least 120,000 West Bank and Gaza Strip residents or more than a third of the Palestinian workforce makes a living inside Israel.

Israel's construction, agriculture and restaurant industries began feeling the crunch as Arabs were ordered

Soldiers and police turned back cars with Arab number plates at exits from the occupied territories. At some checkpoints in Jerusalem police prevented Arab residents from going work in the city centre from the

Naval Aidi, a journalist from the West Bank city of Nablus, said frustration among the jobless would fuel unrest as workers are mainly paid by the day and would not get compensa

"The violence in the occupied territories will get worse because the men who work in Israel are angry and will throw stones at soldiers. They... need money to buy food, milk for their children," he said.

Saddam

'calm,

cool'

Masked Palestinians wave flags and throw stones at Israeli soldiers near Jerusalem (Renter photo)

Bush in last-ditch effort to avert U.N. censure of Israel

WASHINGTON (Agencies) — Oct. 8 slayings. President George Bush has sent a personal letter to Israeli Prime account of Bush's letter published Minister Yitzhak Shamir appealing for cooperation with a United Nations investigation of the Oct. 8 massacre of Palestinians, U.S. government sources said Wednesday.

The letter, delivered by U.S. Ambassador William Brown, represents a last-ditch attempt by Bush to persuade Asrael to admit the investigators, lest it face sterner treatment from the U.N. Security Council.

The Security Council was scheduled to vote Wednesday on a resolution criticising Israel for no: cooperating with the investigation, which the Israeli cabinet argued was bound to be onesided since the council had already condemned Israel in the again and try to persuade them to

The sources confirmed an in the New York newspaper Newsday. The United States was the prin-

cipal drafter of the resolution,

approved by the council Oct. 13, which condemned Israel for the slayings and called for the U.N. probe. The Israeli government authorised its own investigation. At the request of the United States, the Security Council Tuesday postponed for 24 hours a meeting to demand that Israel

cooperate with the U.N. mission. Ambassador Ismail Razali of Malaysia, one of four sponsors of postponement was at the request of the United States, which wanted to talk to the Israelis

The United States is anxious to bring the focus of the U.N. back

to Iraq's Aug. 2 invasion of Kuwait and wants the Security Council to adopt a new resolution on the plight of besieged diplomats in Kuwait. But after a week of trying, that

resolution has been stalled by the refusal of non-aligned Security Council members to drop the massacre issue.

U.S. officials have also said they wished to repair relations with Israel and the last thing they needed now was another painful vote at the U.N. where they would be forced to choose bea proposed resolution, said the tween offending the Israelis or upsetting some of their Arab allies on the Gulf crisis.

Crown Prince affirms Jordan's position

SALT (Petra) — His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan Wednesday affirmed the importance of finding an Arab solution to the Gulf crisis.

The Crown Prince, in a meeting with Salt City citizens, affirmed Jordan's adherence to international legitimacy in dealing with all issues of the region and in rejecting all acts of annexation and occupation of territory by force.

Prince Hassan underlined the importance of solving the Gulf crisis peacefully by referring to Article 3 of U.N. Security Council Resolution 660 which calls for negotiations between Iraq and Kuwait and for Arab contribution to solving the problem.

He also referred to the Iraqi statement issued Aug. 12 which affirmed Iraq's readiness to abide by U.N. resolutions and princi-

He said Jordan, which is distinguished for its central geographic and political position in the region, is interacting with the crisis on the basis of its intermediary course aiming to contain Arab disputes, which have inflicted unexpected losses on it, particularly on its economy.

"Jordan's commitment comes in concord with its complete faith in resolving the crisis within an Arab context," he said. "It is a stand stemming from its commitit has established through its leadership and faithful people since the

(Continued on page 3)

Primakov in Cairo; may visit Syria, S. Arabia and Iraq in peace shuttle

CARO (R) — Kremlin envoy Mogeny Primakov arrived in Inst Wednesday, offering a ikt up in the state of hope that a peaceful and derived the to the Gulf crisis could e would give and the found.

said a the while opportunities to find a himkov told reporters at the ceful settlement to the crisis, ant of a new Gulf peace mission. The political counsellor in Cim's Soviet embassy. Vladimir transferring told Renters that shuttle diplomacy had produced Fahd denies shift in stand over

MHRAIN (Agencies) — King Fahd

d Sandi Arabia said Wednesday that

kingdom's policy remained un-

Fibd also demanded guarantees

That that Iraq would not attack any

The decisive and clear stand that

sovernment of the kingdom set

brad the Iraqi aggression on the see of Kuwait is firm and unchange-ble clear and mambiguous," Fabd

tal in a statement distributed by the

and Press Agency, monitored in

ombined agency dispatches

RAQ ASSURED France

disched to the release of all 327

tuch nationals it was holding

Paris said there had been no

After talks at the Foreign histry, Iraqi Ambassador Abdi Razzak Al Hashimi said hadad did not insist that a

enter envoy should travel to

No that is not a condition,

trotiations with Baghdad.

on that it had were baseless.

efforts made earlier this month in rate. visits to Baghdad, Amman. Rome, Paris and Washington. "He is trying to find common

rian said.

Primakov, a member of Presipresidential council, said he had been sent by Gorbachev on a tour of several states and that his

Gulf crisis, also wants guarantees

The kingdom, said Fahd's state-

on of the situation in Kuwait to

ment demanded an unconditional

Iraqi pullout from Kuwait and res-

what it was before the Aug. 2 inva-

sion, including reinstatement of the

rule of Sheikh Jaber Al Ahmad Al

The kingdom also demanded

withdrawal of the Iraqi forces massed

on the Saudi border and "guarantees

that the Iraqi ruler will not repeat his

aggression on any other Gulf Arab

in release of French nationals

a French official could receive

them and take charge of them."

Irag's parliament voted Tues-

day to free all the French nation-

als in Iraq, and Hashimi said he hoped the 327 could be home by

Political analysts said Iraq's re-

lease of all the French while

continuing to hold hundreds of

Britons and Americans could be

The French government welcomed the Iraqi decision, but pledged un-wavering support for the internation-

Politicians also denounced Jean-

al coalition confronting Baghdad.

embarrassing for Paris.

Iraq, France say no deal

Saturday.

Primakov's aim was similar to positive results. He did not elabo-

In Moscow, the independent Interfex news agency said Prima-kov would visit Iraq, Saudi Arabia ground for some peaceful solu- and Syria - but Spandarian said tion in the Gulf area," Spanda- the envoy's plans were not yet finalised.

"His agenda is not fixed yet. dent Mikhail Gorbachev's inner There are contacts with other Arab capitals to see who he will visit next." Spandarian said.

form of guarantees the kingdom

"These are firm principles on which the stance of the Kingdom of Saudi

Arabia is built toward the Gulf crisis

and which do not accept any hesita-tion or bargaining in any part," Fabd

said. "All that was said or is being

said outside this framework, of spe-

culation and presumptions by the media on our stand towards the Gulf

Arab crisis should not be taken into

(Continued on page 3)

Iraq to preside over the release. Le Pen has been the sole French political

leader to express empathy for Irac's

"France cannot but welcome this unilateral (Iraqi) decision, which it

did not seek through negotiations."
Premier Michel Rocard told the

He said France would not allow the

release to weaken in any way "the

international solidarity regarding human rights and the release of all the hostages of all countries, as well as

Foreign Minister Roland Dumas

pledged during a cabinet meeting that

(Continued on page 3)

position in the Gulf showdown.

National Assembly.

the liberation of Kuwait."

The 53-year-old Iraqi leader said in remarks published Wednesday that Arabs wanted peace in the Gulf but the West had to treat all Middle East afficts equally, including the issues of Lebanon and Palestine.

ALGIERS (R) — Iraqi President

view he has a few grey hairs but God

is helping him through the Gulf crisis which he blamed on Kuwait.

Saddam Hussein says in a press inter-

Saddam, president for 11 years and a reputed survivor of seven assassination attempts, gave a rare insight into how he copes with the pressures of leadership — "Faith in God" — in a

talk with an Algerian journalist. He said "bad faith" by Kuwait in a land-and-oil dispute prompted the Aug. 2 invasion, decided in July when relations deteriorated. A correspondent for the Algerian

weekly Algeric Actualite wrote that he marvelled at how black Saddam's hair was despite the strain of crisis, as Iraq faces economic sanctions and the greatest buildup of military might since the Vietnam war.
"Yes, I have a few grey hairs,"

Saddam replied smiling, stroking his moustache. "We are believers and we have a deep faith in God. Everytime we face adversity we return to God, the all-powerful who brings aid and The impression of calmness wa

matched by comments brought back from a Baghdad visit by a sention Western politician, British ex-Prime Minister Edward Heath. Heath, who negotiated freedom for

33 British hostages, said he found Saddam Sunday very calm, very well-informed, explaining his artitude very dearly. Saddam told the Algerian interviewe

Iraq had tried to preserve good rela-tions with Kuwait built up during the eight-year war with Iran.
"It was in July that relations began
to deteriorate," Saddam said. "We
tried to have fraternal relations... but

infortunately we noted a deliberate desire to harm good relations. After we confirmed this desire we decided Iraq accused Kuwait of seeking to undermine its economy by keeping world oil prices low through overpro-duction and pumping oil from an lraqi field across the border.

Asked to explain why former Egyptian President Gamal Abdul Nasser, revered by Saddam as an Arab nationalist hero, opposed an Iraqi attempt to takeover of Kuwait in 1961, Saddam said Baghdad's govern-

not nationalist. "If Kuwait had been attached to Iraq (at the time) this would have enlarged the chauvinist power," Sad-

Shortly after the invasion Irac annexed Kuwait as its 19th province. Asked about democracy in Iraq Saddam said it was a goal of his We recognise democracy has not

yet led to what we wish but we are continuing to discuss the best ways and means to achieve it," he said. Saddam also told the Algerian weekly Iraq wanted better ties with France because its policies were independent of those of the United States. "If ever peace is on the agenda, all

(Continued on page 3)

Heath flies home with 40 Britons

LONDON (Agencies) -- Former Prime Minister Edward Heath flew home Wednesday with 40 British passport holders, mostly sick and elderly men, freed by Iraq after his personal interven-tion with President Saddam Hus-

sein. As the Britons flown home from Baghdad praised Heath for securing their release, critics said he had played into the hands of

The Britons, freed in response to personal appeals from Heath, said he had shown great courage and diplomatic skill in persuading

Iraq to let them go.
"What a gentleman. He went all that way in personal danger to himself to get us out. We owe him a lot." said Tony Wilbraham, a 50-year-old civil engineer suffering from terminal cancer who had feared he might die in captivity.

Many of Heath's colleagues in the ruling Conservative Party objected to his mission, saying it would be exploited for "propaganda purposes" by Iraq and could weaken the international front against Baghdad.

Heath brushed off criticism. He told reporters at London's Gatwick airport the Iraqi media had not paid much attention to

He said he had found Saddam genuinely sympathetic to the cause of the sick and elderly. He said it was not for him to

judge whether his mission had been a success but that those who had been released would take the view that it had. For the hostages he helped free, celebrating their return after

a jubilant flight home aboard the Virgin Atlantic Jumbo jet "Scarlet Lady," Heath was a hero who deserved praise from Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher.

Thatcher, who has sent nearly 12,500 men to the Gulf as part of the international stand against Iraq, has avoided criticising l Heath publicly.

Tapline insists Jordan pay \$40m before resuming supply

By a Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — The Saudi Tapline company has rejected a Jordan suggestion that the payment of \$40 million, in what Tapline describes as arrears, be deferred with interest until the dispute is settled and is insisting that Jordan pay the full amount before it would resume pumping of oil to the Kingdom, officials said Wednesday.

A statement issued by the minister of energy and mineral re-sources, Taber Al Taher, said the ministry had received a reply from Tapline affirming that the com-pany will not be committed to resuming oil supplies to Jordan until the payment has been set-

According to the statement, the Tapline offer to resume its supply, suspended on Sept. 19 after pump-ing 660,000 barrels of oil of an agreed one million barrels, is also contingent on "availability" in Saudi Arabia as and when the lispute is settled.

The oil dispute is a fallout of the Aug. 2 Iraqi invasion of Kuwait which found Jordan and Saudi Arabia at odds over the approach to the Gulf crisis and the deployment of foreign troops in the Arabian peninsula and is seen linked with a series of measures that the Saudis have adopted against Jordan, including the expulsion of dinlomats and embassy staff, closure of the border for Jordanian trucks, halt to imports of Jordanian produce and refusal or pointed delays in trans-shipment of Jordan bound cargo through Saudi ports.

Tapline argued on Sept. 19 that it was owed a total of \$46 million by Jordan - \$40 million in oil supplies made in 1985 and \$6 million for deliveries in June this year. In less than six hours after serving notice to the Kingdom, the com-

pany halted pumping oil despite Jordan's immediate arrangement to pay the \$6 million and reminder that the payment of \$40 million had been waived by King Fahd of Saudi Arabia, But the Saudi Oil Ministry said the transaction was purely commercial and the king had nothing whatsoever to do with it: in essence, telling Jordan to pay \$40 million.

Subsequently, Jordan suggested that the payment of \$40 million be put off pending a solution to the dispute and offered to pay interest on the amount until the problem was resolved. The reply, as re-ported by the Ministry of Energy and Mineral Resources Wednes day, rejected the offer

According to a senior official. "there is no doubt that the Saudi move is politically motivated." Even if we paid the 'outstand

ing' amount, they are not going to

CBJ warns black marketeers of foreign currency, gold

By a Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — The Central Bank of Jordan (CBJ) Wednesday issued a warning to all unofficial dealers in foreign currency and gold to halt their illicit business and warned that they faced up to ID 500 in fine if they were caught violating the law.

The CBJ has been trying over the past two years to organise dealings m foreign exchange in Jordan, specially after the emergency of a black market in the country, and has submitted to the government a draft law to organise the work of money changers offices in the Kingdom, according to a CBJ statement issued Wednesday.

It said that the government plans to refer the draft law to the Lower House of Parliament for approval in the House's next ordinary session which begins Nov. 18.

ment revoked the licences of all non-bank exchange firms in the country and closed down their offices after seizing their books and records in a move against violations of regulations and to put an end to

with the national economy. changers have been demi ding a solution to address their situation after the government of Prime Minister Mudar Badran decided to abrogate the martial law under which the closure order had been taken in February 1989.

what it said was their tampering

The law, as proposed by the CBJ, is intended to regulate the activities of moneychangers but former moneychangers complain that the terms of law are unfair. The CBJ is demanding money changers to provide a JD 500,000 capital and a 30 per cent deposit with the CBJ. Moneychangers have said the required capital and deposit is too

high and very few former moneychangers would be able to meet the new terms.

One moneychanger said that it

was not in the interest of the government to keep delaying a law on the reinstatement of monechan-gers which is fair to all concerned. "The government is losing taxes which it would have received from licensed moneychangers," a former moneychanger told the Jordan Times Wednesday. "Now everybody from the baker to the shoe

currency." He also said government officials who have an interest in the business should not be involved in drafting the law.

salesman are dealing in foreign

According to Wednesday's CBJ's statement, dealing in foreign ex-change in the black market, is illegal and no-one is allowed to deal in money changing or gold without proper license issued by the Central Bank. It said that violators of the law are liable to be fined from JD 50 to JD 500.

The statement said that the CBJ had been trying to diminish the role of the black market in the country by adopting new monetary policies. but due to the general situation in the region resulting from the Gulf crisis over the past two months the black market has resumed its activity although developments in the Gulf have nothing to do with the monetary and economic situation in

The statement cautioned mem bers of the public not to have any dealines with the black market as such practice can have an adverse consequence since some of the foreign banknotes could be counterfeit.

build reporters. "But it would Politicians also denounced Jean-better for the French citizens if Marie le Pen, leader of the far-right Beirut to unite under Hrawi chamouns laid to rest in hometown

FRUT (Agencies) — Leba-1 government said Wednesy i would close down all militia ice, seize all illegal ports, and Beirut under one army. the Lebanese government decided to complete the exin of its control on greater

Contous to the army and curb all The decisions were announced statement by Information mer Edmond Rizk after a ded by President Elias Hrawi. Incusands of people, many ding red carnations, bade

farewell to slain Christian leader Walid Junblatt's Progressive Dany Chamoun, his wife and two young sons Wednesday as they were buried in his hometown

southeast of Beirut. Black flags fluttered above the stone houses of the ancient mountain town of Deir Al Kamar as the four coffins were driven in the rain to the cometery after a four-hour sevice.

Chamoun and his family were buried next to the tomb of his father, former President Camille Chamonn, who died a natural death in August 1987. Mourners were frisked by

Socialist Party (PSP), which controls Deir Al Kamar.

The mourners were led by Chamoun's elder brother, Dory, 59, and Deputy Prime Minister Michael Sassine, representing President Elias Hrawi. Junblatt also took part in the

funeral procession. Chamoun, the 56-year-old

heavily armed militiamen of

leader of the right-wing Christian National Liberal Party, was murdered at his home in east Beirut on Sunday. The assassins also killed his

(Continued on page 5)

Saudi hint of compromise may be ominous for U.S.

By Carol Giacomo

WASHINGTON — Saudi hints of compromise with Iraq, while denied by Riyadh and deemphasised by Washington, could be an ominous sign for the U.S.-led coalition arrayed against Baghdad.

Some analysts say they suggest an erosion of critical Saudi resolve to do what may be needed to reverse the Iraqi takeover of Kuwait and could narrow U.S. options in the Gulf crisis.

"This was potentially very significant and disastrous for us," said Adam Garfinkel of the Foreign Policy Research Institute.

"The Saudis could offer a compromise diplomatic solution that would leave us hanging in the wind and would represent appeasement...without Saudi steadfastness, we have no war option, no way to keep together the (anti-Iraq) coalition and no excuse to stay there,' he told Reuters.

Ouestions about Saudi Arabia's position were raised on Sunday when Defence Minister Prince Sultan Ben Abdul Aziz, in widely published remarks, suggested that if Iraq left Kuwait, the Saudis would not oppose legitimate Iraqi claims, even if involving territorial concessions by

Prince Sultan later claimed he was misinterpreted, a disavowal that struck Robert Neumann as plausible.

"This is playing two sides of the same issue," the former U.S. ambassador to Saudi Arabia told

Reuters in an interview. On one hand, the U.S.-led military buildup in the Gulf puts Iraq under threat of a military strike while on the other hand, Sultan's comments "dangle before (Iraqi President) Saddam Hussein that he could make a deal if he got out quickly," he said.

The time during which military action against Iraq is most likely is between now and March, so all the...hinting has surfaced now in order to show

Saddam that either you get out or you face up to the military threat," he added.

The U.S. State Department played down any problem with the Saudis and insisted a 90-minute meeting on Tuesday between Secretary of State James Baker and the Saudi ambassador to Washington, Prince Bandar, had long been planned.

It seemed both sides were trying to control as much as possible any perceived damage to their united anti-Iraq front.

"Sultan often says things off the cuff that can easily be taken out of context," one U.S. official

Bandar later went out of his way to meet reporters and proclaim: "Saudi Arabia has not

changed its position at all." "If Saddam Hussein is listening, he should not be under any illusion. We are determined not to

let aggression pay. We don't think aggression should be rewarded, that's for sure." President George Bush also was moved to reiterate his opposition to a deal with Iraq. There can never be compromise, any compromise, with this kind of aggression," he said

Saudi Arabia's role is key because it was the kingdom's request for help that allowed Bush to send more than 200,000 troops to the Gulf as the

bulwark of the multinational force. If nothing else, the Saudi defence minister's remarks give weight to a perception that some members of the U.S.-led coalition are becoming increasingly nervous about the prospect of war

with Iraq and want to find another solution. There has been ambivalence on the part of the Saudi leadership, particularly the defence minister, about the extent to which they will be able to control military action if and when it begins," said Pentagon consultant Jed Snyder.

I think we are seeing an attempt by the Saudis to signal to the Iraqis that they would welcome an opportunity to step back from the brink," he said

Nuclear-free Mideast Saudi female volunteers graduate WASHINGTON (USIA) - The in Riyadh Pending such a move. Israel should

RIYADH (AP) — More than 800 Saudi women volunteers graduated Tuesday from first aid courses held at 15 medical institu-

tions in Riyadh. The course was conducted under a volunteer programme, which has drawn thousands of Saudi women. It was initiated by the Saudi government which sought to mobilise the population to face any threat from Iraq after its invasion of Kuwait on Aug. 2.

Opening the door to women volunteers was a dramatic event in the conservative Islamic society of Saudi Arabia.

Only women attended the gra-

duation ceremony.

The graudates, the first in the capital Riyadh, donned the white coat. But many had their heads covered with a veil, according to women reporters who were allowed to attend the ceremony.

Princess Sultana Al Sudairi, the wife of Riyadh Governor Prince Salman, was among the group that completed the course. The women wore long cloaks

and veils over evening dresses. They filed on stage to the tempo of Arabic music and the cheers of relatives and friends.

"I'm very happy to be helping my country," said Salwa Al Sheikh, a volunteer. "Our country gives us a lot. We want to give something in return."

"This is very important for women," said Princess Sara Abdullah Abdul Aziz Al Saud, a volunteer who plans to continue studying through a more extensive three-month programme. "You feel something inside of you. I'm very proud of myself and of all the students."

contingent on solution to conflicts, U.N. says

establishment of a nuclear free zone in the Middle East is dependent on achieving progress in the political conflicts of the region, a United Nations report states.

Without such progress "technical measures in the nuclear area or on other security problems will hardly be given serious thought, much less will they be developed to provide a meaningful barrier to tension and even war," the report says. Issued by the office of the secretary general Oct. 10, the report is a study on the establishment of a nuclear-weapon-free zone in the Middle East.

The report advocates the implementation of a series of confidencemilding measures aimed at the establishment of a nuclear-free-zone in the Middle East. However, these measures can not take the place of finding solutions to regional conflicts through political process, the report says. Confidence-building measures 'should be developed and installed in parallel with the political track, not as a substitute for it." it stresses.

Addressing regional security concerns is integral to implementing confidence-building measures, the report notes. States in the Middle East "will participate in a nuclear-free zone ony if doing so would enhance their national security, or inversely, that refraining from doing so would impair that security," the reports

A regional commitment "that there will be not test explosion of a nuclear device, nor any moves towards such a test" is a necessary confidencebuilding measures, the report asserts.

Adherence to the Nuclear Non-Proliferation Treaty (NPT) by all states of the region — notably Israel, "would be a most significant milestone." the report states, "Clearly, there can be no nuclear-weapon free zone in the area until this has been done," the report states. Most states in the Middle East are parties of the NPT, but not Israel. Algeria, Mauritania, Oman and the United Arab

NPT parties in the region could minimise suspicion by assuring that their nuclear programmes do not serve military objectives, the report states. To this end, NPT parties should avoid use of weapon-grade fissionable material, should invite inspection of any facilities that use significant quantities of nuclear material, and should declare their stocks of natural uranium, heavy water, and tritium, the report suggests.

nplement safeguards on its nuclear

facility in Dimona, the report says.

The development of a regional understanding "that there will be no attacks on nuclear installations." is another confidence-building measure, the report states, "The problem of nuclear proliferation... should be dealt with seriously, but high explosives are not among the means that should be employed," the report

The report stresses the role of major outside powers and industrialised nations in movine towards a nuclear free zone in the Middle East. Unless these nations "put their weight and diplomatic skills unreservedly to the task, it is not likely that will be accomplished," the report asserts. Most importantly, leading industrialised states must "discourage any proliferation of weapons of mass destruction." the report notes.

The report also stresses the linkage nong nuclear weapons and biologic al. chemical and conventional arms. It advocates adherence to the Biological Weapons Convention, the estabshment of a chemical weapons convention, a freeze on missiles, and reducing conventional force levels as measures that will further a nuclearfree zone in the Middle East.

The non-proliferation of chemical weapons is particularly important, the report stresses. "If chemical weapons were allowed to proliferate widely in the Middle East, it is hard to imagine that general nuclear proliferation could be avoided," it states.

Ex-congressman form

Israelis

rush to

guns

TEL AVIV (R) - Israelis in occupied Jerusalem fearful of Palestinian revenge attacks are rushing to buy guns.

Shoppers at the city's main weapons shop Tuesday snapped up pistols, electric stun guns and mace chemical spray canisters.

Store owners said gun sales had jumped 50 per cent since Sunday, when a teenage Palestinian stabbed to death three Israelis in apparent revenge for the police killing of Arabs on Oct. 8.

Sales of mace, a spray that immobilises attackers, and electric stun guns have doubled, they

Dozens of Israeli men and women crowded Magnum 88, a weapons shop in Jerusalem, pointing at pistols and fitting them around their ankles and

"My office is near the Old City where there are lots of Arabs. Nothing has ever happened, but why wait?" said Irit Tov, 33, as she examined a mace can and a

"I think I'll take the stun gun because I can pin it against my pants and just pull it out like a gun. It could be too late by the time I found the mace in my bag," she added.

Jerusalem has crackled with tension since the Oct. 8 shoot-

It rose further on Sunday when an Arab construction worker stabbed to death three Israelis in a quiet West Jerusalem neighbourhood. Between Monday and Tues-

day, seven more Jews were attacked and wounded by Arabs throughout Israel and the occupied territories. "Interest in guns has risen 100

per cent since Sunday while sales have gone up 50 per cent. Not everyone can get a licence to buy one," said Yitzhak Mizrahi, owner of Magnum 88.

"Lots of people were disappointed. They wanted to buy a gun to protect themselves but couldn't," he added. Only civilians who live or work

in Jewish neighbourhoods of predominantly Arab Jerusalem and in the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip are legally entitled to own guns.

Anyone can buy a stun gun. A licence is required for mace Mizrahi said pistols, his most

popular line, cost between \$350 and \$600 and could be paid for in three interest-free instalments. "If the stabber was within 90

metres, you could get him," Mizrahi assured one shopper peering through a pistol. Some shoppers became irritated when a reporter asked why

they should be interested in owning a weapon.

"In this day and age, what sort of a question is that? I'm afraid I have a wife and four kids. They

(Arabs) are killing us here," said Amnon, 37, who lives in a Jewish area in Arab Jerusalem near several Arab villages. Moshe Zvulun, 32, said: "You think I'm buying this for plea-

sure? I never owned a gun in my His wife would soon carry a mace can, he said. As for his children, they should be guarded

at school by armed police, "What sort of life is this?" he asked as an afterthought.

group to counter AIPAC

House of Representatives say they have created a grassroots organisation to counter the pro-Israeli lobby which they say has too much clout on Capitol Hill.

Israel's supporters in Congress say the group's aims are misguided and pose serious danger to long-term U.S. strategic interests.

But board members of the newly formed Council for the National Interest disagree.

"What we in the 'movement' think is that the government of Israel exercises too much influence over the country (the United States), and particularly in Consaid David Bowen, the council's executive director. A former college professor with degrees from Harvard and Oxford universities. Bowen resigned from the House after 10 years in

The idea for the council came from Paul Findley, a former Republican congressman from Illinois who wrote a book about the pro-Israeli lobby entitled "They Dare to Speak Out." In his book, Findley says he was targetted by the pro-Israeli lobby because of his stands on Middle East policy.

"Plain, ordinary Americans saw damage being done to our institutions," Findley said in a telephone interview.

Other board members of the group include former Congressman Pete McCloskey and John Anderson, both Republicans, and Martha Keys, a Democrat. Anderson ran for president as an independent in 1980.

The council was created in a year when Israel's aid package the largest given to a foreign country — has been questioned by senators including Robert Byrd, chairman of the Senate

DAMASCUS (R) — Syria

Wednesday accused the

French government of submit-

ting to opposition blackmail

President François Mitterrand.

has angered Lebanon's pro-

Syrian government by giving-

diplomatic refuge to ousted

Christian General Michel

Syria's official daily

Tishreen suggested the politic-

al opposition in France find

other issues to try to topple the

It said a Paris campaign in

support of Aoun "did not

come out of humanitarian mo-

tives or for the interest of

Lebanon... it is linked to the

conflict between the govern-

Aoun held one-third of a

Christian enclave in east

Beirut and opposed the inter-

nationally-backed Lebanese

government till he was ousted

in a Syrian-led assault on Oct.

France gave embassy refuge

to Aoun, but the Lebanese

government prevented him

from leaving and insisted he

The Syrian paper called

should be tried for war crimes.

Aoun "a renegade who des-

troyed many parts of this country, flooded its land with

blood, blocked the peace pro-

cess and pushed it towards

this French government, which

knows exactly what Aoun is.

was intimidated by the

JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

It said: "It is regrettable that

partition and full collapse."

ment and opposition.

Paris government.

The Socialist government of

over Lebanon.

Syria blasts France's

policy as blackmail

WASHINGTON (AP) — A Appropriations Committee.
group of former members of the Yet Israeli aid in fiscal 1991 has remained at roughly \$3 billion, along with benefits worth hundreds of millions more. The Senate voted 97-1 to add \$700 million worth of American arms to the

> package for Israel. Israel's backers on Capitol Hill said they doubted the group would have much success because its objectives were suspect.

> "This is the same old group over and over and I have a strong belief that it is anti-Semitic," said Florida Congressman Larry

Smith, a solid supporter of Israel.

The council said its goal is to promote peace in the Middle East, which it says the United States can achieve only by following an evenhanded policy in the region. "Most harmful policies arise from our unusual rela-tionship with Israel," the group

It supports placing conditions on further aid to Israel, a negotiated settlement to end the Arab-Israeli conflict and self-deter-mination for Palestinians within a Palestinian state.

So far, the group has had little impact on Capitol Hill. Its main project has been a resolution seeking to force Israel to open Palestinian universities in the West Bank and Gaza Strip. The resolution has yet to clear either chamber.

Specifically, McCloskey said the group hopes to counter the American Israel Public Affairs Committee (AIPAC), the pro-

Israeli lobbying group.

An AIPAC spokeswoman said the committee would have no comment on the council.

The council was actively launched about six months ago. So far it has about 2,000 members nationwide, far short of its goal of

opposition and feared it would

lose its popularity, so it re-

tracted some of its official

The paper advised the

opposition there were several

problems in France which

could toppie any government, adding that France should not

settle its political problems in

submission to the blackmail of

opposition to the extent that it

abandous its foreign commit-

ments puts in doubt the credi-

bility of French foreign

France, which ruled Leba-

non for 20 years before World

War II, has always played a

role in the country's complex

politics, frequently seen as a

traditional guardian of the Christian minority.

In Damascus, the U.S. ambas-

sador to Syria said Palestinian

guerrilla groups in Lebanon had

to be disbanded and disarmed as

part of the Arab-brokered Taif

Eduard Dierejian told a news

briefing that Syria had assured

Washington it would continue to

"Taif refers to all militias. All

armed militias must be disbanded

in Lebanon and that will apply

equally to the palestinian armed

Djerejian also expressed

He said the decision to try

Aoun was up to the Lebanese government, but added that "all

old wounds should not be left

opposition to bringing Aoun to

abide by the Taif accord.

groups," Djerejian said.

"The French government's

Beirut.

peace plan.

stand towards Lebanon..."

Angry men debate troops plan in Japan parliament

TOKYO (R) — In a drab, chan-deliered, smoke-filled hall in World War II. Japan's musty parliament build— Another debate between ing, politicians met ministers and Kawasaki and Kaifu in this hall, bureaucrats Wednesday for for- called the first committee room, mai talks on a controversial plan

to send troops to the Gulf.

Amid heckling, interruptions and repeated banging of desks, the 50 members of the lower house special committee on the U.N. peace cooperation bill debated Prime Minister Toshiki Kaifu's plan to send as many as 2,000 soldiers to the Gulf.

'Why can't you clearly say in the articles what kind of firearms the troops will carry?" Socialist Member of Parliament Kanji Kawasaki asked Kaifu in a raised

"The grand design of this law is to cooperate in peaceful roles and not in offensive actions, and therefore I have repeatedly said they will only carry pistols and rifles," a stony-faced Kaifu replied in a monotone.

"Then isn't it simple to just say so in the articles?" Kawasaki retorted.

"We would like to study this later, carefully," Kaifu replied.
At that point, what had just been an occasional bout of heckling from the opposition bench

became a roar. What kind of bill is this if you

have to study it?"

The ruling Liberal Democratic
Party (LDP) bench retaliated, What's wrong with studying it?" Opposition parties say the plan violates Japan's anti-war constitution and that the Japanese contingent would be meaningless in the Gulf. Moreover the bill, they say,

is too vague. South Korea and China, victims of Japan's past aggression before 1945, have also criticised Tokyo's plan to send troops

focused on the definition of the multinational forces now deployed in Saudi Arabia.

The multinational forces are there to secure the fulfillment of U.N. resolutions," a beleaguered Kaifu told Kawasaki, who had asked about the legitimacy of the 300,000-member force as a U.Nsanctioned force.

The debate, this time between Kaifu and Yuichi Ichikawa, secretary-general of the Buddhist-backed Komeito (Clean Government Party), then shifted to where the Japanese troops would be deployed.

Kaifu said they would not be sent to "dangerous" places and would strictly play a support role.
"What if the troops come." under attack? Who will make the decision to make a move?" Ichi-

kawa asked. "The person responsible at the location will make the decision," Kaifu said.

At that point, a loud voice from the opposition bench echoed through the hall: "Well, what if they become another.

Kwangtung army?"
The Kwangtung army, a unit of the Japanese Imperial Army stationed in China's Liaotung peninsula, staged the Mukden incident of September 1931 as a pretext to seize Manchuria and set up a puppet state there.

They repeatedly ignored the emperor's direct orders to stop fighting. The Kwangtung army also provoked the exchange of fire that triggered the 1937 Sino-Japanese war.

The debate continues.

MIDDLE EAST NEWS IN BRIEF Iraq to release five Swedes

STOCKHOLM (R) - Five out of 80 Swedish nationals held in Iraq will be released soon for humanitarian reasons, Sweden said Wednesday. "We have received confirmation that the five will be freed soon," Foreign Ministry spokesman Lars Olof Lundberg said. Iraq's charge d'affaires in Stockholm, Mohammad Said Hani, said the release was an act of courtesy to Stockholm which recently

sent a froeign ministry official to Iraq to seek freedom for Swedes. He said the remaining Swedish nationals could possibly be released if Stockholm sent a higher ranking government official such as Foreign Minister Sten Andersson. "Why doesn't Sten Andersson want to go when for example Austria's (President) Kurt Waldheim has visited Baghdad?" Said Hani asked.

Iraq increases fuel ration

BAGHDAD (R) - Iraq increased fuel allowances for trucks and buses Wednesday, a day after imposing rationing to combat U.N. sanctions. Heavy commercial vehicles will be allowed up to 180 litres of diesel a week, instead of up to 90 litres decreed Tuesday, state-run newspapers said. Their ration of lubricating oil will also be increased. There was no change in the 30-litre weekly petrol allowance for cars, which has slowed traffic in Baghdad to a crawl as drivers try to save fuel. Petrol rationing is blamed by Baghdad on a shortage of imported chemicals and additives used in refining. The government said rationing was necessary to ensure adequate fuel for Iraq's one-million strong army facing the multinational force in the Gulf. The extra fuel allowance should encourage private buses to ferry Arab and Asian refugees to Jordan, the newspapers said. Tens of thousands of foreigners have fled across the border since the invasion.

3 killed, 7 injured in Somalia protests

MOGADISHU (R) - Three people, including a policeman, have been killed and at least seven hurt in anti-government demonstra-tions in Mogadishu, the Somali government said. Hundreds of people demonstrated in commercial and residential districts of the capital Tuesday, smashing police road blocks and overturning vehicles. Sporadic gunfire began at dawn and continued until after midnight. Prime Minister Mohammad Hawadleh Madar told reporters that troublemakers trying to disrupt political reform looted several shops and businesses. He did not say how the deaths occurred. The protests were sparked by an anti-government leaflet distributed last weekend saying the government of President Mohammad Siad Barre had kept political prisoners behind bars despite having lifted harsh security laws earlier this month. The leaflets called on all Somalis to mark Oct. 23 as a day of protest, The feared national security court, which tried political and other crimes, was disbanded on Oct. 12, when a new and, on paper, more liberal constitution came into force.

Paris (RJ)

JORDAN TELEVISION

Tel: 773111-19

Programme review

PROGRAMME ONE

17:10 Book of Adventure
18:00 News summary
18:19 Local programme
19:50 Programme review
17:30, riogramme review
20:50 News in Arabic
29:36 Local series
21:30 Programme review
21:40 Local programme
22:29 Arabic film
23:00 News in Arabic
PROGRAMME TWO
18:00 Cartoons
18:35 Documentary
19:00 News in French
19:00 News in French 19:15 Reportage about Japan
19:80
19:00
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19:90

CHURCHES

PRAYER TIMES

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St. Mary of Nazareth Church Swettleh Tel. 810740

Assemblies of God Church, Tel. St. Joseph Church Tel. 624590. Church of the Annunciation 637440. 05/440. De la Salle Church Tel. 661757 Terrasanta Church Tel: 622366 Church of the Annunciation Tcl. Anglican Church Tel. 625383, Tel. 628543. ian Catholic Church Tel. *7*71331. Armenian Orthodox Church Tel. St. Ephratos Church Tel. 771751. Amman International Church Tel. 827981, 685326.

WEATHER Bulletin supplied by the Department of

It will be rather cold and partly cloudy with a chance for scattered showers in the northern and central parts of the country. Winds will be northwesterly moderate free times. In Aqaba, it will be partly cloudy with northerly moderate wind

Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 24, Aqaba 29. Humidity readings:

Evangelical Latheran Church Tel: 811295. The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints Tel. 815817 and 654932.

USEFUL TELEPHONE NUMBERS **NIGHT DUTY**

> 783708 Dr. Munther Oaraini ... 776258 Dr. Sami Khour Firas pharmacy ... 661912 Ai Asema pharmacy 637055 Al Salam pharmacy 636730 Yacoub pharmacy . 637660 IRBID: Dr. Mahmoud Sa'eed Al Sharaa' pharmacy (985238) Dr. Taren Sa'eed

EMERGENCIES

Svil Defence Department 66111 Svil Defence Immediate	1
Rescue	ģ
Rescue Police 192, 621111, 63777 Fire Brigade 89122	

Blood Bank 896390 Public Security Department . Hotel Complaints Price Complaints 661176 Water and Sewerage Complaints... 897467 Amman Municipality Complaints..... Telephone Information (directory assistance) Overseas Calls
Central Amman Telephone . 010230 623101 Abdali Telephone Repairs . 661101 Jordan Television .. 773111

Queen Alia Intl. Airport..... 08-53200 HOSPITALS

lordan Electricity Authority ... 815615

RJ Flight Information 08-53200

Water Authority

Electric Power

AMMAN:	
Hussein Medical Centre 813	813/32
Khalidi Maternity, J. Amn 64	
Akileh Maternity, J. Ann 64	2441/2
Jabal Amman Maternity	\$42362
Malhas, J. Amman	
Palestine, Shmeisani 66	4171/4

Shmeisani Hospital University Hospital Al-Muasher Hospital The Islamic, Abdali Al-Ahli, Abdali 845845 . 667227/9 Italian Al-Muhaireen 777101/3 Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafich ... Army, Marka Queen Alia Hospital 891611/15 Antal Hospital

Zarqa Govt. Hospital (09)983323 Zarqa National Hospital ... (09)991071 Ibn Sina Hospital (09)986732

Princess Basma Hospital ... (02)275555 Greek Catholic Hospital (02)272275 Ibn Al Nafees Hospital (02)247100 Princess Haya Hospital (03)314111

QUEEN ALIA INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RJ) information department at the Queen Alia International Airport Tel. (08)53200-5, where it should always be verified.

FOR THE TRAVELLER

ARRIVALS Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights (Terminal 1)

(
19:15	Riyadh (RJ
19:39 No	v Delhi i	R
10:30	Cairo i	RI
10:45 Dubai, Ab		
18:55 Doba.	Balmain	ו עם
17:25	Larriaca	œ
17:39	London	RI
18:99 New York, Am	sterdam i	RJ
19:30	. Acabs	R.
19:30 Calcutta E	lanekok	i R
19:38 Calcutta, F 20:10	tahlanca i	-
28:45	Rome	'n.
		,

Other Flights (Terminal 2)

96:20	Riyadh (add.)
10:28	Sanas
13:00	Riyadi
	Istanbul, Ankara
	Dube
16.00	The state of the s
16:35	, Muscat, Bahrain
18:65	Muscat, Bahrain
18:50	Amsterdam, Istanbui
	, Frankfurt
	Zurich, Lamaci
78-16	7 mich I amen

Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights (Terminal (1)

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13:15 14:00 17:15 ... Doha (RI Caire (RJ Dubai (RJ 21:20 Kuala Lumpur, Singapore (RJ) Muscat (RJ) Other Flights (Terminal (2) 11:10 14:40 16:00 Frankfurt (LH) . Riyadh (SV . Bahrain, Muscat (GF) . Ankara, Istanbul (TK) 17:30

MARKET PRICES

Upper/lower price in fil	k ner ke :
Upperflower price in fil	690 / 620
Валипа	500 / 400
B 04 1	JUU / 43U
Banana (Mokammar)	450 / 400
Beans	320 / 280
Cabbage	320 (8)
Come	120/80
Carrot	250 / 200
Cauliflower	180 / 140
Lam	50a /
Cucumbers (large)	120 / 20
Comments	140 / KU
COMMUNICATE (MINISTER)	22N / 19N
DEG	350 / 300
Eggplant	240 / 200
Mas	270 / 200
Figs	500 / 300
Gartie 1	000 / ADO
UTNIDES	400 / 200
Lemon	700 / 300
Man.	200 / 150
Mallow	150 / 100
MATERIAL (FOLDS)	100 / 40
Marrow (small)	200 / 160
Orion (day)	AU / 130
Onion (dry)	ZZU / 180
William out the land desired when the land of the land	550 / 400
Okra	600 (E00

..... 350 / 300 180 / 100 550 / 500 100 / 60 JORDAN TELEVISION Tel: 773111-19 PROGRAMME ONE Children programme

. 300 / 250 . 140 / 100

Religious programme Friday's prayer 14:15

Sports programme Religious seminar . Feature film News summary
Local programme
Programme review rogramme review ... News in Arabic ary in Arabic PROGRAMME TWO . French film

> . Досипа News in Hebrer Shakespeme . News in English PRAYER TIMES

28:00 21:10

News in French

05:43

Jordan, Soviet Union review trade, economic cooperation

AMMAN (J.T.) - A Soviet eco- ity Council's resolutions. nomic delegation now on a visit between a this bel to Jordan had talks Wednesday with Jordanian ministers and other officials about increasing the volume of goods exchanged between Moscow and Amman and the settlement of Jordanian debts to the Soviet Union.

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The Soviet team, led by Vladi-yer Mordinov, reviewed with Simister of Finance Basel Jardanch the implementation of a Jordanian-Soviet trade protocol, signed in February 1989, enabling Jordan to sell the Soviet Union products worth \$42 million as part of the Kingdom's repayment of debts to Moscow.

The minister said Jordan was ready to cooperate with the Soviet Union in this regard and to provide the required commod-

Jordan and the Soviet Union last year held talks in Moscow, At the end of the talks agreement was reached in principle to reschedule Jordan's repayment of debts to Moscow for the years 1989 and 1990.

Jardaneh briefed the visiting legation on Jordan's financial Efficulties resulting from the Gulf crisis and Jordan's commitment to apply sanctions against Iraq in accordance with U.N. Security Council resolutions.

The implementation of the sanctions, he said, has adversely affected Jordan's income of foreign currency. Jardaneh said that the United Nations had the responsibility to compensate Jordan for economical losses incurred from implementing the Secur-

The Soviet delegation, which forms the Soviet side to the joint Jordanian Soviet Economic Committee, met with Minister of Industry and Trade Ziyad Pariz to review trade and economic cooperation. Mordinov expressed hope that the current talks would promote bilateral ries" now that the Soviet Union has adopted the market economy system."

Earlier Wednesday the Soviet and the Jordanian sides to the joint committee opened a meeting to discuss trade and economic matters. Mordinov reviewed with Secretary-General of the Ministry of Industry and Trade, Ibrahim Badran, scopes of bilateral cooperation in energy, irrigation, agriculture and trade.

The two sides also explored the prospect of cooperation in training personnel for tourism and the exchange of expertise in other

The joint committee formed a number of subcommittees to deal with separate topics over the coming few days before a general meeting of all the sub-committees is held on Saturday when a trade protocol is expected to be signed

At its last meeting in Moscow last year, the joint committee discussed types of goods Jordan might sell to the Soviet Union to help adjust the balance of payments, which is in favour of the Soviet Union, and to increase Moscow's imports of Jordanian phosphate to up to 500,000 tonnes annually.

Later Wednesday the Soviet

Queen honours those who helped evacuees

Queen Noor Wednesday received at Al-Nadwa Palace representatives from the various committees and organisations and individuals who offered relief services to the evacuees who crossed into Jordan from Iraq and Kuwait, as a result of the current Gulf crisis.

During a reception held in recognition of their diligent efforts to alleviate the hardship of the evacuees, Queen Noor stressed the importance of the family spirit and sense of group working in coping with this crisis.

"The people of Jordan," the Queen said, "have opened their bearts for the evacuees and have sacrificed the country's meager resources in order to ensure them as a brief and comfortable a transit as possible."

The Queen praised the dedication of all those who had spent endless hours offering relief ser-

AMMAN (J.T.) - Her Majesty vices to the hundreds of thousands of evacuees who fied to Jordan from Kuwait and Iraq. Queen Noor said that "even

> though it is clear that this problem might remain with us for a long time, so many have contributed so much over the last two and a half months that I felt, during this relative hall in the relief operation, that we should express our appreciation and pride to all, and our prayers that peace and stability will return to the region soon, and that human saffering will end."

The reception was attended by the minister of health, president and members of the Evacuee Welfare Committee, and representatives from United Nations organisations, the European Community, and other nongovernmental organisations who worked with the evacuees.



His Royal Highness Crowa Prince Hassan Wednes day visits the United Nations Amman headquarters

Crown Prince praises U.N. achievements,

urges more equitable approach to world issues

Jordan wants reimbursement of money spent on evacuees

By Rama Sabbagh Renter

AMMAN -- Jordan wants the world to pay \$55 million for what it spent on over 700,000 Arabs and Asians who fled to the Kingdom from Iraq and Kuwait in the 11-week Gulf crisis.

Salameh Hammad, head of a ministerial evacuation committee. said Wednesday his group had received little more than \$5 million from foreign donors.

"But we hope to be compensated for all our efforts because the problem of the evacuees is a to prepare for the winter season," humanitarian and international one." he told Reuters,

Foreign donors channelled most funds for the relief effort to international agencies rather than the government. The European Community has spent more than \$110 million to repatriate thousands of Asians in an airlift organised by the International Organisation for Migration (IOM). It also gave some money to Hammad's task-force.

More than 710,000 evacuees have crossed into Jordan since Aug. 5, three days after Iraq's invasion of Kuwait.

Hammad said 3,223 Asians were waiting in Jordan on Wednesday for flights home. Last month Asian refugees were stuck for days in five windswept dsert camps, but now they only stay 48 hours or less. The IOM said Saturday it ex-

pected up to 40,000 foreigners to flee Iraq and Kuwait soon and appealed for urgent donations. The agency said it was trying to raise half the \$27 million which it

estimated the new operation

would cost. Werner Kaspar, chief delegate of the International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC) in Jordan, said the slower flow of refugees had allowed the ICRC time to prepare camps for winter.

He told Reuters a desert camp set up in Azraq, 85 kilometres northeast of Amman, had been empty since Oct. 10.

being eroded and the organisation's credibility is coming under constant threat in view of its This has allowed us to waterproof the tents, build a drainage performance in the Middle East." system all around and inside the the Prince said during a visit to camp and add compacted roads the U.N. office in Amman, marking the founding anniversary of the United Nations Organisa-

world peace.

over the past 45 years are now

AMMAN (J.T.) — His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan The Prince expressed regret Wednesday paid tribute to the over the Security Council's fai-United Nations Organisation with regard to the U.N. Security which, he said, was established to Council's decision to send an service mankind and to maintain enouiry commission to investi-"But the U.N. achievements gate the killing of Palestinians in

UNO celebrates anniversary

occupied Jerusalem on Oct. 8. affected by the Gulf crisis as a result of the imposition of economic sanctions against Iraq by the Security Council's resolutions.

Prince Hassan urged the United Nations to pursue efforts to

bein Jordan overcome the present economic difficulties.

U.N. resident representative hure, so far, to reach a resolution. Ali Atiqa paid tribute to Jordan as the major contributor to alleviating the plight of the evacuees who had fled Iraq and Kuwait over the past two months.

"Celebrating the U.N. The Crown Prince said that anniversary this year coincides Jordan was the country the most with very serious developments which threaten world peace and security," Atiqa said. The celebration was attended by Minister of Planning Khaled Amin Abdullah and other offi-

Egyptian embassy to help Jordanian students

By Caroline Faraj Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN - At least four stuentry who had been barred entry into Egypt to sit for their examinations in Cairo and Alexandria have now approached the Egyptian embassy here and were promised assistance.

The cultural attache at the Egyptian embassy said that the four students, referred to his office by the Jordanian Foreign Ministry, would have their cases processed by the concerned Egyptian authorities and he would personally follow up the matter with Cairo to speed up the

Earlier reports said that at least 35 students had been barred from entering Cairo and had been detained for a whole night at Cairo Airport: reports said some were ities which alleged that their passports were forged.

Following the detention the students were returned to Amman, according to some sources. The students had gone to Egypt to prepare themselves for the year examinations, organised by the Beirut Arab University whose headquarters is in Egypt, according to Fayez an, president of the Beirut Arab University Alumni Club in

Udwan said that nearly 1,000 students are registered at the university and "all are anxiously waiting word from the Egyptian authorities to make the trip to Cairo on Nov. 3, at the latest, to be in time for the examinations," The Ministry of Higher Education reportedly is still awaiting

harassed by the Egyptian author- an answer from the Egyptian authorities about the fate of Jordanian students who had been accepted by Egyptian universities. These students, officials said, are awaiting permit from the Cairo authorities to make the trip as soon as possible since university studies have already begun.

delegation visited the Amman

Chamber of Industry and discus-

sed with its president, Khaldoun

Abu Hassan, the prospect of sign-

ing a \$50 million trade protocol

providing for the sale of Jorda-

nian products to the Soviet mar-

kets in exchange for raw mate-

rials for the Jordanian industry.

was late in delivering the manu-

factured products because of de-

lays in receiving raw materials

brought about by the crisis. He

said that the difficulties in mari-

time transport were another ele-

ment causing the delay.

Abu Hassan said that Jordan

in exchange, was willing to im-

mediately sell vegetables, fruits

and flowers to the Soviet Union.

He discussed with the delegation

about privileges investors and im-

porters get from the free zones

where Soviet goods can be stored

said that his country would be

willing to offer facilities to in-

crease and promote bilateral

cooperation in a number of fields.

ported JD 6 million worth of

Jordanian products. The amount

declined to JD 4.5 million in

1989. But according to the Chamber of Industry officials, Jordan's

exports to Moscow are expected

to reach \$60 million during 1990.

Jordan imports iron, cars,

pipes and paper from the Soviet

Union and exports gas

ranges, domestic appliances,

cosmetics and ready made clothes

in addition to phosphate to the

In 1985 the Soviet Union im-

The head of the Soviet team

for re-export.

Abu Hassan said that Jordan

Dr. Ahmad Al Bashaireh, the ministry's socretary general, said that he was in contact with the Jordanian cultural attache at the Jordanian embassy in Cairo to clear the matter with the Egyptian authorities and to stop any barassment the students might encounter upon arriving at Egyptian airports.

Egypt's Ambassador here Mahab Muqbel denied reports about harassment of Jordanian students as "harmful rumours designed to strain bilateral rela-

ADC marks U.N. anniversary with sit-in, appeals to world to protect Palestinians

AMMAN (J.T.) — The American Arab Anti-Discrimination Committee (ADC) Wednesday staged a sit-in at the United Nations office in Amman marking the U.N. organisation's anniversary, and distributed a statement calling on the United Nations to improve economic sanctions on Israel and force it to implement U.N. Security Council resolutions on Arab lands and provide protection to the Palesti-

nian people. The statement, a copy of which was delivered to the U.N. resident representative here said: Today, while we should celebrate the establishment of the United Nations, we, the Palestinians and Arabs, feel grossly wronged by your international

"We call upon you to correct the great injustices done to our Palestinian people and to apply the sanctions against Israel until they fulfill many United Nations resolutions regarding the occupied territories of the West Bank

Prince

(Continued from page 1)

presence of mass destruction

eapons in the region and said these

veapons "are available to other

tates other than Iraq," especially

Israel, "whose possession of such

weapons is ignored by the

The Crown Prince conveyed to

citizens of Salt the greetings of His Majesty King Hussein and

emphasised that the Hashemite

family had been and would re-

main the real revolutionaries in

he march of the Arab Nation and

would always work for its free-

Saddam

(Continued from page 1)

the problems of the region must be

treated on an equal footing and in the

same spirit. This is possible. We cannot believe the world is impotent

to solve problems globally," he said.

solution depended on solutions of the

Palestinian, Lebanese and other Mid-

Saddam has repeatedly said a Gulf

world."

as well as the protection of our unarmed civilians striving for their freedom from occupation.

"We call upon you to being some hope to 6 million Palestimans by giving them the right to go home after 42 years of misery in diaspora and under ruthless Israeli occupation and save our Christian and Muslim shrines from the fanatics of Israel.

In a memo sent by the Washington-based ADC group to United Nation's Secretary General Javier Perez de Cuellar and to U.S. President George Bush the group appeals to the leaders "not to let Israeli intransigence block the sending of a United Nations mission to Jerusalem to investigate the Oct. 8 massacre of at least 21 Palestinian civilians and the wounding of many more." "Israel must not be allowed to brush aside the world's concern about this flagrant act of murder

and brutality," the memo said. "The Fourth Geneva Convention imposes upon an occupying power the obligation to protect

For twenty-three years Israel has failed to live up to its responsibilities. It has subjugated the Palestinian population and continually violated its rights, confiscated its land and colonised the territory. The culmination of such policies would ultimately be the displacement of the native population or containing it in reservation-like

the rights of civilian population.

"Therefore it is the responsibility of the member nations, as signatories to the convention, to assume responsibility for the lives, property and rights of the Palestinians under occupation. The sending of an investigating team should be but the first step towards the definitive ending of the Israeli claim to authority over the territories and the ending of the occupation. The second step should include the deployment of U.N. peacekeeping troops to guarantee the physical safety of the civilian population,"

memo said. "At this time when U.N. re-

solutions regarding the Gulf crisis are being so forcefully and immediately implemented, the decades-long lack of implementa-tion of U.N. resolutions regarding the termination of Israeli occupation of the West Bank and Gaza can no longer be tolerated. This discrepancy damages the credibility and moral force of U.N. action in the Gulf. Israeli refusal to grant political independence to Palestinians must no longer be indulged," the memo

"Wednesday is the anniversary of the founding of the United Nations. It is a fitting time to reassert in a concrete way for the people of Palestine the U.N.'s commitment to the principles of international law, decolonisation, self-determination. human rights and peace. We appeal to you to use the close partnership and vast U.S. influence with Israel to ensure the safety of the Palestinian popula-

Fahd

(Continued from page 1) consideration because they are utterly

Interpretations of a softened stand came Sunday when Prince Sultan, the ence mir ister who is the king's brother and third in line to the Saudi throne, said that rights whether valid or doubtful could always be negoti-

Sultan, and Prince Bandar, his son and Sandi ambassador to Washin ton, issued statements clarifying that this was reference to a principle and not a suggestion that Kuwait make any concessions as part of a settlement to the 21/2-month crisis. Prince Bandar was even summoned

to the State Department for a meeting with U.S. Secretary of State mes Baker for clarification. The United States has deployed more than 200,000 forces in Sandi Arabia and the rest of the Gulf to confront after the Ang. 2 invasion and force it to pull out. Other countries er 100,000 troops massed. Fahd himself on Monday, while Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak, said that Saddam Hussein did not have to fear loss of face if he withdrew as he would be rectifying a blunder and Arab response would be

one of gratitude.

Fahd and Mubarak, according to diplomatic sources, did discuss the eventuality of negotiations following the traci pullout from Kuwait. Comments by Sultan which appeared to suggest Kuwait could make territorial concessions to Iraq brought an immediate reaction from

British Council.

the White House. President George Bush rejected lution to the Gulf crisis and said Iraq must pull its troops out.

dar met Baker in Washington to clarify his father's remark. Bandar told reporters on his way to the meeting that "Saudi Arabia has not changed its position at all." Keeping up support for his con-troversial Gulf policy was a major theme as Bush campaigned for New

England Republicans in the elections Bush, speaking with reporters dur-ing his political swing, said the Sandi prince "was not talking about any omise, territory compromise at

Meanwhile, British Defence Secretary Tom King was quoted in an interview with the Sandi newspaper Al (Asharq Al) Awset as stating that negotiations for a settlement to the if crisis could only follow an Iraqi withdrawal from Kuwait.

"Our concern is focused on im enting U.N. Security Council resolutions, including 660 which was issued the day of the invasion and which demands that Iraq leave Which demands that that he leavest and the legitimate Kuwait and the legitimate Kuwait government be reinstated," said King, "After that takes place, then there is a chance for the two sides to meet and negotiate the conflicts exsting between the two countries. That is when the chances for peaceful solutions come up, that is after ending

the aggression. in is one of the major Western contributors to the multir force and King stressed "we did not send the forces to the Gulf to sit and watch the Iraqi occupation."

Iraq, France say no deal

(Continued from page 1) no government minister would meet

Iraq's request to travel to Baghdad and arrange the release. There were unconfirmed reports that the head of the French Red Cross, Georgia Dufoix, would go to Baghdad to oversee the repatriation. Dumas said no negotiations had been held to arrange the release. Le Pen, who has arged the with-drawal of French troops from the

Gulf region, infuriated the political establishment by claiming credit Tuesday for Iraq's decision. The cabinet spokerman, Louis le ensec, described le Peu's cisim as "sordid," while conservative leader Alain Juppe called it "ridiculous." Hashimi said le Pen has not re-

not be going there.

Iraq first made an overture to France after President Francois Mitterrand's speech to the United Na-

tions last month. Mitterrand suggested that an international conference on the Mideast, including the Iraq pulis out of Kuwait.

Mitterrand and other French offi-

that Bachdad must comply with U.N. resolutions demanding Iraq withdraw from Kuwait and release all foreigners before any conference can be

to split France from its Western allies

tain are still besting war drums while the French position is completely different," Hashimi said Wednesday. 'The French have said they're favourable to negotiation and a peaceful settlement.

start of the Great Arab Revolt," "The United States and Great Brithe Prince said. The Prince also referred to the

ceived a visa to enter Iraq and would France, with 13,000 troops in the

Gulf region, has the second largest Western military force there after the

Cairo Wednesday with Osama Al Baz, Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak's special adviser on Middle East affairs. Diplomats said he was likely to

wait for the return of Mubarak details of his tour.

lating policy of the Arab World's most populous state on-the Palestinian issue and the Gulf

Diplomats said Primakov was unlikely to find any change in Egypt's demands for an unconditional Iraqi withdrawal from Kuwait and the restoration of the toppled Kuwaiti government.

The Soviet Union has condemned Iraq's invasion of Kuwait and has joined a U.N. economic embargo against Iraq, for many years its closest Middle East ally.

Primakov said later a military showdown in the Gulf would be disastrous and a peacetal solution most be sought.

"We have to be optimistic," Primakov told reporters after two hours of talks with Ostma Al Baz.

under a U.N. flag.

forces around Iraq. Conservative communist parliamentary deputies have also warned against sending any Soviet troops to the area, recallmg Moscow's costly involvement in a nine-year war in Afghanis-

Shevardnadze has said no troops would be sent without the approval of parliament. The Gulf crisis has cost Mos-

cow millions of dollars in oil deliveries owed by Iraq. At the same time, the Kremlin has been unable to step up its own production to take advantage of booming world oil prices.

1991 education budget to build 65 schools, create 1,000 jobs

budget for the Ministry of Education will create 1,000 jobs and entails the construction of 65 school buildings, said Minister of Education Mohammad Ham-

The first phase of the educational project in Jordan entails the construction of 200 school buildings at an estimated cost of \$254 million, of which \$73 million will be drawn from a Japanese loan at an interest rate of 2.7 per cent, the minister said in a lecture delivered at the Jordan Intercontinental Hotel.

In drawing up its educational policies and plans for new schools, the minister said, the Ministry of Education takes into account... the four per cent population growth in Jordan and the fact that half of the population is under 15 years

He said that according to the constition, the state should make available basic education for all citizens free of charge. For this reason 9.6 per cent of the national budget was last year allocated for education and teachers training programme in the country, and for implementing the resolu-tions of the First National Educa-

programmes for school buildings there are ministry teams involved in preparing new textbooks and there are plans to raise the standards of the school teachers at all stages through on-the-job training programmes.

population in Jordan are students dents here.

tional Conference held in 1987,

Hamdan said that apart from

the minister pointed out.

expected to rise from now and until the end of the century.

"At present these students are being taught by 42,000 teachers, but the numbers expected to increase to 67,559 by the year 2000," the minister pointed out.

Hamdan revealed that illiteracy rate in Jordan now stands at 19.5 per cent but this will drop to 10 per cent by the year 2000 as a result of intensified programme

at the adult and literacy centres. The ministry is currently studying the prospect of setting up a national data bank, in cooperation with the Harvard University in the United States, to be able to provide accurate information about the state of education in At present, 33 per cent of the Jordan and the one million stu-

WHAT'S GOING ON

The following listings are compiled from monthly bulletins and the daily Arabic press. Readers are advised to verify the listed time and place with the concerned institutions.

EXHIBITIONS

* Open studio and workshop for artist Samia Zaru displaying paintings, sculptures and hand-pointed fabrics. Location: off 2nd Circle, opposite Rosenthal (9:30-1:30 and 3:30-6:30). ★ Exhibition entitled "Science and Technology Parks" at the

** A Italian film entitled "I baby pulls" at the Haya Arts Centre ---

Primakov launches new shuttle

(Continued from page 1)

Primakov will begin talks in

from a Gulf tour before finalising Baz shuns publicity but wields considerable influence in formu-

ment. A military solution would be a Primakov said he would visit

Damascus Thursday and return on Friday for talks with Mubarak. He would also visit Baghdad. Soviet Foreign Minister Eduard Shevardnadze said last month Moscow would be willing to join a Gulf peacekeeping force

One senior Soviet military official and several conservative newspapers have expressed fears about the stationing of Western

the Gulf, has rejected linking the Gulf crisis with the Arab-Israeli dis-

address the Arab Naiton from on high or with scorn. We can only accept to be treated with equality." Frensh President Francois Mitter-rand has gone further that Washing-ton to linke Middle East conflicts, saying they could all be addressed if Iraq pulled out of Kuwait. The Iraqi parliament Tuesday voted to free all 330 French nationals held in Iraq.

But the United States, which has Courses to be held for teachers of music rushed more than 200,000 troops to

AMMAN (J.T.) — The Noor Al "Those who desire peace must Hussein Foundation's National know that the Arab Naiton strongly Music Conservatory and the wants this same peace," Saddam said.
"But they must know they must not Goethe Institute in Amman will hold, for the second consecutive year, two condensed training courses for music education teachers and kindergartens and basic education schools (grades

> Training will be conducted by Nouri Ruheibani, a German national of Arab origin, who is a

renowned music education ex-

Each course will last three days, a total of 18 training hours. The first course entitled: "Using simple percussion intstruments in teaching music at the

K.G. and the first grades of the compulsory level," will start next Saturday. No prerequisites for this course are required.

The second course entitled:

"Advanced skills in using percussion instruments a the K.G. and the compulsory level," will start on Tuesday. The first course is a pre-requisite.

The two courses are expected to draw a large number of trainees in view of the decision by the Ministry of Education to introduce "Music Education" in basic education schools as of the scholastic year 1991-1992.

Jordan Times

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Gesture well deserved

IRAQ'S decision Tuesday to allow all French nationals to leave is not a gimmick or a reward but rather a natural reaction to promising French peace initiatives and a token of appreciation for the independent French views on the Gulf crisis. For much too long both Washington and London tyrannically controlled the pace of events in the Gulf region and set the tone of Western reaction to it. Finally, Paris could no longer tolerate the U.S.-British monopoly which could lead the entire world, including Western civilisation, to abyss and stood up to rebuff this tyranny and put an effective end to it. This would explain more than anything else the Iraqi reasoning for freeing the French nationals at

Meanwhile Riyadh came under intense pressure from Washington for insinuating that a territorial compromise between Iraq and Kuwait could be entertained within the framework of a peaceful settlement of the Gulf conflict. President George Bush was so quick on the draw apou bearing the mere mention of a possible compromise in the Gulf situation that he released an immediate disclaimer of the report in the name of Saudi Arabia suggesting thereby that neither King Fahd nor his brother Prince Sultan Ben Abdul Aziz have the final say about the outcome of the Gulf crisis. Immediately after Washington's decision to pour cold water on the welcome news from Riyadh, London typically followed suit and declared, through none less than Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher berself, that there was no change in Sandi Arabia's stand and that Riyadh still insisted on an unconditional total Iraqi withdrawal from Kuwait. What audacity to speak on behalf of another sovereign state! If this is not an American-British imperialist attitude par excellence one does not know what is! All this reinforces the knowledge that American troops were on their way for deployment in Saudi Arabia before King Fahd had a chance to invite them in.

Obviously neither President Bush nor Prime Minister Thatcher can stomach the fact that Riyadh had offered the best example of border adjustment between Arab states and had been more than generous in accommodating the needs of its sister Arab countries on the basis that as long as Arab lands stay in Arab hands it is of little consequence which Arab state controls Arab land.

Jordan is the first Arab country to acknowledge with profound appreciation the voluntary Saudi acquiescence to extend its coastline on to the Agaba Gulf at the expense of Saudi territory. Amman, therefore, was the least surprised vhen Saudi Defence Minis ter Sultan Ben Abdul Aziz declared Monday that Arab states were ready to grant Iraq "all its rights" and that his country "sees no harm in any Arab country giving its Arab sister a site or a position on the sea and that Riyadh "gave part of its territorial land and waters out of its free will" when it fixed its borders. What Bush and Thatcher obviously do not understand or do not want to understand is that within the context of Arab nationalism and the framework of one Arab homeland, territorial concessions between Arab states is the rule rather

than the exception. No wonder then that Iraq and the rest of the Arab World have only full appreciation for the French and Soviet understanding of the Arab situation. The least that Baghdad can do in response to this independent French thinking is to reciprocate it with deeds beginning with allowing all the French nationals to leave Iraq and Kuwait as it did with Soviet citizens not long ago.

ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES

London and Washington which had been encouraging Israel not to accept Security Council resolution 672 are now delaying council action on sending an enquiry commission to the occupied Arab lands and preventing the council from adopting a new resolution forcing Israel to succumb to the international will, said Al Ra'l Arabic daily Wednesday. Thus, the United States and Britain continue to manifest further contempt to the world organisation and the international legitimacy which they both have been bragging about and its respect, said the paper. Both nations acted differently in the Gulf crisis and were prompt in forcing the council to impose sanctions on Iraq, and they took the unilateral step of massing troops and naval forces to threaten Iraq, the paper continued. It seems that the Security Council and its members are requested by London and Washington to remain responsive only to orders by both capitals to impose humiliation on the Arabs and to refuse any action that is required to end Israel's atrocities and the killing of Palestimans, the paper added. The Security Council's double standards in its dealings with the two problems, the Gulf crisis and the Palestine issue is threatening world peace and security; but, said the paper, no matter how hard the British and the Americans work to protect the Israeli crimes, nothing can prevent the Palestinian people from pursuing their just struggle for freedom. The non-aligned nations, said the paper, are requested to pursue efforts needed to put an end to Israel's atrocities, and the major powers at the Security Council ought to listen to reason and to see it that all U.N. resolutions are

A columnist in Al Ra'i daily calls on King Fahd of Saudi Arabia and president Mubarak of Egypt to stop echoing slogans and statements originating in London and Washington and designed to intimidate Iraq and its people. It is better for the two regimes in Riyadh and Cairo to refrain from such behaviour because both of them realise that they do not have a free will and do not hold the power to take a free decision, unlike Washington for instance which possesses the will and the means to decide on matters related to war or peace, says Tareq Masarweb. In France, Former Prime Minister Jacque Shirac has warned the French government that is does not have the power to take a decision concerning war or peace in the Gulf, as this matter is left for Washington.

Why should we?

By Sana Attych Jordan Times Staff Reporter

THE bumper sticker on an old Mercedes car perfectly described the mood in Jordan over applying the U.N. imposed economic sanctions against Iraq. It said "Damned if I do, dammed if I don't. So damn it, I will."

Simply put, the country seems to feel that it is dammed if it abides by the sanctions and damned if it does not. The public, however, given the pressures the Kingdom is subjected to, is in effect saying: Jordan should not comply with the sanctions.

If we are suffering as a result of the trade embargo against our main trading partner, Iraq which we as people are supporting in its position against the rest of the world -and we have received only a trickle of the needed aid to continue living, then we should not abide by the sanctions. What good has complying with the embargo brought us except bringing us to the verge of an economic collapse?

The Jordanian public has

been explicitly supportive of Iraq and very critical of the U.S. and its allies in this crisis, without the government trying to interfere or ban this freedom of expression. This is all fine. But why in the world should the government actually be taking the other side when the issue boils down to choking Iraq and preventing food, milk and medicine from reaching its children and people? Whose side is the official position really on?

Last week, the prime minister personally ordered the General Union of Voluntary Societies (GUVS) to stop a convoy of basic food, medicine

and milk for the children of Iraq, only two hours before the trucks were scheduled to leave Amman. This shipment, the fourth of its kind since the sanctions were imposed on Iraq was donated from generous invidivuals and institutions who care for the well-being of innocent children who literally have nothing to do with decisions taken by world leaders, this time by a supposedly peace-loving international body, the United Nations.

If Jordan is a true sister of Iraq, and if practically the entire population of this country is supporting the Iraqis, then why is the government stopping purely humanitarian goods from reaching Arab chil-dren? Are our officials willing to take responsibility for starying a brotherly nation?

It is obvious that Jordan has come under a lot of pressure for not siding with the U.S. and its allies, which is an honourable position; and it is also understandable that the government of such a small financially-troubled state had to do what it did.

But were we not promised compensation for abiding by the sanctions and have we received hardly anything that would cover even a small portion of our loss? What is the government trying to prove here? It has repeatedly stated that it is abiding with the sanctions and the West has taken this with scenticism and continnes to threaten not to give aid if Jordan was busting the embargo. How long are we going to beg for money? If we don't receive it, fine. We should bust the sanctions with Iraq — a country that has returned our Arab dignity and

made us proud of having this

It is difficult to understand why our own government, which is supposed to be leading a democratic experiment, is stopping basic supplies to Iraq. If the government wants to prove to the American policeman in the region, which includes foreign journalists who continue to fish for any clues that Jordan may be busting sanctions, or that we are a "civilised" nation that believes in international law, then the government should not abide by this "international law," i.e. Resolution 661, until and unless the rest of the world abides by other international laws in the region and respects the clauses of SCR 661 which calls for compensation to countries

What interest does the Jordanian government have in stopping medicine from going to Iraq — be it for commercial or humanitarian reasons? Even the British interpreted Resolution 661 as excluding food and medicine, and so should we.

I doubt that on this one, the government is representing the will of the Jordanian people, because the people do not want to be held responsible for starving a sister country which needs us more than ever.

It is time the government stopped stooping to the U.S. and its allies. We are not getting anything from any of them, including and especially the U.S.' Arab allies. We are already under siege along with Iraq. It is time we face it and look for our own national in-

That's why we are dammed if we do and damned if we don't abide by the sanctions. So why the hell should we, if it means starving not only the Iraqis, but also ourselves?

Jordan should do more for returning expatriates

By Mohammad Ayash Milhem

THE FIRST waves of Jordanian-Palestinian expatriates converged on Kuwait immediately after the 1948 war in Palestine and the end of World War II, but their numbers increased considerably in the 1950s and 1960s to reach some 500,000, accounting for one quarter of the total population. Most of those going to Kuwait came from villages and towns located along the border with Israel in the north and western areas of the occupied West Bank like Jenin and Toulkarm and their surrounding villages as well as other large numbers from the Gaza Strip.

But the number of Jordanians and Palestinians began to decrease in Kuwait following the collapse of the Al Manakh Stock Exchange in 1982 and decreased even more during the Iran-Iraq war in the past-decade to stand at around 350,000. Inspite of the drop in the number of Palestinians and Jordanians, their community remained the largest group in Kuwait at a time when they formed nearly half of the total number of non-Gulf citizens in the Arabian Peninsula and the Gulf countries.

The Jordanian and Palestinian expatriates shouldered the responsibility of building our new society in Jordan and in Palestine, and they have contributed financially and socially to the development of all aspects of life as they were transferring remittances home to support their own families here and in the Gulf.

Thus far, following the out-break of the Gulf crisis, at least 100,000 Jordanian and Palestinian expatriates have returned to Jordan, and their return this

time is different from any other previous returns for a visit or a brief stay. This time the expatriates had only their own cars to transport them together. with their families and some of their belongings to Jordan. But their savings, their end-of-employment rewards and other rights are left behind, and noone can predict their fate. Once a financial resource for themselves, their countrymen and their countries, these expatriates are now in abject poverty and in need of assist-

Other Arab countries to

which the expatriates have returned after the outbreak of the Gulf crisis have already exempted the returnees from paying duty on their cars and their belongings as a matter of assistance. Some of these expatriates have already sold their cars for very cheap sums in order to survive. Those countries have also taken a number of other measures to help repatriate their nationals in the easiest possible way. This is something we hope the Jordanian authorities will follow and will also take appropriate measures to deal with the question of national service or the payment of \$7000 by the expatriates as ruled by the government recently.

So far, the Jordanian government has taken steps to help the expatriates by allowing their children to enrol at local unversities and schools and has arranged for the Ministry of Labour to register all the expatriates grievances con-cerning the loss of their property and funds they left behind. The Egyptian government had approached the Kuwaiti govenument asking for compensation for the losses incarred by Egyptian expatriates followin their flight from Kuwait Jordanian and Palestinian expatriates have already approached the government and Parliament here for a similar step; and in support of their appeal, I submit the following

1.— Convening a general conference for the expatriates under the supervision of concerned government ministries so that all grievances and hardships can be discussed.

2.- Exempting the expatriates from paying any customs duty or at least putting off payment for at least one year especially duty on cars and payment in lieu of national

3.— Setting up a special emergency fund to offer assistance to needy families to help the expatriates especially in housing matters.

4.— Cooperating with expatriates committees to help recover thier funds and rights and savings. Some studies have already been done concerning this issue and it should be emphasised that compensation in this regard is legitimate and in line with the U.N. Charter which entitles countries affected by the embargo to claim compensation. We hope that the concerned

authorities in Jordan will take these proposals into consideration and will act on them, so that the repatriation of our nationals can be done without too much pain for themselves and the whole country. The writer is a Jordanian lawyer who practised in Kuwait. His article first appeared in Al Ra'i newspaper last week.

Aquino squeezed into national crisis

By David Schlesinger

MANILA -- Philippine President Corazon Aquino is being eezed hard by both the right and left, and now the crucial centre that helped put her in power is disgruntled with her leadership, political analysts here

This government is under attack from the extreme left and extreme right and is looking for ways for peace," Foreign Affairs Secretary Raul Manglapus said in a speech on Tuesday. "This transition of uncertainty and instability can be long."
But what worries many

analysts is that the centre is no longer solidly behind Aquino, who came to power in a popular revolt four years ago.

"The centre is at odds with itself," Rex Lores, a former government official and current adviser to politicians, said in a telephone interview.

"The party of the president has been at odds with the cabinet, and a party which is at odds with the cabinet and its own president is a disaster for a country with our

present difficulties," he added. In a recent public opinion poll

in Manila, Aquino was rated as only the fifth most popular politi-

Aquino's critics from all political persuasions despair at what they see as an administration lacking firm leadership and looking set to simply drift until elections in 1992.

Since coming to power Aquino has faced a string of coup attempts, including a military rebellion in the country's south at the beginning of this month.

The centre is preoccupied with trying to check forces all the raises they want. She has attempting a non-constitutional also emphasised that the Philipchange of leadership," said Bert pines must stay on good terms

Gonzales, leader of the opposition Philippines Democratic Socialist Party.

What the centre is trying to do is define an agenda for action and work it out with Mrs. Aquino," he added. From the left, Aquino faces a

general strike planned to support demands for higher wages, lower oil prices, subsidies for basic commodities and a moratorium on foreign debt payments. Aquino has said the country

cannot afford to give the workers

the International Monetary Fund (IMF) and the World Bank, both of which have urged Manila to reform the economy by cutting spending, raising oil prices and devaluing the peso.

External debt totals \$27 billion. The "sparrow" hit squads of the Communist New People's Army on Monday issued a statement condemning "the Aquino regime's total subservience to the IMF-World Bank economic policies and its inefficiency, mismanagement, and graft and corrup-

From the right, Aquino faces a

continued threat from factions within the armed forces that nearly toppled her in the sixth and bloodiest coup attempt so far last December. The army rebels in a joint

interview at the weekend said they were girding for "one big bang" against Aquino before the 1992 presidential elections. Along with the strident state-

ments from both left and right has

Two oil company offices in Manila were bombed on Tuesday morning, causing no injuries but damaging both buildings.

Allow us to share a peaceful world

The following is a letter which was sent to several of the world's heads of state, Western and Arab intellectuals as well as renowned

The tragic killing of 21 Palestinians and the injury of hundreds of others at the hand of Israeli troops at Al Aqsa Mosque in Arab Jerusalem on Monday, Oct. 8 grieves us deeply, and prompts us to write you with a plea from the heart. We wish to send you a message, to express a hope, and to give life to our shared obligation as members of a single human family.

Our message is that this is not an isolated incident which can be wished away as the act of undisciplined troops or an angry citizenry. It is, rather, the inevitable consequence of the Israeli occupation of Palestinian land. This incident is the latest in a long series of tragic and provocative acts by Israelis against the Muslim and Christian holy places in Jerusalem and other Palestinian cities. It stems directly from the fact that the 23 year-old Israeli occupation of Arab Jerusalem, the West Bank and Gaza is the iongest military occupation of the 20th century. Direct and substantial American financing of the occupation, and international acquiescence in this status quo, maintains the Palestinian people in a state of political subjugation, military occupation, economic and social regression, and national disenfranchisement.

Our hope is that as we bury our scores of dead yet again, this latest tragedy may help the world to appreciate the full underlying causes of the conflict in Palestine. We need to resolve it by applying the force of universal morality and the dictates of international law and UN Security Council resolutions in a manner which is fair and dispassionate, whether in Kuwait, Namibia, Cambodia, Afghanistan, South Africa, or Palestine. We can only aspire to peace in an environment of justice, and we can only honour justice by applying it equally to all aggrieved people.

Our mutual obligation...as citizens who are proud of our national traditions, as mothers who have dedicated our lives to the upbringing of healthy and productive children, and as individual human beings who strive to live with one another in a planet governed by peace and dignity...is to silence the drums of war, and bring to an end all sorts of military occupation in our

The events in Jerusalem are not only a tragedy for those who have died, suffered injury, or had their morality twisted into an endless cycle of confrontation and suffering. They are a tragedy for all Christians, Muslims and Jews around the world who have allowed the occupation of Palestine to become an apparently perpetual source of grief and godlessness, which erupts with regular vulgarity into death and destruction. It need not be so. The national aspirations and political rights of the Palestinians and Israelis can be accommodated in Palestine, in two states living side by side, in mutual recognition, sovereignty, security and

We, in Jordan, share with you great ideals. We have struggled for so many decades to achieve peace and justice, and suffered a great deal from their absence. We look forward to the day where the sources of conflict and suffering are eliminated and substituted by a spirit of peace and co-existence.

Jordanian Mothers Amman — Jordan P.O.Box (8431)

LETTERS

Arabs are undivided by religion

To the Editor:

As a Christian Arab I would like to congratulate Mr. Ajlouni on his very nice article on the "Christian Arabs: a long history of heroism" which was published by your newspaper on Oct. 20,

I am pleased that at long last our Muslim brothers have become aware of the massive propaganda war that aims to mar' the wonderful relationship we always had with our Muslim brothers. In fact, we truly never felt like a minority and never felt any different from the rest of our Muslim Arab countrymen.

When our lands are occupied, all pride and dignity are called into question. We are all Arabs, Christian and Muslim alike. In fact, any one who calls into question this relationship is but playing into the hands of our enemies who are only too eager to have us quarrel among ourselves, while they divide up the spoils of our beautiful countries and homes and our great history.

Najwa Khuri-Bulos, MD **Professor** Dept. of Pediatrics Jordan University Hospital Amman, Jordan

A jay will betray

To the Editor:

In a story entitled "Baker's Bluejay Yarn," which Mark Twain wrote in 1880, he said: "A jay hasn't got any more principle than a congressman. A jay will lie, a jay will steal, a jay will deceive, a jay will betray and four times out of five a jay will go back on his

Hasn't the lapse of more than a century made any change in the "specifications" of congressmen?

> Yours Sincerely, George Khoury

Walesa — a 'sparkling' candidate

By Andrew Tarnowski

WARSAW — Just days after launching his bid for the Polish presidency Lech Walesa looks like an early favourite with a sparkling campaign that is eclipsing his rivals.

The Walesa campaign has rapidly gathered pace and energy while his main challenger, Prime Minsiter Tadeusz Mazowiecki, struggles to get his under way. Backed by years of experience

in addressing crowds, the Solidarity leader is storming across the country, winning acclaim from thousands at rallies in city after His well-oiled road show, with big crowds, brass bands and

speeding motorcades, overshadows the hesitant appearances of rival candidates who are learning street politics from scratch. Mazowiecki's first sortie on the

campaign trail underlined the He got off to a shaky start in the sourthern city of Krakow despite the support of its intellectual elite who turned out in hun-

dreds to hail him as a favourite Mazowiecki flunked his chance to address supporters in Krakow's vast renaissance market

square. His organisers sent him out on a hurried Sunday morning walkabout that was applauded by a few hundred Krakovians. But they forgot to set up a podium or provide a microphone and the diffident Mazowiecki was shouted down by skinheads when

he tried to speak.
Three days later Walesa roared into Krakow to upstage Mazowiecki and the Mandarins by drawing thousands of Krakovians to a festive rally in the square that ended with a forest of raised hands acclaiming him their candi-

"I want to be president because I am unhappy, because it (political and economic reform) is going too slowly, because there are too

many obstacles and because I want to get all of you involved in order to smash everything that hinders us," Walesa declared. He said Poland needed a president who would act like a trou-

ble-shooting sheriff, ready to

issue decrees to ensure that the

pace of political and economic

change does not falter.

"If something goes wrong, the president should go and take a look, and I will intervene immediately," Walesa said. His campaign appeared to be on the right track when the first

two public opinion polls made him front runner, six points and 13 points ahead of Mazowicki. The different styles of the two candidates in handling the Kra-

kow audiences was striking. Walesa bounced up and down on his toes, bursting with energy, punching the air and often joking as he rattled out speeches and shot back answers to questions. Mazowiecki, for years a backroom adviser to Walesa, talked in a tired monotone, rolling his eyes

heavenwards and sighing heavily into the microphone at questions, and then intoning solema, messured replies that silenced his admirers. But they applanded fervently when Mazowiecki painted Walesa as a demagogic populist whose dictatorial tendencies and press

ure for speedier change would endanger Poland's stability. "I took the decision (to run) to safeguard Poland's fragile democracy from unpredictable upheav-als," Mazowiecki said.
"The president should repre-

sent the majesty of the republic and ensure a feeling of peace and security of the state," he added. But Walcza easily won the game of political one-upmanship in Krakow.

While the mandarins embraced Mazowiecki, the city council voted the Solidarity leader an honorary citizen. In a nice twist, the mayor who had to present the diploma was the father of Mazowiecki's campaign chairman.

Jordan Limes EEKEMDER

Published Every Thursday

Oct. 25, 1990 A

Torture victims find help in Danish treatment centre

By Clare Pedrick

sweat pouring off his brow, threatening her with rape. She his face contorted with pain, was hooded and repeatedly Botan is reliving his worst beaten. She had all her fingers nightmare. He has been led broken. She was dunked in a out blindfolded into the prist tub full of water containing on courtyard for execution. A blood, wrine and vomit and soldier points a pistol to his held, wrine and vomit and soldier points a pistol to his held under until the split temple. Click. The gun fails to second before she drowned. go off. Shouts of laughter Ana was arrested after distrifrom the guards. They only buting anti-government leaf-wanted to frighten him. The lets in Latin America. She scene changes. This time later learned that her boyf-Botan is hanging from a riend, the father of her small wooden bar by his hands on son Federico, had also been feet, and police guards are arrested and had died under beating him with heavy clubs. torture. From the adjoining cell come South America may have screams and moans. The the worst reputation for using guards have told him that they torture against its political have taken his sisters and are opponents, but experts say raping and beating them to that the practice is alarmingly

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him, night and day. Sleep is Copenhagen centre's docudifficult, smiling forgotten, mentation unit. There are de-Only now, after weeks of finitely 60 countries in the therapy with psychiatrist Pe-world where torture is practer Vesti, is Botan beginning tised, and more probably 90. to feel that he can talk about It wasn't so long ago that the things that were done to Spain and Greece were using the things that were done to Spain and Greece were using him. In his home country it," he added. "And there is Botan was a schoolteacher, the case of Northern Ireland, He comes from "somewhere where the British were conde-Denmark's Torture Rehabi- prisoners.'

lected. "Of course, torture el.

guards tried to shame and humiliate her by making her COPENHAGEN - With eat her own excrement and

punish him for refusing to widespread in other parts of cooperate. the globe. "There is no evi-For Botan the physical tor-dence to suggest that people ture is over, but the months of are becoming any less insuffering at the hands of his humane," said Svend Christ-tortures continue to haunt ensen, who heads the

Denmark's Torture Rehabi- prisoners."

ated in Copennagen are testi- nave nightmares after listen- back in the torture chamber, he may be called upon to litation Centre (RCT) every- Now, for the first time, mony to the fact that the ing to the experiences of peo- An electrocardiograph can be repair the damage or, when thing is done to protect the medical experts from the opposite is the case. Some ple who come here to the a terrifying experience for a things go wrong, to fill out a victim who has been tortured false death certificate."

it help her or him learn to trust Europe have begun to tell rights and refugee organisa- But however excruciating with electrodes. A blood test. In November 1989 a group again in other human beings, what went on in the prisons of tions. Others have been told the physical suffering may be, can bring back memories of of doctors from the European Founded eight years ago in the Communist Bloc. Earlier about it by friends. Many of experts all agree that psychobeing soaked in blood. A de- Community called upon the a leafy sub urb of this year Dr. Genefke chaired them have had similar experilinguist torture scars even notal examination may become medical profession to set up Combanhagen the centre has a conference in Poland, and ences Although different reg- more deenly. "The essential the most appalling of orders and international blacklist." that had been previously neg- lines of the Copenhagen mod- national.

we've never talked about it Some centres are full-scale said Christensen. The "salted one will break eventually." patient. The therapy rooms of the medical profession, we've never tarked about it some centres are fun-scale said Christensen. The saided one will oleak eventually, patient. The therapy rooms of the medical profession, very openly before," said models, and others are simply cheese" technique involves she added. "All you need is to have been decorated to look she said. "The most vulner-medical director Dr. Inge group sessions. The latest cen-force-feeding victims with torture a child in front of his as unclinical as possible, able group are those who Genefice, the 51-year-old tre has opened in Turkey, highly salted food and leaving parents, or a wife in front of Cheerful furnishing and flow- work for the military or the neurologist who heads the whose government is still them near running water that her husband, and there is no ers everywhere make the cen- prisons, but there are plenty centre. "That's partly because widely suspected of using tor- is, of course, inaccessible, humiliating act a person will tre feel more like a home, of others... These are people tortures have always been so ture. In Pakistan a doctor has "Falanga" is the name given not perform."

While a team of doctors, phy- who should be taking care of skilled in producing shame set up a small therapy centre, to repeated beatings of the "A lot of torture victims are siotherapists and nurses set to human beings and are doing and guilt in their victims." The first South Asian seminar soles of the feet. In the later sent back into society to work to try to repair the the opposite." Genefke car-After months of therapy on torture will be held in "butcher's hook," victims are serve as a deterrent," added physical damage, psychiatrists ries the indelible memory of Ana, a thin, tense woman in Islamabad early next year. hung upside down for hours. Vesti. "At the end you have a do their best to get the pa- one torture survivor's story. her late twenties, admits to "Often the centres are very The "grill" is a type of human person who is ruined." suffering deep feelings of small and have to be called oven. The victim is laid out Tortures break their vic- periences. Catharsis is the in my life was when a doctor guilt. She gave names to her something different, such as a on a grill and a fire is lit tims' spirits by depriving them only way that torture victims came in and I thought I was torturers. Her therapist tries 'placed for stressed people," underneath.

of sleep, food and water, by can put their suffering behind safe. But he said, 'you can to comfort her, telling her that said RCT administrator Inger "Whatever you can think exposing them to high-pitched them. "There is a lot of carry on. This one can still they probably already knew Molich. "A lot of countries of, they will do it," said Dr. sounds and permanent light or screaming and crying, and take more" — World News the names. Ana tells how her refuse to acknowledge that Vesti, the psychiatrist. "The darkness. The goal is to make they have a very hard time. Link.



Torturers may not always kill their victims, but they kill souls, experts say.

in the Middle East." We are mned by the European Coun- torture exists." The sad, extent of their cruelty never had his toenails pulled out, may be on hand to bring him not allowed to know more. At cil for inhumane treatment of ghost-like creatures being tre- ceases to shock me. I myself and he thought that he was around for more. Afterwards, ated in Copenhagen are testi- have nightmares after listen- back in the torture chamber, he may be called upon to

Cophenhagen, the centre has a conference in Poland, and ences. Although different reg- more deeply. "The essential the most appalling of ordeals an international blacklist. become world-renowned for there are plans to set up a imes have their specialties, purpose of torture is not to for someone who has had his RCT medical director its pioneering work in a field number of centres along the torture techniques are inter-gather information and evi-teeth smashed in.

Genefice is in the forefront of

"A lot of tortures have personality, to destroy an en- the medical staff never wear torturers from practising has been practised all over the Fifty countries have already nicknames, which makes their tity. You could call it killing a white and always keep their medicine. "You cannot have world throughout history, but followed the Danish lead victims fear them even more," soul, "said Genefke. "Every-instruments out of sight of a torture without the complicity."

where all the normal rules too.

have been broken. Patients at the Copenhagen by RCT members is to expose clinic often suffer from blind- the vast number of doctors

dence but to break down a For precisely these reasons the battle to prohibit doctortients to talk about their ex- He told her: "The worst day

them believe that they are but it's essential for them to losing their sanity. Sham ex- go through it," said Vesti. ecutions are used to instill yet. After years of research Vesmore fear. One victim was put ti said he is convinced there is into a coffin and lowered into a torturer in most of us. "The a grave.

experience of Greece shows

"What is so frightening is that the easiest method is tothat they take normal, heaithy take young people who are

people and turn them into not very educated and send vegetables," said Vesti, them away to undergo very "When they come to us, many hard military training," he torture survivors are incap-said: "But there is this potenable of work, of having sex tial in 90 to 95 per cent of with their husbands or wives, people. If you want to find of conducting the most basic 100 torturers, you will find human relationships. The vic- them, and if you want to find tims are facing a situation 1,000 you will find them,

One campaign being waged ing headaches, acute depress- who are involved in torture ion and difficulty in concent techniques. The practice is far trating or remembering, more widespread than was Many of them have no appethought, staff members said, tite and cannot sleep. The 60 per cent of all patients smallest incident can provoke admitted to the clinic claim memories of their suffering, that doctors took part in or such as the wail of a police were present during torture, siren or being left alone in the Research shows that a docdark. Victims of water torture tor's involvement can take cannot be induced to go near many forms. He may examine a river or even take a shower. a victim to see whether he or The staff at the she is strong enough to sur-Copenhagen centre have to be vive torture, or to find the extremely sensitive to the victim's weak spots. In more phobias of their patients. One sophisticated operations it is man went into a catatonic often the doctor himself who state after a doctor asked him administers the torture. When to remove his socks. He had a victim passes out, a doctor

Frameless heads,nameless walls

By E. Yaghi

ONE early morning on Oct. 8, 1990, black storm clouds gathered above the skies of Palestine. They seemed to bear a warning of an invisible presence that had somehow seemed to settle in this timeless land.

This land had been a place of peace, joy and love where noble farmers had once tilled their soil and tended their orchards and flocks with patient love and care much like the care of a mother for her infant child. The country was an ancient one where many prophets had once walked, minded their flocks and cast their nets upon the fertile sea. The landscape of this land varied, giving way to soft rolling hills, rocky mountains or fertile plains broken only by the

frame of the great Mediterranean Sea.

The people of this land were kind, honest and simple folk. Their lives were pure and uncomplicated. Their days were long and filled with the sweat of honest labour and carefree laughter. They lived in an area comparable to the Garden of Eden. They were a good people, content with God's blessings and they bothered no one.

These people had been the protectors of all the holy shrings in Palestine. These shrines were loved and honoured by the three great religions in a country situated in the crossroads of the ancient world.

But one day, these gentle people were invaded by rich warlords who wanted to secure a foothold in the Middle East by estabslishing a Jewish state fed by the fires fuelled

A corrupt alliance between the U.S. and Israel was formed and early massacres of Palestinians occurred even before global recognition of the Jewish state.

Fanned by propaganda and backed by American financial, moral and occasionally military support, the Jewish state gained endorsement and sympathy by claiming that God had promised Palestine to them. Two thousand years after their original dispersal, Jews began to pour into the peaceful little nation only to murder, plunder and pillage an innocent people. While the world still cried for Hitler's crimes against European Jews, invading Jews were commiting atrocities that would have put Hitler to shame. No one heard these atrocities or cared. Everyone thought only of the poor Jews who were returning to their "promised land" and were turning a virtual "desert" into a green productive

At first, the Americans more or less controlled the strings of their Jewish puppets, but gradually, the cunning of Israelis and Zionists combined with the ignorance and sheer stupidity of the American people gave the Israelis the reins and they gained control of their American puppets. Palestinian refugees flooded into neighbouring countries to await their return. How many old people who lost all their land and possessions died yet waiting to return to their stolen land?

While all the world condemned the Iraqi invasion of Kuwait, these same countries were silent with the mass Jewish exodus in 1948 and with the current Soviet Jewish exodus. A whole people are without a country or any rights whatsoever while Western countries portray Saddam Hussein as a "tyrant" and a "butcher" when the real butchers foam at the mouth with insanity as they shoot and kill an entire population of those remaining Palestinians.

Hundreds of armed fleets crowd the Gulf. Thousands of bomber planes wait to strike. Hundreds of thousands of troops led by the U.S. anticipate war. These factors plus economic sanctions and an air and sea blockade try to strangulate the Iraqi people. One single man dares to defy them in an arena where Americans and company have no

The authentic assassins are now doing their real work as butchers while the streets of Palestine are drenched in rivers of blood. The double standards of the Americans is like the forked tongue of a snake. While they speak about justice for an emir, who has billions of dollars, and screech about democracy, Palestinian children are being crippled and murdered every day. Americans are a mockery of justice and democracy. Their presence in the Gulf and their endorsement of Jewish atrocities should be a lesson for all

It is time that every Arab learns that to the Western mind, especially the American mind, no Arab is better than any other. Treatment of Arabs depends only on what the Americans and their counterparts want for themselves. Most of the American people are isolated sheep who know nothing but lies about the Middle East. They won't care what happens here until their own sons, husbands and fathers are sent home in ticky tacky little wooden coffins.

Americans themselves are controlled by a government that is officially broke. . No wonder when hundreds of millions of American tax dollars pour into Israel yearly and now added to that the current cutrageous financial disaster

When black clouds gathered on Oct. 8, foretelling disaster, a once peaceful Palestine turned into a nightmare. More than 35 died and hundreds of Palestinians were wounded defending their holy shrines in Jerusalem. Where is the world now? Where are the American fleets? Where are the multinational troops to defend an unarmed and helpless people who only have small stones and courage as high as mountains to back them up? Who is there to cry for the children, the youth and the old who died that day? Precious lives were suddenly blotted out without conscience. It must be demanded of President Bush, "Where is justice and just what is the meaning of equality, democracy and plain human decency?" Truly Americans lack the three "M"s: morals, manners and mercy for other human beings.

Palestinian martyrs die a holy death of Jihad and their bodies emanate the smell of musk in their graves lined row after row where red poppies grow in Palestinian fields. Meanwhile, the starry, starry night shines on the silver thorn and bloody rose which lie crushed on the torn and plundered streets of Palestine.

SPOT 1- a strange photographer that works around the clock

By Claire Thierry

PARIS - A strange photographer is going around our planet. Nothing escapes his piercing sight and he works 24 hours a day. It is the French teledetection satellite SPOT 1 which, from its orbit some 830 kilometres from us, has, since 1986, been continuously providing pictures of the Earth.

The pictures are of very good quality called "high resolution". Just choose a carpark, a tennis-court, a farmhouse or the river in a Saharan oasis and SPOT will give you an aerial view as sharp as if it had been taken from twenty metres from the ground for a colour photo, or 10 metres from the ground for a black and white one

How does it work? Every time it passes, the satellite's two high resolution cameras scan a strip of land 117 kilometres across. At the end of 26 days, SPOT's eye has photographed the whole planet from every angle and it

starts going over the same surface of the Earth and its company which commercialarea again. Moreover, a clev- development: desertification, ises the products of the er play of mirrors extends its glacier drift, vegetation, the statellite, designed by the field of vision to several hundred kilometres. This makes it earthquake areas, etc., or see possible to take photos at an if a military site has been angle and thus to recreate moved. pictures in relief.

of its vision to the quality of its optical equipment. Six France. Some farmers, who per cent), North America (21 thousand photodiodes trans- are victims of the disaster, are per cent) and in the Asiaform the light picked up into electrical signals which, in turn, are converted into com- arbiter. Its pictures make it puter data and transmitted to possible to accurately identify leaders of "SPOT-Image" are receiver stations in different countries. There, the informa-. out the compensation fairly. tion is stored on magnetic tape and finally transformed into pictures.

tools for cartographers, geologists, urbanists and agronomists. They are also useful for political leaders in areas such as civil security, national defence, town and country planning and agriculture. At any time, they can have a tion of Chemobyl. picture of the real state of the

deformation of the ground in

Here is an example. Since to receive state aid. But which ones? SPOT plays the role of the areas affected and to share

SPOT is though (it has lasted twice as long as predicted), discreet and effective. These photos are precious It has already transmitted of the globe. In this astonishing, computerised cata-

For "SPOT-Image", the

French Space Studies Centre (CNES), it is a success. Its turnover has considerably increased, rising from 20 million francs in 1986 to 130 million in SPOT owes the sharpness spring 1989, there has been 1989. Its public and private drought in some regions of customers are in Europe (39 Pacific region (24 per cent). Despite recent competition from Soviet satellites, the quite serene. Demand is on the increase and they can provide a personalised service on request, and that is a major commercial asset.

As SPOT is growing old, more than 1.5 million photos even if it is still alert, SPOT 2 was launched to join it last January by the Ariane rocket, logue, idyllic scenes of the in order to provide a relay. It Caribbean Islands lie next to will be followed by numbers 3 the terrible pictures of the and 4 in 1995, and then by its destroyed nuclear power sta- military cousins, called

- L'Actualite en France.



An aerial view of Gulf of Arcachon and its port

THOUGHTS FOR THIS WEEK

Democracy reads well, but it doesn't act well - George Bernard Shaw, Irish-born playwright (1856-

What we see depends mainly on what we look for John Lubbock, English astronomer (1803-1865)

Marriage is an adventure, like going to war - G.K. Chesterton, English writer (1874-1936)

It is no use to blame the looking-glass if your face is awry — Nikolai Gogol, Russian author (1809-1852).

MUMMY. PLEEEEASE!?

There haven't been any complaints in our house so far.

But my brother and I are wondering if our mother could

handle having two different pets in the house. Remember,

she never promised not to feed the goldfish to the cat!

Parents against pets syndrome

By Maha Addasi

THE subject of getting a pet is very difficut to broach with parents, because parents do not want to be stuck with

My mother, for example, made it very clear from the

No! really, all kidding aside, we worked out a deal with my mother. We can keep the fish, if we take full

responsibility for feeding them and cleaning their tank. And my mother had to promise us that she wouldn't flush

OK, so not all parents are like this. Let us look at this typical scenario and then try to find a remedy for the

It is Friday morning. A father is shaving, and a mother is

drinking her first cup of coffee in the sitting. A little kid who has just woken up is rubbing his eyes and locating his

father. When he finds his dad he overlooks the traditional

"Dad, can we have a 'wittle' cat?" The kid asks

So the father, trying to buy time goes right to the butt of the conversation and says, "don't you want to say 'Good

The kid then says, "O.K. good morning" Can we?"

By this time the father has figured out one surefire

A few rounds later, after alternating between mum and

dad a few times. The kid is distressed. He is way past the

begging stage, and is fast approaching the toe-kissing stage.

precious words "yes you may have a kitten." And, as a matter of fact, I do.

Through all these rounds, the kid has not yet heard the

Do what my brother did. Go out, find any alley kitten,

bring it home and tell your parents that you can't live

the fish down the toilet when we weren't looking. Some deal. But so far it has worked well.

start, that it's either her or the pets in the house. So now we have a tank full of goldfish and my mother is

feeding the pets and cleaning up after them.

on an extended vacation somewhere!

"parents-against-having-a-pet-syndrome."

greetings and goes straight to the subject.

innocently, meaning may be have a kitten.

solution. "Go ask your mother," he says.

Until now the kid has gotten nowhere.

without this very kitten.

Thursday, Oct. 25

The kid, like a fool, falls for this tactic.

JTV CHANNEL 2 WEEKLY PREVIEW

Thursday, Oct. 25

8:30 Harp of the South

This is the story of a typical poor Irish family and all that it aspires to. ...the father is an alcoholic, the mother is a hard worker and sick... and the two sisters dream of love and a brighter future.

9:30 Feature Film

Escape From Alcatroz

Clint Eastwood attempts to escape from America's most fortified prison, Alcatroz, some forty miles off the coast of California.

10:00 News in English

Cont. of the Feature

Friday, Oct. 26

9:10 Shakespeare

10:00 News in English

10:20 El Cid

Alfred Molina and John Bird star as Scotland Yard detectives Blake and Bromley in the new drama — ∞medy series El Cid, where they escape from the criminal activities of London for a brief

Saturday, Oct. 27

8:30 Good Morning Miss Bliss

Miss Bliss is carried away by a student's hoax

9:00 Encounter

9:30 Feature Film Under Fire

Starring: Nick Noite, Joan na Cassidy

10:00 News in English

10:20 Cont. of the Feature

John Bird (standing) as Bromley and Aifredo Molina as Blake in the drama series El Cid.

Sunday, Oct. 28 8:30 Home To Roost

9:10 Histoire Secrete du Pet-

In 1922, Abdul Aziz Al Saud, founded a kingdom in the Arabian Peninsula, with 8:30 The Golden Girls jaunt to Spanish Costa Del Riyadh as its capital, and Sol to discover another world offered Britain to have oil 9:10 Shannon's Deal concessions in his country. The British turned his offer 10:00 News in English down, and the United States and Britain shared the oil of 10:20 Quincy Kuwait between them. During World War II, the United States of America continued oil while German troops were amnesia occupying the European states one after the other. These are some of the shocking facts in this week's episode

10:00 News in English

of this programme.

10:20 The Paper Man

Every Post A Winner Philip Cromwell buys the and adopts a young journalist The film captures the unique who proves a real professional in the business.

Monday, Oct. 29

Memories of Allison

Quincy's futile attempts to to supply Nazi Germany with help a woman suffering from

Tuesday, Oct. 30

8:30 Documentary

Ivory Wars

tail markets around the globe. Ivory Wars investigates the 10:00 News in English illegal trade of ivory which currently threatens the Afri- 10:20 Family of Spies

London based Evening Post can elephant with extinction. behaviour and close family ties of the African elephant and reveals the catastrophic effect poaching has had on the social structure of these

9:30 French Film

majestic animals.

La Vie En Miettes

10:00 News in English

10:20 Cont. of the Feature

Wednesday, Oct. 31

8:30 One Foot in the Grave I Will Retire to Vedlam

Victor is subjected to very difficult times trying to adapt to the new life.

From Africa to Asia to re- 9:00 Documentary Perspective

1936 — Germany and Italyform Rome-Berlin axis.

іп Когеа.

Crimean War.

at Chungking; Libya is declared part of Italy.

Prince Ito by Korean fanatics

leads to Japanese dictatorship

1941 — Germany's first offensive against Moscow in World War II fails. 1956 — Egypt, Jordan and

Syria form Unified Military Command. 1971 - United Nations

seats China and expels Nationalist Chinese. 1974 — Foreign ministers of

Rabat, Morocco, and vote strong support for Palestine Sudan. Liberation Organisation. 1988 - Israeli troops shoot

and wound nine Palestinians in scattered clashes throughout occupied territories.

Friday, Oct. 26

1911 - Chinese Republic is proclaimed.

Hornet is sunk in Solomon Peace Prize.

1917 — Brazil declares war ₩ar I.

1854 - Heroic charge of 1955 - Republic of South the British Light Brigade near Vietnam is proclaimed under Sevastopol, Russia, during Ngo Dinh Diem. 1962 — Soviet Premier 1874 — Britain annexes Fiji Nikita Khrushchev offers to

Islands battle in World War

withdraw missiles from Cuba 1909 - Murder of Japan's if United States removes bases in Turkey, but is rebuffed.

1975 — Egypt's President Anwar Sadat arrives in Un-1938 — Japanese troops ited States with bid for milittake Hankow, and Chinese ary and economic aid. He is government estabslishes itself first Egyptian head of state to visit United States.

> 1988 — Israeli warplanes attack guerrilla bases in southern and central Lebanon.

> > Saturday, Oct.

1870 — French troops surrender Metz, France, to Prus-

1951 - Egyptians abrogate 19 Arab countries meet in 1936 alliance treaty with Britain and 1899 agreement over

> 1966 — U.N. General Assembly proclaims termination of South Africa's mandate over South-West Africa.

1973 — United Nations peacekeeping force arrives in Cairo to attempt to set up lasting ceasefire between Israeli and Arab forces.

1978 — Egypt's President against Germany in World Anwar Sadat and Israel's Prime Minister Menachem 1942 - U.S. aircraft carrier Begin are awarded Nobel

Sunday, Oct. 28

THIS WEEK IN HISTORY

1492 — Christopher Columbus discovers Cuba on his first voyage to new world.

1886 - Statue of Liberty is dedicated in New York City harbour.

1922 — Benito Mussolini marches on Rome.

Nikita Khrushchev announces

he has ordered withdrawal of Soviet missiles from Cuba. 1971 — House of Commons votes in favour of England's entry into European Common

1974 — Arab heads of state issue declaration calling for

creation of independent

1975 — Egypt's President Anwar Sadat meets with U.S. President Gerald Ford and urges him to end U.S. di-

plomatic boycott of Palestine Liberation Organisation. 1977 — U.N. General Assembly censures Israel for

establishing settlements in occupied Arab territories, calling action illegal and damaging to peace efforts. 1987 — Indian troops push

Tamil rebels out of strategic junction town near Jaffna in Sri Lanka. 1988 - Riot police in Pra-

gue disperse crowd of about 5,000 who defy ban on rally to mark anniversary of Czechoslovakia's -independence in 1918.

1989 - More than 10,000 rally in protest of the government on the 71st anniversary By The Associated Press

of Czechoslovakia's independence. Scores of protestors are beaten or detained.

Tuesday, Oct. 30

1817 — Simon Bolivar organises independent government in Venezuela. 1841 --- Fire crupts at Tow-

er of London. 1905 - Tsar capitulates to 1962 — Soviet Premier Russian Duma's demands for more legislative powers.

1918 — Czechoslovakia is proclaimed an independent republic.

1922 — Benito Mussolini forms fascist government, becomes; premier of Italy.

1928 -- Experimental transmission of still photographs by television begins in Britain.

1930 — Treaty of friendship between Greece and Turkey is signed in Ankara.

1955 — Sultan of Morocco abdicates. 1956 - Britain and France issue ultimatum to Egypt and

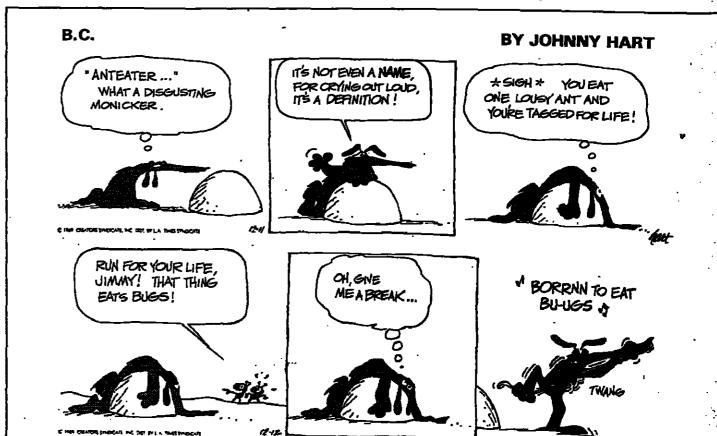
Israel calling for ceasefire. 1963 — Algeria and Moroc-

co sign peace agreement in border dispute. 1988 — Iraq releases 25 disabled Iranian prisoners of

war who are flown home in

plane chartered by International Committee of the Red 1989 — Riot police in Moscow repeatedly charge and club demonstrators, following

a candlelight vigil outside KGB headquarters in memory of Stalin's victims.



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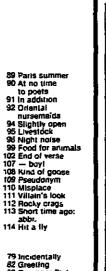
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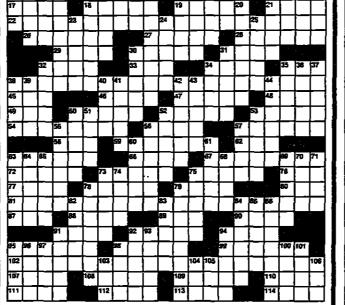
Weekend Crossword

79 Incidentally 82 Greeting 83 Car racer Rick 84 Relishes 85 Long 86 Runs off the track-21 Fighting 92 Sadat 93 Sounds of greet 94 Musical key 95 Fuel

Diagramiess 19 X 19, By Marika J. De Witt Harold 16 Malay skirt 18 Sicilian volcano

1 Priysicians: a 2 More mature 6 Puts up with 7 Done 8 Writes

regularly 78 Whiler Clifford 62 Fish of the future 64 Hardy heroine 65 Objective 66 Improvise action 70 Deserter 71 Grandlose poetry



Last Week's Cryptograms

I. Top hamburger eaters were no match in contest with the cheeseburger eating champion.

2. An expert who doggedly trains wily for terriers may not necessarily be a dogmatist, but it can be helpful.

3. Huge cook took book along to nook, took look, then hung book

4. Mime imitating president made a "persona non grata."

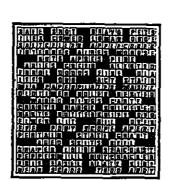
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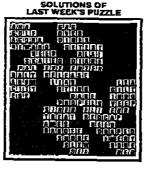
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—By Ed Huddleso

Orwell's 1984 to be shown in **Soviet Union**

By Paul A. Driscoll The Associated Press

CHICAGO - The Soviet Union soon will be watching big brother.

The movie version of George Orwell's bleak classic 1984, depicting the terrifying world of an omnipresent government, will have its Soviet premiere in the next few months, its executive producer said.

Marvin J. Rosenblum, a Chicago lawyer who owns the film rights, said the film will be shown in Moscow in consponsored by the cinema-centre on "art, politics and freedom of expression."

"It's like breaking down the Berlin Wall," Rosenblum said Thursday night.

Orwell wrote his fictional account of total conformity, thought control and constant surveillance in 1948, and it was published a year later. The Soviet government didn't even acknowledge its existence until 1984, when it published a review.

Excerpts from the novel. including the omnipresent warning of Orwell's imaginary regime that "big brother is watching you," first were published in Soviet newspapers in 1988 as tight restrictions on information eased under Soviet leader Mikhail Gorbachev.

But Soviet people had read country, Rosenblum said. "Tve talked to a lot of Rusintellectuals are aware of it."

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While a date for the showing has not been set, Rosenbhim said he expects it will come in early December or brother.

January. He is about to begin negotiations with Soviet distributors for nationwide showings of film, made in 1984. It stars John Hurt, and Richard Burton in his last movie before his death that

No political problems exist in negotiating a distribution contract, Rosenblum said. Previously only one agency had permission to import films, but that has changed.

'Now just about anybody can do it," Rosenblum said. "I'm willing to take pay-ment in rubles," he said. "I'm junction with a conference just going to look for a reputable distributor who's going to do a good job getting it out to the Russian people.

The film has been shown in at least 20 countries, but not in most of the former Soviet

Rosenblum bought the rights to distribute the film in the Soviet Union for an undisclosed amount from the British company Virgin Vision, whose parent company had put up the \$8 million to film the story.

Orwell wrote 1984 in 1948 as the Cold War between the United States and the Soviet Union was turning into a deep freeze. Orwell said the novel was meant to depict any totalitarian government, left or right, and not the Soviet Union in particular.

But the book was often read as an indictment of the copies smuggled into the Soviet system and became required reading in many U.S. high schools. A generation of sians, and there's always been students learned of the world a lot of interest in it. All the of doublespeak where war means peace, the Ministry of Truth disburses lies and the thought police can set straight anyone who doesn't love big

Hollywood builds new Calcutta slum

By Arthur Max The Associated Press

CALCUTTA, India - As if family to the city when he Calcutta didn't have enough could no longer meet debts slums, Hollywood built from his small landholding. another one. The collection of patchwork shacks is so au- puller — a human horse in the thentic that filmmakers had to last major city of the world

people hoping to move in. metre-long) street of 52 which is Bengali for City of houses is the location for the Joy. movie based on Dominique Lapierre's best-selling novel, movie project ran into politic-City of Joy, a story about a al problems. Last year the rickshaw puller and a Polish state government of West priest in the slums of Calcutta. Bengal objected to putting

But it is more than just a movie set. The dilapidated homes are careful replicas of slum shacks made of tin, mud, stone, wood and tiles.

of photographs from slum ports at the time. quarters in Calcutta, Bombay "We feel there is and New Delhi, said Philip show only slum-dwellers to Kohler, the production man-

And they are so authentic "we had to build a 10-foot formation and broadcast (3-metre) fence around the lot minister of the federal governto keep out people who ment in New Delhi. wanted to move in," Kohler

lot owned by the National Oil Company near Calcutta's docks in the heart of the in- plained that the book was dustrial zone. They will be

demolished when filming is completed. The film for Warner Bros. is to be directed by Roland Joffe, of The Killing Fields and The Mission. The 12-

week shooting schedule begins in February. Calcutta has 300 slum neighbourhoods, known as

bustees, housing an estimated 43 per cent of the city's 12 million residents. Some esti-mates say up to 300,000 people are homeless street-dwel-

City of Joy is about one of them, Hasari Pal, an impoverished villager who brought his

After working as a rickshaw erect a fence to keep out where men still pull rickshaws - Pal can afford to move into The 600-foot-long (180- the slum of Ananda Nagar,

From the beginning, the Calcutta's poverty under the filmmakers' lights.

The film company argued that the movie would highlight the city's "indomitable They were based on dozens spirit," according to news re-

"We feel there is no need to show the indomitable spirit of Calcutta," retorted Par-vatheneni Upendra, the in-

The information minister for the Communist-led gov-The homes were built on a ernment at the time, Budhadev Bhattacharya, also objected to the film. He comwritten 'from an imperialist point of view."

Details of the negotiations that cleared the way for the film have not been disclosed. The estimated \$5 million, the company is likely to spend in Calcutta may have helped persuade the authorities to

reconsider. Kohler also said there was a contribution to an undisclosed charity of an unknown

The Polish priest has been written out of the preliminary

Gone With The Wind premieres in Moscow

By Thomas Ginsberg The Associated Press

MOSCOW — With popping der by a great war. of Gone With the Wind.

Moscow courtesy of a British- paths after that, but Turner Soviet joint venture and Ted sees a modern day analogy. Turner, the American media "The spirit of Scarlett giant already known in the O'Hara is what the Russian Soviet Union for his Cable people need right now," Tur-News Network and Goodwill ner said moments before in-

outside the prestigious, 2.500- Five years into the jolting seat Oktyabr Theatre for the reforms launched by Gorated to a champagne-looka- hungry winter. like before the opening. VIPs "Because they're going got real champagne and cav- through a huge transition, iar, behind a guarded door. they have to do like she did

bachev met in the Kremlin again,' and go to work to actress Jane Fonda, who new economic system. You accompanied Turner to the can't sit around...moaning

Hundreds of people jam- that are gone. med the sidewalk in front of Such a philosophy may not the theatre on one of Mos- have been on the minds of the cow's main thoroughfares for hundreds of Soviets waiting to a chance to view what Turner buy tickets. After years of

called the American equivalent of War And Peace, another tale of lives torn asun-

flashbulbs, glaring television Gone With the Wind is set lights, furs and limousines, in the era of the U.S. Civil Hollywood made one of its War (1861-1865) and the classic entrances last Friday emancipation of black slaves, night for the Soviet premiere the same years in which serfdom was abolished in Czarist The 1939 epic began an Russia. The countries' historindefinite engagement in les took widely divergent

troducidng the film to his A Red Army band played Soviet audience.

opening, while the Soviet and bachev, store shelves are bare foreign movie-goers were tre- and many Soviets predict a

Earlier in the day, Soviet (and say) with God as my President Mikhail S. Gor-witness, I'll never be hungry with Turner and American rebuild their country with a and groaning about the days



Vivien Leigh and Clark Gable in Gone With The Wind

cultural isolation. Soviets for at least two hours for the restaurants, which opened this year in Moscow.

The film retained the original sound-track, with Russian-language subtitles.

crave anything foreign, parti- chance to pay 15 rubles for a cularly American. Similar ticket. That's \$25 at the offilines are the norm at the cial exchange rate, but even McDonald's and Pizza Hut more costly compared to the average monthly paycheck of 250 rubles.

After the box office sold out its undisclosed number of Movie fans had to queue up began offering 25 rubles for a premiere: The movie's orga- Moscow.

seat. No takers were seen. Other tickets had been tribution. More than 200 tick- only a handful of cases offiets were given to Westerners cially reported. in Moscow, including embassy

nisers guessed most Soviets had never even seen a dinner jacket up close. But they also wanted to let people see what a Hollywood premiere could be like.

And many Soviets came close. In a country where a sale of tennis shoes can cause a near-riot, some Soviets appeared in Italian siuts and formal gowns. Others were adorned in furs and silk unlike that even seen in ordinary Soviet stores.

Once inisde, the Soviets could buy an English-language biography of Vivien Leigh, who played the inimitable Scarlett in the film or a small bottle of French perfume, specially packaged for the premiere and called Scarlett. It went for 60 rubles.

Proceeds from the premiere would go to an anti-AIDS benefit sponsored by the liberal weekly magazine Ogonyok. Soviet officials have been slow to recognise given directly to various the spread of the incurable Soviet organisations for dis- disease in their country, with

The Soviet-British Creative cultural attaches, for \$15 Association, the joint-venture that organised the showing, Officially, formal black-tie says the film will travel to tickets, a couple dozen soviets attire was optional for this other Soviet cities after

Gibson swapping star roles for his cattle and children

By Michael Miller Reuter

LOS ANGELES - "I'm not myself here," Mel Gibson said, sipping black coffee in a luxury hotel in Los Angeles' fashionable Westwood district. "You're not seeing the real me."

made him one of Hollywood's top box office draws, likes nothing more than romping

instead of someone else's."

Weapon and Road Warrior done."

months or a year, if for no other reason than people must be getting sick of the sigh to the Vietnam War. me," he told Reuters in an

soldier in Gallipoli in the early 1980s, co-started with Goldie The real Gibson, star of the. Hawn in Bird On A Wire and string of blockbusters which in a still to be released film

on the floor with his six chil- it, he said. "But I'm sure after dren or working cattle on his a year off I'll feel like it."

stralia "to lead my own life for most of Hamlet, which challenge, he said. Gibson called "the hardest The star of the Lethal damned thing I've ever

series says he is tired of years Last year, home was Thai- the soliloguy first - in fact. of non-stop filming and is land, where he spent several two months before you do the

ica, his current release about "I'm going to take off 10 the U.S. Central Intelligence Agency's secret air force and its operations in Laos during

Home in real life is a sprawling cattle ranch in the He starred as an Australian Australian state of Victoria, where Gibson said he intends to go and recuperate.

Hamlet was unlike any new movie Hamlet and a more recently played Hamlet other role he has tackled. "It's the career gauntlet, if you like. It was practically offered "I think if I had to make to me on a silver plate. It one more film, I couldn't do demanded to be picked up. Reducing Shakespeare's

original four-and-a-half hour Home for much of this year stage play to a two-hour He is going home to Au- has been Scotland, the setting screen version was in itself a

you're doing the last part of

"It's hard to pin this character down, to even talk about inconsistency. He's a real puz- out him. zle, a real juggling act.

'And there's no real answer to the puzzle. There's no right way of doing it. There man. are lots of wrong ways," said the actor.

Nevertheless, he is pleased with the result. "I think it's a very good production, it's months. very beautiful, and it's a damned good story."

The film version aims to simplifying the complexity of "It's difficult to get it right the play but keeping the oribecause, for instance, ginal verse. Scenes have been phone link between his hotel changed, Gibson said.

He gave up smoking partly

"you need all your lung space for air, to get the words out the right way, with the right him, because the only thing sort of power" - but also to consistent about him is his stop his children worrying ab-Gibson, named "sexiest

man of the year" by People magazine, is above all a family Married for 10 years and

one of 11 brothers and sisters, Gibson has children aged from nine years to eight They go almost everywhere

with him, he said. He has tried to be present at all their make Hamlet accessible to births but was in Thailand mass audiences by somewhat when his youngest son, Milo, best thing and arranged a telcut, but the words are un- and the delivery room in Au- its star will watch it with his stralia.

incapable of making another months shooting Air Amer- first part — based on loca- in order to play Hamlet — release date, but chances are cattle.



Mei Gibson

family at a cinema back home Hamlet does not yet have a - after he has seen to his

'The lights out syndrome' still prevails in Ireland

By Paul Majendie Reuter

DUBLIN - What do Marcel H.G. Wells and Dylan Thomas have in common?

the Irish censorship board. Everything from the and isolationist.

world's classics to lurid porcensor's microscope.

masterpiece Ulysses, once books were banned. Their obscenity, was not banned in ness to great amusement. Proust, Ernest Hemingway, Ireland. Irish censors never explain their decisions.

They, along with the au- ary giants like George Ber- tion's morals in a predomithors of Hot Dames On Cold nard Shaw and Samuel Beckett nantly Catholic society. Slabs and She Died Without preferred self-imposed exile Nylons, have been banned by to writing in a homeland they 1967 so that a book could be

banned in Britain and the reactions in Banned in Ireland United States on grounds of range from rage through sad-They are no longer banned

by the board, set up in 1929 as Joyce and other Irish liter- a guardian of the nascent na-The law was reformed in

felt was stifled, puritanical banned for only 12 years, after which it was automatically A new book charting the released. The world's classic nography has come under the history of censorship in Ire- literature was at last made land contains interviews with freely available and the board Ironically, James Joyce's seven Irish writers whose is now confined mainly to says he is still haunted by the people tell you you've written drome."

banning pornography and information literature on abortion, which is illegal in Ireland.

John McGahern, shortlisted for this year's British Booker Prize, lost his teaching job and was forced to move to London after his novel The Dark was banned.

With more than a touch of bitterness, he recalls: "I didn't manage to write for three or four years after the business."

foreigner in a registry office,

get his job back.

"By the way, McGahern," he was asked, "What entered your head to go and marry a foreign woman when there's hundreds of thousands of Irish women going around with their tongues out for a hus-

remark of a member of the dirt, even if you know you Irish National Teachers Orga- haven't, some of it stays with nisation when he appealed to you. I wanted to go very far away. Australia even.

Banned writer Lee Dunne concluded: "To openly admit that sex is wonderful and that it can be joyous and beautiful and affirming is really regarded with a great deal of suspicion, distaste and repugnance by a great deal of
Edna O'Brien, whose our society which is still lock-McGahern, who married a books were called a smear on ed into that idea of respecta-Irish womanhood, recalls: "If bility. The lights-out syn-

EC debates difference between Picassos and paint

By Suzanne Perry

Reuter BRUSSELS - What is the difference between a Picasso,

a canvas and a pot of paint? This is not a riddle, it is a serious issue that the Euro-pean Community (EC) has to national treasures and how to settle as it builds the single protect them once internal a Rembrandt and a market due to come into customs checks are abolished are also on the list.

effect at the end of 1992. The 12 EC countries have ramme. committed themselves to promoting free trade of goods and producers can already freely sell paint and a host of other products across the

Community. But France is not about to apply that concept to the Mona Lisa, Spain to the Velazquez masterpieces in Madrid's Prado Museum or Ireland to the Book of Kells.

tled by the EC's founding property in state museums artistic, historic or archaeological value." The problem facing EC ment permission.

protect them once internal a Rembrandt and a Bruegel as part of the 1992 prog-

EC governments have recent months trying to decide whether to impose Community-wide criteria. EC Culture heritage. Ministers were debating it again in Rome this week but no decisions are expected before a full ministerial ses- cultural items. sion in mid-November.

National legislation varies

widely. The Netherlands, for

treaty to restrict exports of and has drawn up a list of "national treasures possessing about 300 other objects and collections that cannot leave and sell them." the country without govern-Most are silver and sculptures owned by churches, but

"The criteria are mostly concerned with whether the item has a connection with already had two discussions in Dutch history," said Charlotte van Rappard of the country's department of cultural

> Spain takes a much broader approach, requiring export certificates for all antique

"We have a lot of national treasures and a problem of illegal traffic," said Juan Fer- reporters at a meeting of EC Member countries are enti- example, restricts the sale of nandez Trigo, cultural affairs ministers recently.

counsellor at Spain's EC delegation. "Many people go to worries of other Mediterraa little village and take things

The Community's Executive Commission and some member countries fear that legitimate trade in art works will be hindered if protective measures are too strict. "This has to be seen in an

purely as a cultural issue," said a British diplomat. Sixty per cent of Community art sales take place in

internal market context, not

London, and Britain wants a narrow interpretation of "national treasures." A long list of items would merely invite black market

operations, Junior Trade

Minister John Redwood told

But Spain, reflecting the nean nations that they will lose their cultural heritage to self what its treasures are.

"Every country has a right good for economic goods but not for cultural goods," Fernandez said.

munity's only role should be to respect the legislation of to find ways to prevent Euro- other member countries. which it had to buy back a customs officials spot illegal stolen Velazquez, La Mar- exports.

quesa de Santa Cruz, from

Britain. Spain proposes a uniform "certificate of free circularicher countries, says each tion" that would be granted country should decide for it- by EC countries to non-pro-

tected cultural goods. No one could claim they had unknowingly purchased a to prevent its cultural roots stolen item if a certification from being destroyed by this system were adopted across free market, which is very the EC, Fernandez said. Exporters would have to produce this document at the bloc's external frontiers, and Spain maintains the Com- customs officials would have

pean treasures from being Another possibility being stolen once internal border examined is creation of an controls are relaxed. The electronic data bank that country is still smarting from would link the 12 national lists an incident a few years ago in of cultural treasures to help

Steep increase in brain cancer among elderly __study

cancer has increased by up to out 1.5 per cent of all new 500 per cent among elderly cancers diagnosed annually. Americans, a trend that an Each year, there are about expert at the National Cancer 15,000 brain cancer patients in Institute calls alarming be- all age groups. cause the disease is almost always fatal.

"It once was considered that brain tumors reached a peak rate (among people in their 30s) and then would rapidly decline in the older population, but it now appears that the incidence continues to increase with age," said Nigel H. Greig, a National Institute on Aging Researcher. "I think it is alarming."

In a study published in the have increased by up to six- Greig said. fold for the elderly in 1985 sured from 1973 to 1974.

For persons aged 75 to 79, for those aged 85 and older. of sharper diagnostics.

Primary brain cancer rates tion groups, said Greig.

"In virtually all other age as in 1974," he said. "But these groups (the elderly) had a dramatic increase. It is a large rise over a 10-to-15-year period.

rare in the population as a Institutes of Health.

WASHINGTON - Brain whole, representing only ab-

Incidence of all types of cancer among all U.S. population groups rose 10.7 per cent during the study period, Greig

The study measured only cancers that started in the brain and were not spread there from tumors elsewhere in the body.

Treatment for brain cancers is not good and half of all patients die of such tumors within 10 months, he said.

Improved diagnostic techni-Journal of the National Can- ques - particularly using Xcer Institute, Greig and three rays - may explain some of co-authors report that the rate the increase in brain cancers of brain cancer appears to found among the elderly,

Stanley I. Rapoport, compared to the rates mea- another co-author, said the increase may also come from a greater interest in the health the rate increased 187 per of the elderly since the 1970s. cent, the study finds. For But Greig and Rapoport those aged 80 to 84, the rate both said they believe at least rose 394 per cent, and the rate part of the detected increase of increase was 501 per cent in brain cancer is not a result

"We feel that there is a true showed little change in 1985 increase and we're trying to among younger U.S. popula-determine just what that is," said Greig.

As to the cause, Rapoport groups, the incidence rates said "there is a possibility that were approximately the same it is environmental factors to which we are all exposed, but we don't know that yet."

Other co-authors were Lynn G. Ries, of the National Cancer Institute, and Rosem-Brain cancer is relatively ary Yancik of the National

New technique can save patients who suffer cardiac arrest

PITTSBURGH — A woman stabilise her heart without the procedure on dogs.

By Tara Bradley-Steck

The Associated Press

"Had they not gotten approval a year ago to use this machine, I can question whether I'd be alive," said 29-year-old Sharon Wilczynski, who was clinically dead several times. "What else could they have done?"

Miss Wilczynski became the first human test case in a study the University of Pittsburgh is conducting to see whether clinical death can be reversed in cardiac arrest patients who do not respond to advanced car-

The study centres around use of a closed-chest emergenwho collapsed when her heart cy cardiopulmonary bypass went into spasms and stopped machine on patients who sufowes her life to a new device fer cardiac arrest outside the that pumped oxygenated hospital. University of Pittblood through her body for 15 sburgh researchers had spent hours while doctors worked to a decade experimenting with

> "If CPR doesn't work within a few minutes, we normally are dealing with a hopeless situation," said Dr. Peter Safar, who directs the university's Interntional Resuscitation Research Centre.

This new emergency room technique may "help reverse increasingly prolonged periods of clinical death to complete recovery," he said. Only about 10 per cent of

patients suffering sudden cardiac arrest survive their several feet of tubing. attack, even with currently

diopulmonary resuscitation. Tisherman, the principal in- artery and vein at the groin. vestigator of the study, estimates the new method could an oxygenator, which re- in ambulances. save an additional 10 per cent moves carbon dioxide and

to 15 per cent. "This is just the beginning in new vistas in resuscitation," he said. "If this is used along with other therapies, such as hypothermia and specific drugs, then we'll really make an impact. Then we might get flow throughout the body so an additional 20 to 30 per cent the brain and other vital survival."

The equipment, assembled patients undergoing open heart surgery, Safar said. The emergency room version con- overdoses. sists of off-the-shelf devices that include an oxygenator, oxygen tank, pump, heat ex-

Two plastic tubes are inpractised CPR. Dr. Samuel serted into a patient's femoral

temperature, and is pumped Reserve University and chairback into the patient through the second tube. The system maintains blood

organs are not damaged while he said. attempts are made to restart by university researchers, is a and stabilise the heart. The miniaturised version of heart- method could also benefit palung machines used to sustain tients who suffer sudden cardiac arrest due to problems

years," predicted Dr. Paul changer, battery pack and Paris, director of emergency tently. medicine at Presbyterian University Hospital, where Miss Wilczynski was treated.

"The sooner they can do adds oxygen. The blood is that, the better," said Dr. memory is vague of the twothen sent through a heat ex- Robert White, professor of or three-week period followchanger, which adjusts the neurosurgery at Case Western ing her fall.

> "What Dr. Safar's group has done ... is very exciting,

Although medics reached Miss Wilczynski in five minutes and administered CPR, her heart was stopped from the time of her collapse until such as kidney failure or drug after she was in the ambulance. She was hooked to the "This will be in every new bypass machine within 50 emergency department in 10 minutes. Even after her heart

doctors let her sleep, while God go I."

Paris said the equipment the machine maintained blood One tube carries blood out to could be made smaller for use flow, and the next day her rested heart stabilised.

Miss Wilczynski said her

"I think my brain pushed it man of neurosurgery at Metro all back and said, 'these are Health Medical Centre. all back and said, 'these are things you don't want to re-

things you don't want to re-member," she said from her home in Corapolis, Pennsylvania. Dozens of tests since the

July 26 mishap have revealed no sign of brain damage. Last month a device was implanted in Miss Wilczynski's chest to help prevent future episodes of mitral valve prolapse, which in rare cases causes the heart to go into spasms.

"We went to my sister's was restarted it beat intermit- recently and passed a funeral procession," Miss Wilczynski After two hours, her heart said. "It was an odd feeling, was beating but unstable, so like there but for the grace of

'Low-fat foods may cut fat

intake but not calories'

By Malcolm Ritter -The Associated Press

NEW YORK -- People who said. eat low-fat foods find other ways to consume calories, but study focused on six men who don't replace the fat, suggests spent 13 days in a laboratory. a new study with implications where researchers could pre-for newly developed fat sub-

made up the missing calories of tasks. by the end of dinner, but not the missing fat, said resear- 844-calorie lunch during one cher Barbara Rolls, director three-day period, and a lowof the laboratory for the study fat, 431-calorie lunch in

for people who want to reduce fat intake, and it may also pay off for weight-watchers, she

The federally financed The men did not know the Study participants who un- purpose of the study, and they knowingly ate low-fat lunches were kept busy with a variety

Each man ate a high-fat, That's obviously good news distinguish between the two whatever they wanted for fat," she said.

at dinnertime.

Beginning one hour after lunch, the men could choose from a variety of foods to eat. Analysis showed that if they had eaten the low-calorie lunch, they later made up the difference in calories, mostly

But no such compensation occurred for fat, Rolls said. That suggests fat substitutes "certainly are going to be an aid to help people to try to reduce fats in foods," she

Hopkins researcher of human ingestive behaviour another period. Both lunches Richard Foltin, lead author of at the Johns Hopkins Uni- consisted of large sandwiches the study, cautioned that the versity School of Medicine. and salad. The men could not men were not free to eat

lunch. So the evidence is only suggestive that in everyday life, low-fat food would reduce total fat intake, he said.

Adam Drewnowski, director of the Human Nutrition Programme at the University of Michigan's School of Public Health, called the study valu-

He also said nobody knows what happens to overall fat intake when people know they are eating low-fat pro-

Rolls said she doubts those people make up for missing fat. "I don't think people think in terms of 'I want to eat

million people annually in

Kochi said that if medical

treatment and drug therapy

were administered properly,

98 per cent of people infected

with tuberculosis could be

cured and the chain of trans-

But because of lack of

mission broken.

Africa and 220,000 in Latin

Emergency room like 'war

By Robert Dvorchak

NEW YORK — Dr. Robert Hessler surveys the gridlock of gurneys cramming the emergency room hallways and makes a troubling diagnosis: Something is wrong beyond the chest pains, broken limbs and stomachaches confronting

The emergency room is an overstretched strand in the health care safety net.

whelmed with patients who need to be administered to,' tor of emergency services at situation," Hessler said.

New York City-owned Belle-oundin addition, to sewing up says Hessler, assistant direcwe can minute to minute. We're using every little nook and cranny we can find to take care of these people."

Five of the patients who have hurried here to wait are "After decades of declining Asia, 656,000 in sub-Saharan going to intensive care; four more to the hert attack unit Twenty-one have been patched up and are awaiting admission to the hospital. Meanwhile, other patients continue to arrive. The worst get seen

> Time passes with neither comfort nor silence in this makeshift ward. Patients on stretchers start at the ceiling without so much as a curtain for privacy.

"If you come to the emergency room, I can't give you peace and quiet and comfort," hessler said. "And for people who aren't critically ill, can guarantee you a very long wait."

Hessler, 38, patrols the area with a stethoscope dangling from his neck and the pocket of his unbuttoned lab coat bulging with notepads in which diagnoses have been

"It's not a pleasant way to be sick," Hessler said. "I'm always afraid that somebody who's seriously ill has to wait longer than they have to for a physician."

An average of 300 people a day pass through the emergency гоот at Bellevue. It is a respected hospital. Dignitaries would be rushed here if they were injured or fell ill while in New York. City cops hurt in the line of duty prefer 264-year-old Bellevue, he nation's oldest con-

It also sees crack addicts, people shot in drug-related assaults, AIDS patients, the homeless, inmates from city prisons whose manacled ank-

never go anywhere else in the world and see something we haven't already seen at Belle-

alcohol and cocaine.
The homeless seek treat-

and feet rotted by prolonged His domain "is over- exposure to wet and cold and "It's like a Third World

vue Hospital. "We do what accident victims or treating kids who swallow rat poison, doctors care for societal ills. A camera is kept to document suspected child abuse. A standard evidence kit can store

> The clamor is a long way rom Hessler's hometown Billings, Montana. He spent seven years at the University of Miami medical school before doing his residency at New York University, one of the country's top medical

Hessler specialised in interobstetrics-gynecology, and surgery.

"I like to work with critical-

"We're not God. Not everybody can be saved," Hessler said. "But if you die in spite of everything I could possibly have done, at least I feel we delivered the best

less heartache and without the ever-present possibility of burnout.

Hessler escapes the bedlam of Bellevue at his suburban home in River Vale, New

"After a day of wild and

But before he can retreat to New Jersey, Hessler makes a

sweep through his emergency les protrude from stretchers. 100m — bandaging a smashed "We're kind of a field hos- nose, taking vital signs on a pital. This is war zone medi- heart patient, scalpeling the cine. We see all the casual- bureaucratic red tape so a ties," Hessler said. "We see patient can get X-rays and everything here. We are the trying to find out why another window to the world. You will is waiting for attention.

AIDS epidemic triggers increase in tuberculosis -

By Claude Regin Reuter

GENEVA — The spread of AIDS has triggered a resurgence of tuberculosis, which kills three million people a year, the World Health Organisation (WHO) said in a recent report.

It estimated that about three million people infected with HIV, the virus responsible for Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome (AIDS), were also infected with tuber-

It said one of the main culosis unit, told a news conreasons for the resurgence of ference last week. tuberculosis was the spread of infection with HIV.

*When people infected with tuberculosis are also infected with HIV, tuberculosis is more likely to become active because of the weakened immune system," the report

"Countries with the highest rates of HIV infection and a high number of TB (tuberculosis) carriers are recording explosive rates of TB," Arata Kochi, head of WHO's tuberHe said 100,000 people in

North America were infected with both HIV and AIDS. "Worldwide about five per

cent of HIV carriers are also TB sufferers but if AIDS continues to spread there will be a catastrophic increase in TB cases," he said.

The WHO report estimated that 2.4 million people in sub-Saharan Africa had both HIV and TB. In Latin America, the number with both diseases stood at 300,000, in Asia at

200,000 and in the industrial- infected with the tuberculosis said. The disease killed 1.8 ised world at 150,000.

WHO estimates that 15 to 20 million people will be infected with HIV by the end of the century.

Each year, the report said, there were eight million new cases of tuberculosis, a contagious disease of the lungs caused by bacteria transmitted through the air when infected people cough or

It said 1,7 billion people, or one-third of the world's deaths occurred in the depopulation, were or had been

bacillus.

rates, progress against this killer has come to an abrupt halt in some developed countries,"

As an example, it cited the Unites States where the number of cases had declined for

Kochi said the number of sufferers had increased from 22,000 to 26,000 between 1984 and 1990.

resources and proper medic-But most of the tuberculosis

al infrastructure millions of people in developing countries did not receive adequate veloping world, the report treatment, he added.

AIDS drug mired in corruption and controversy

By Didrikke Schanche The Associated Press

NAIROBI, Kenya — A lowcost drug Kenya trumpeted as a breakthrough AIDS treatment has become mired in licensing squabbles and charges of corruption.

The controversy is making the drug difficult to obtain and casting doubt on promising initial findings. But patients and doctors who have used the drug, known as Kemron, say it does seem to alleviate most symptoms associated with acquired immune deficiecy syndrome (AIDS). And people are coming from Europe, the United States and elsewhere to try the treat-

Africa has been hard hit by AIDS, which kills by destroying the body's ability to fight off disease.

The Geneva-based World Health Organisation (WHO) estimates that in sub-Saharan Africa, one of every 40 adult men and women is infected with the HTV virus that causes AIDS. In the United States, which has recorded about half

the world's known cases of AIDS, one of every 75 men and 700 women has HIV,

WHO estimates.

Optimistic reports about Kemron, a form of Interferon, await confirmation in clinical trials under way in several countries. Meanwhile, doubtful claims of proprietorship by Kenyan researchers and suggestions they may have overstated their findings have cast a shadow over the drug.

Interferons, which long have been studied for antiviral properties, occur naturally in the body and help shield the immune system. The U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) has approved the use of Interferons in treating Kaposi's Sarcoma, a cancer that commonly occurs among people with

Dr. Joseph Cummins, an American veterinarian, de-. vised a patented method of administering low doses of interferon to fight AIDS in a tablet that is dissolved on the tongue. The drug generally has not been tested in pill

mach acid.

Cummins supplied Interferon to Kenyan researchers, who announced in February that after two to four weeks of treatment, AIDS symptoms were alleviated in most of the 101 patients tested. They further claimed the virus that causes AIDS could no longer be detected in the blood of "about 10 per cent" of the patients. The researchers re-

duplicated Kenya's findings, which resulted from uncontrolled trials — there was no group receiving placebos against whom those taking Kemron could be compared.

The Kenya Medical Research Institute, or Kemri, initially agreed to do controlled trials. But the institute's director later changed his mind, saying it would be placebo to dying patients.

mended expanded worldwide

form because of the belief it trials, but cautioned that pawould be destroyed by sto- tients sometimes respond well to new treatments simply because of the greater attention they receive.

Kemri's director, Dr. Davey Koech, has claimed to have been largely responsible for developing the treatment -- a contention dismissed by Cummins. As collaborators Koech

cited Cummins, whose Amarillo Cell Culture Institute has four patents on a low-dose use ported no negative side of oral Interferon, and Hayashibara Biochemical No other scientists have Laboratories of Akayama, Japan. Hayashibara is one of a handful of companies in the world that manufactures Interferons and it produces the drug used in Kenya's programme under a licensing agreement with Cummins

company. Soon after the February announcement. Cummins wrote Koech a letter in which he acccused him of lies and grossly unethical to give a misrepresentations and threatened to sue over WHO, largely due to the Koech's attempts to patent

Kenyan results, has recom- the technique in Kenya. In a telephone interview.

the veterinarian from Amaril- mid-August raised false hopes lo, Texas, said he developed among many, critics say. the treatment after years of experimenting with Interferon an advisor at a clinic for sexon animal diseases, including cat leukemia. Cat leukemia, like AIDS, suppresses the immune system. Cummins described one early experiment ron led people to believe it in a 1987 article in the British

medical journal the Lancet. Despite their disagreement, Cummins said Koech had made a major contribution by putting the treatment "into people we never could have Kemri experiments in Decemtested" due to restrictive laws

in the United States. effect on a number of patients. We'd simply like to verify the findings," Cummins were imported for a July cere-

requests for an interview.

Joe Muriuki, who has been

vally transmitted diseases since learning he had AIDS three years ago, said a flood of local publicity about Kemwould both prevent and cure AIDS. That has led to a relapse into unsafe sexual behavior, he said.

Muriuki, who has been on Kemron since participating in ber, says it has helped him, but complained of continued "They've seen a significant difficulty in obtaining the

Although 200,000 tablets

mony, most of them remain Koech declined repeated with the local marketing agent. The government's chief Neither Cummins nor pharmacist says the agent, a Koech claims Kemron is a firm called Innovative Thercure for AIDS. However, apeutics Ltd., cannot sell the Koech's claims that traces of drug unless 51 per cent of the the disease were erased from company is owned by a the blood of almost 10 per pharmacist. The company, cent of those he tested. whose director has been sell-Kenya's announcement at a ing veterinarian medicine in July ceremony that the drug Kenya for three years, says no would be widely available by such regulation exists.

zone medicine'

The Associated Press

Illegal drugs are found in two out of three patients who are shot, stabbed or hit by a car, doctors say. One-fourth of the trauma cases involve people who have mixed two or more intoxicants, usually

ment for such ills as frostbite

inactivity.

specimens from rape victims.

schools. nal medicine, but opted for emergency doctoring. It allows him to do a little bit of everything that interests him: Internal medicine, pediatrics,

ly ill patients. They make you think and work the hardest you possibly can. You're keeping people alive," Hessler said.

possible care and did everything we could have.' He stays, even though there are better-paying jobs with

On call 24 hours a day,

chaotic work, I can go home," Hessler said. "I can trim the tinuously operating public bushes, look at my lawn, water the plants, watch the birds flying around. I'm used to a more calm lifestyle."

Cuba rediscovers horsepower

By Pascal Fletcher

HAVANA - In the cafes of Havana's working-class neighbourhood of Marianao, daily deliveries of fried chicken, hamburgers and soup are now arriving on four hooves instead of four wheels.

Not exactly "fast food," but it doesn't cost a drop of petrol. And as fuel restrictions caused by declining Soviet oil deliveries begin to bite across Cuba, companies, farms and individuals are increasingly swapping four-wheeled transport for the four-legged

Marianao's state-owned Empresa Municipal Gastronomica Mixta, which supplies fried snacks and drinks to more than 50 cafes and snack-bars in the neighbourhood every day,

(Continued from page 1)

resume oil supplies," added the official.

dan was trying to find alternate sources to make up for the shortfall

created by the Saudi cutoff but "no

final decision has been reached yet." Earlier, the government had said that it had no intention to

increase its intake of oil from Iraq,

which is repaying about \$310 milion owed to the Kingdom in oil.

Over 82 per cent of Jordan's import of oil came from Iraq dur-

ing 1989. With the alternate

arrangement with Saudi Arabia

(Continued from page 1)

administration was worried by its

inability to communicate with the

closely every shrug, every hint,

every motion, every word on the part of each other," he said.

the two countries return to a

system of confidentiality in their

contacts because recent leaks of

private communications had

U.N. diplomats said the United

Stated did not want to exercise its

mine the anti-Irarq coalition.

They said the U.S. government

U.S. diplomats had no com-

ment on the resolution, which

deplores Israel's refusal to accept a

Hrawi

(Continued from page 1)

wife, Ingrid, and the couple's two

sons, Tarek, 7, and Julien, 5.
No group has claimed responsi-

bility for killing the Chamouns.

The deed was branded by Muslim

and Christian leaders as an

attempt to block a peace plan to

end the 15-year-old civil war,

which has killed more than

Crowds lined east Beirut's

streets, weeping and waving as a

motorcade bearing the coffins moved from his house in the

suburb of Baabda to Deir Al

Women, dressed in black, sho-

wered the hearse with flowers.

Army and police jeeps pre-ceded the convoy carrying a big

150,000.

probably would abstain.

veto because that could under- the area.

The official said it was vital that

Shamir government.

damaged trust.

nalists Tuesday said the Bush tions.

Another senior official said Jor-

Tapline insists on payment

Bush in last-ditch effort

A senior State Department states are bound by the U.N.

"We do now question very in the proposed resolution to

official who briefed Israeli jour- Charter to obey council resolu-

a grand expanded ion of on-t ministric ances sed discussed the expan-tine expan-ny custon putting of st one year cars set of nations

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is using its three Czechoslovak trucks only for long-distance journeys to fetch farm pro-

In their place, the company has recruited a skinny but docile trio of horses to make daily food deliveries by cart. "I think the horses are more

efficient than the trucks. They don't have punctures, they don't break down, you give them some grass and off they go," said Mario Quinones, the company's deputy director of ser-

Like all state-owned companies, the Marianao food distributor had its petrol ration cut by 50 per cent at the end of August as part of tough government measurs to offset what it said was a two-milliontonne shortfall in scheduled Soviet oil deliveries in 1990.

"We can handle it. We can cut

warranted by the international sanctions against Iraq, this figure had dropped to around 40 per cent,

Reports have said that Jordan

was in contact with Algeria and

Iran as possible alternative sources

of oil, but there has been no

official confirmation of the reports.

state of Jordan's oil reserves.

Prime Minister Mudar Badran has

said that the country was drawing

sure to make up for the shortfall,

But it is not known how long the

U.N. mission, demands it to

cooperate and says all member

But diplomats in the 15-

member council said the United

States objected to the reference

Article 25 of the charter, which

says all U.N. members agree to

accept and carry out Security

Israeli diplomats said that the

current resoltion, if allowed to

pass, would open the way to

further council meetings and re-

solutions against Israel, including the possible calls to send U.N.

observers and peacekeepers to

The proposed resolution. "de-

plores" the refusal of the Israeli

government to receive the

secreteary-general's mission,

urges it to reconsider and de-

mands Israel receive the team.

poster of Chamoun and wreaths,

Black ribbons decorated the

Hrawi saluted Chamoun's motor-

cade as it drove past west Beirut

up to the PSP-held Shouf moun-

said the government agreed to seize control of all militia-run

ports and to stop all "illegal and illegitmate" taxes levied by pri-

vate armed groups in Lebanon.

toughen the implementation of

laws, ban any transportation of

arms, close down all militia

offices and positions and take the

immediate measures against

The government statement did

not set a date for the implementa-

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MMAN JORDAN

tion of the new security plan,

The government decided to

Rizk, the information minister.

tains for the burial.

Lebanese army troops loyal to

motorcade.

violators.

Council decisions.

No details were available on the

according to officials.

back our petrol consumption to zero if we have to." Omnones said.

He estimated that using horses instead of the trucks saved 60 litres (13 gallons) of petrol a day.

In another energy-saving measure, the company prepares its food once a week with wood fires instead of electric or gas cookers. Quinones said they could switch completely to cooking by wood if they had

The authorities are encouraging housewives to do the

The Marianao food company is one of the first in Havana to use animals, but in the provinces horses, mules and donkeys are increasingly re-appearing, even for public

In the country town of Guines in Havana province for example, some taxis --- often pre-1959 Fords, Oldsmobiles and Chevrolets - are being replaced by slower but no less elegant horse-drawn buggies.

On farms, draught animals are taking over from petrol-

guzzling tractors.
President Fidel Castro said last month that up to 400,000 draught oxen were being trained to pull ploughs and

"We're going to be in a position to plough and cultivate everything that we have to with oxen if there is no fuel," the Cuban leader said.

But Cuba's sugar harvest, an essential hard currency earner for the island, would still mostly be cut by mechanical harvesters, Castro said.

No nuclear revival despite high oil prices

By Catherine Arust

LONDON - Despite higher oil prices and growing public concern about the effects of global

warming, a decade-long decline of nuclear power looks unstopp-"There's been a lot of media

hoopia in recent months about the revival of nuclear energy, but I'm very doubtful that there is anything behind this," said Christopher Flavin, an energy ex-pert with Worldwatch Institute, a Washington-based environmental research group.

"There has been a very strong move worldwide away from nuclear for over 10 years, with some powerful forces attached to it that are not about to go away. The public just does not believe nuclear is safe," he added.

Only Japan and France have shown any interest in expanding or maintaining their nuclear programme since oil prices soared following Iraq's takeover of

Knwait on Aug. 2. Industry officials are still hopeful that high oil prices, which exceeded \$40 a barrel in early October, and the environmental dangers of oil, gas and coalbum-ing plants would outweigh concern about the safety of nuclear power, one of the least popular

forms of generating electricity.
Hans Blix, head of the Viennabased International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA), said that if 50 plants of 1,000 megawatts were built using nuclear fuel rather than coal, carbon dioxide emissions contributing to global warming would be reduced

by 20 per cent. Jean Van Dievoet, head of the European Nuclear Society, told a. recent conference that he is hoping for "the first tangible signs of a nuclear revival" as a result of the Gulf crisis.

But since he made his remarks, Switzerland decided not to construct any nuclear power plants for the rest of this century, Brazil effectively halted its nuclear programme because of lack of cash, and billionaire entrepreneur Sir James Goldsmith said he would fund a campaign against

nuclear power in Britain. The German government has decided to shut down five Sovietbuilt nuclear reactors on former East German territory due to safety and prohibitive costs in adapting them. Energy experts said the move will increase pressare to close down 26 similar reactors in Eastern Eurone. But Soviet authorities are con-

sidering re-opening a nuclear power station in Armenia which was closed at the beginning of the year because of fears of earthquakes in the region.

Nuclear power has been declin ing since 1979 when a partial meltdown in one of the reactors at the Three Mile Island plant in Pennsylvania leaked radioactive gas into the atmosphere. The accident put a virtual end to the U.S. nuclear industry - no new reactors have been ordered there

But it was the disastrous 1986 explosion at the Soviet Union's Chemobyl plant in Kiev, which contaminated 1,000 square kilometres of land, that sounded the final death knell for the growth of nuclear power.

Almost every nation has reassessed its nuclear programme since Chernobyl.

The Soviet Union stopped all nuclear plant construction and cut its dependence on nuclear electricity from up to 500 to 100 megawatts a year.

Sweden, West Germany and the Netherlands placed moratoriums on nuclear plant construction and Italy shut down its reac-

Britain also cancelled three planned nuclear plants and last year withdrew the rest from its electricity utility privatisation programme, for fear investors would refuse to buy shares in the industry if they had to subsidise

Only France and Japan have expanded their nuclear programmes. Japan's ministry of trade and industry even concluded recently that it should increase its nuclear plants from 38 to 78 over the next 20 years to meet energy

But worldwide, only 96 plants are under construction, about one-third of the total a decade ago. According to workdwatch's Flavin, in four to five years less than 40 plants will be under construction.

Nuclear power did increase steadily as a component of the world's electricity supply throughout the 1980s. The 426 nulcear reactors worldwide accounted for 16 per cent of total electricity generation last year. But the IAEA predicts that nuclear growth will be slower than the overall growth

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of the country's economic predicament, a widespread grievance, voiced recently by His Majesty King Hussein and His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, is more political than economic: that the country is being subjected to a de facto blockade because it does not support the U.S.-led military buildup in the Gulf and its choice to keep the channel of communications open with

The bleak economy

of Jordan turns bleaker

Iraq is interpreted as support for Baghdad. Businessmen note that many foreign investors are shunning the country, and imports through Agaba Port - formerly a major entry-point for Iraqbound goods - are being delayed or even blocked despite Jordan's declared adherence to the U.N. sanctions against Iraq. Since such harassment translates into higher costs for the consumer, economists and parliamentarians wonder how long the government can avoid

the circumstances. A government official said last week that the full economic impact of the Gulf crisis -particularly the loss of some four fifths of Jordan's export market — had yet to be felt.

imposing price hikes in light of

"We have lost 80 per cent of our export outlets because of the U.N. ban on trade with Iraq and the recent political differences between Jordan and the Gulf states over foreign intervention," said Under Secretary of the Ministry of Trade and Industry Ibrahim Badran. "Our natural and traditional markets in the Gulf

are shrinking fast," he said. Several Gulf states have restricted or barred imports from Jordan, including agricultural produce. Badran said it was premature to quantify the losses, but Jordanian exporters needed "quick solutions."

He said the loss of export markets meant government estimates of the cost of senctions may prove considerably lower than the actual losses. A largely invisible fallout

return of expatriates, contributing to the already high unemployment rate. So far an estimated 120,000 Jordanian nationals have returned from Kuwait and other Gulf states. threatening to increase the unemployment rate to a staggering 50 per cent compared to a pre-crisis figure of 20 per cent, according to economic commentator Fahed Fanck. This does not include the 11,000 Jordanian truck drivers, who found themselves out of a job when transport between the port of Aqaba and Iraq came to a standstill. The picture became more bleak with reports that Saudi Arabia, which has barred Jordanian goods from

United Nations envoy Jean Ripert, who spent four days in Jordan assessing the impact of the crisis and sanctions on the Kingdom's economy, said:
"While the Kingdom would lose as much as 30 per cent of its Gross National Product (GNP) during 1990 and about 50 per cent in 1991 in the form of exports, higher oil prices, expatriate remittances, transit charges etc., other countries stood to lose between 1.5 per cent of their GNP as a result of

its markets, is putting up hur-dles in trans-shipment of

Jordan-bound goods from its

the Gulf crisis." At a mini-cabinet session Sunday, the government de-cided to take further measures to ban all Jordanian exports to Iraq, including food and medicines. The government wants to impose a "total blockade" in order to convince potential donors to fulfill their pledges. Medicine was, however, excluded under a special order issued Tuesday, sources said.

Some countries contend that Jordan is not fully complying with sanctions," a senior official said. "We have taken steps to stop all exports to Iraq to show our total compliance so no more excuses are given for extending assistance in accordance with Article 50 of

The official said Jordan's permanent representative to the United Nations was seeking exemptions from the sanctions committee for food and medicine exports. "We are waiting for a green light from the committee to resume the food and medicine exports to Iraq," the official said.

A legal expert close to the deliberations of the U.N. sanctions committee said some Security Council members have deliberately avoided adopting a mandatory resolution to assist Jordan.

The committee only "recommendations" for aid, thus leaving it to individual states to extend assistance on a bilateral basis. The expert explained that

because the recommendations are not binding on the member states, the aid remains on a voluntary country-to-country basis with inevitable political strings attached."

The expert pointed out that Jordan did not only need financial aid but exemptions from the trade embargo for certain vital sectors of the economy which otherwise would "col-

"What good is it if the treasury receives a few hundred million dollars while entire sectors of the economy remain paralysed?" he asked. "How can we compensate the man on the street who lost his job as a result of the embargo. Do we give him cash handouts and encourage the destruction of the economy?"

Many analysts agree that the delay by Japan, the United States and the European Community to extend aid is designed to put pressure on the Kingdom and extract political concessions.

But a senior official said: "So far, with the exception of West Germany, we have been disappointed with the international aid effort." European and American diplomats reject this assertion and blame bureaucratic delays.

Columbus was no hero, not even a nice person, biographer says

By Arthur Spiegelman

Jordan Times Staff Writer

AMMAN - Austerity mea-

sures unprecedented in Jor-

dan's recent history came into

effect earlier this month, driv-

ing bome the extent to which

Jordanians were hit by the

Gulf crisis after already being

squeezed when Iraq invaded

Almost three months into

the crisis, Jordanians are be-

ginning to live the economic

impact of the Kingdom's com-pliance with the U.N. imposed

embargo against Iraq and the

deprivation of Sandi oil sup-

plies in addition to a series of

measures widely perceived as

aimed at punishing Jordan for

its refusal to join the Amer-

ican-led military buildup

against Iraq.
The immediate effect of the

squeeze is felt in everyday life.

Commercial enterprises, with the exception of bakeries,

oharmacies, clinics and gaso-

line stations, close by 7:90

p.m., restaurants and enter-

tainment establishments call

off their day's business at 11:00

p.m., neon signs are turned off

overnight and street lights are

put off at 5:00 a.m. More than

anything else, the new mea-

sures, which ripple within day-

to-day life, have added to the

feelings of gloom and anxiety

that usually prevail in war

which include a two-day

weekend - Thursday and Fri-

day - for the public sector but

offset by the extention of gov-

erament office hours by two

hours daily, come amid a grow-

ing general dismay that foreign

economic aid to help the King-

dom face the high cost of com-

pliance with sanctions against

lraq failed to materialise to any

degree of reassurance. Com-

pensation for the high cost of

compliance with sanctions

against Iraq have failed to

Some economists dismiss the

austerity measures as too little

too late, while others underline

that it is important to impress

come through.

The austerity measures,

ZODES.

Kuwait Aug. 2.

NEW YORK — Christopher Columbus didn't know where he was going or what he found and lied about it anyway, according to a new book out to defiate the 500th anniversary of his epic

Two years from now, the world is going to give Columbus a huge party, congramlating him on proving that the world wasn't flat even though no sailor in his day

believed that anyway. He will be hailed on the 500th anniversary of his discovery of America even though the "discovery" was greeted by lots of people waiting on the shore who wound up being murdered, tor-

tured or enslaved by him. Such is the view of the social historian Kirkpatrick Sale. He

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has spent seven years investigating Columbus, pouring over the records of his voyages, analysing his journals, counting its contradictions and producing the first comprehensive biography of the explorer in almost 50 years. With biographers like 47-year-

old Sale you don't need enemies. His is the post-Watergate, post-Vietnam, post-Cold War, antiprogress, pro-environment view of the man.

Sale says Columbus was greedy, destructive, probably paranoid, possibly not Italian, and responsible not for finding a new world as much as for wrecking it by enslaving its people and plundering its resources.

That's why Sale calls his biography "The Conquest of Pa-

He says the voyage the world is getting ready to celeberate was about Columbus is fighting praised.

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all the other cultures in the world, to impose its language in their mouths, its clothes on their backs, its values in their hearts and to accumulate to itself the power that now enables it to determine nothing less than the destiny of the world."

process by which a single culture

came to dominate as never before

Strong stuff, but Columbus is not without his defenders. They have been busy bashing Sale for trying to topple their hero.

They accuse him of hating America and its European roots so much that he misses the point of what Columbus accomplished the opening of a new world and a new era for mankind,

Sale himself admits he is a

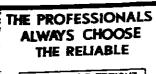
party pooper.
The worst thing about writing

"the journey that began the long against the jingoism. I come out of an era of deflating national myths. The last time a full-scale bigoraphy of Columbus was

attempted was 1943, a time of patriotism. "I came into this project with a point of view but I tried to be completely honest in presenting the facts. I came into this thinking there was a black legend involv-

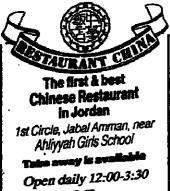
ing Columbus, but I had no idea of the character of the man." Among the things that anger Sale is Columbus greedy behaviour as he established Spain's foothold on the new world, set-

ting up Hispaniola as the new world's first colony. On landing, he claimed the land for Spain, not bothering about who really owned it. In a vear he set about enslaving the natives, whose goodness he first



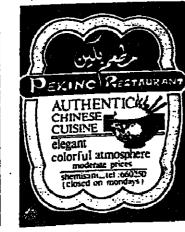
PACKING, AIR FREIGHT FORWARDING, DOOR-to DOOR SERVICES AND DELIVERIES, CUSTOMS CLEARANCE, TICKET'S AND, RESERVATIONS.

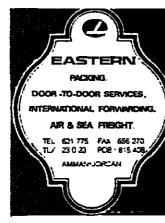




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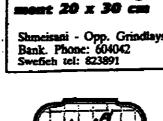
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p.m.

6:30 - Midnight













Expatriates and Businessmen





JORDAN MARKET PLACE

Today make sure that you do

nothing that can raise some friction between you and any companions but tonight harmony obtains in all

TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) It

is apt to be difficult to get along well with fellow associates during

the daytime so be tactful whereas

tonight a spirit of accord is in

GEMINE: (May 21 to June 21)

Having a pleasant time with usually congenial persons during day-

time is under a big strain so keep

pleasant but tonight you all join in happy recreations.

MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to

July 21) Coast along athoms with-

out raising any contentious issues during the day while tonight is fine for enjoying your home comforts.

LEO: (July 22 to August 21) Look

for ways to eliminate some mis-takes at whatever you are doing for

the daytime can be confusing but

tonight brings chances of success where your wish.

VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) Your judgement is not as usual where any financial commitments

France, Italy, Netherlands and Bulgaria advance in volleyball

RIO DE JANEIRO, Brazil (AP) - France defeated Canada and Bulgaria swept Sweden in sudden-death games to gain berths in the quarterfinals of the 12th World Men's Volleyball Championship.

The Netherlands and Italy captured the last two slots in the quaterfinals with victories that eliminated Japan and Czechoslovalcia, respectively.

All four teams, which finished second and third in the opening round, will pair off against the four teams that finished first in their respective groups last week. France, which won two of three first-round contests, posted a 15-3, 12-15, 17-15, 15-9 victory over Canada at Nilson Nelson Gymna-

sium in Brasilia, the capital. France controlled the pace of the match with solid defence, strong service and quick-touch setting that had Canada off stride

STOCKHOLM (R) — Former

world number one Mats Wilander

outlasted Australia's Todd

Woodbridge in the Stockholm

Open Tennis Tournament Tues-

day to set up a clash with fellow

Swede and current number one

Wilander, who has fallen from

first to 43rd place in the rankings

since he won three Grand Slam

titles in 1988, defeated the Au-

stralian qualifier 7-5, 6-7, (3-7),

Wilander and Edberg, the

Wimbledon champion and top

seed who had a first round bye,

will meet in a second round

Stefan, but if he serves well I fear

my returns will not be adequate.

My self-confidence is not good

enough right now," Wilander

The two last met in the Austra-

lian Open in January when

Edberg beat Wilander in the

semifinals, the best tournament

The 26-year-old Swede, who

STOCKHOLM (AP) — Pete

Sampras, playing his first ATP

Tour match since winning the

U.S. Open, struggled to a three-set

victory Tuesday over Swedish qualifier Rikard Bergh in the

The fourth-seeded American,

who rested three weeks last

month after a bout with shin

splits, won the second-round

Bergh is ranked only 426th in

the world after missing nine of

the last 13 months because of a

shoulder injury, but he played well early in the decisive third set

after winning the second-set tieb-

bit rusty today and I was," Sam-

Mutt'n'Jeff

JEFF, WHAT'S

WEARING?

THAT YOU'RE

"I thought I would be a little

MEDAL!

Stockholm Open.

for Wilander since 1988.

"It will be fun to play against

Stefan Edberg.

match.

set up power slams.

Bulgaria also kept its title hopes alive by blanking favoured Sweden 15-7, 15-12, 15-10. Bulgaria, which played com-.

petitively despite two of three first-round matches, dominated the Swedes with aggressive play at the net after service and tough blocking.

Heavy favourte Italy whipped Czechoslovakia in three sets, 15-6, 16-14, 15-5 to gain the third playoff berth.

Italy, with tough blocking off the serve and an aggressive, fastmoving attack, took advantage of the slower, disorganised Czech setters to win the match in 80

The Netherlands took the final quarterfinal spot with a convincing 15-4, 15-12, 15-3 over Japan. by making use of its strong front line to block at the net and slam southern city of Curitiba.

Wilander wins in Stockholm Open

received a wild card to the Stock-

holm Open, said he was encour-

aged by reaching the final two

days ago in the ATP tournament

in Lyon where he fell to Switzer-

in the past few weeks. It was fun

to play in Lyon. I don't play for

the rankings anymore, I play for fun," said Wilander, who has

been suffering from shin splints.

Another Swede, Magnus Gus-

tafsson, boosted his self-

confidence after being out for

three-months through injury

when he eliminated 11th-seeded

American Aaron Krickstein in

Gustafsson, losing finalist in

Stockholm last year to then

world number one Ivan Lendi,

defeated the American baseliner

and 1989 U.S. Open semifinalist

Krickstein was the first seeded

player to crash out of the \$1.1

million event which includes 14 of

the 16 top-ranked players in the

pras said. "I didn't play as well as

I would have liked, but I'm still

Bergh, who used to practice

with Sampras when he went to

Long Beach State on a tennis

scholarship four years ago, broke for a 2-0 lead in the third set.

But the 19-year-old Califor-

nian's feared serve-and-volley

challenged after leaving to 2-2.

again, and each match I think I'll

get better and better," Sampras

"It feels good starting playing

Michael Chang, the no. 12

WAR!

A TRUE, HO

LITTLE

DID!

seed, had a much easier match,

beating clay court specialsit Guil-

WHERE CHA IN THE ARMY GET IT? DURING THE

NEVER KNEW

THAT! WHAT'S IT

"I've improved my game a lot

land's Marc Rosset.

the second round.

Sampras struggles to win in Sweden

happy with the win."

6-2, 6-4.

to set up clash with Edberg

and allowed the French players to over their smaller opponents at

every opportunity. The four division leaders in the first round also squared off in non-eliminatory games to determine their opponents in the first quarterfinal matches, set to begin Thrusday.

Cuba pulled out its second comeback victory in the tournament by coming from two sets down to sten hom team Brazil 13-15, 16-17, 15-8, 15-8, 15-10 at Rio's Maracanazinho Stadium

In an error-filled, sluggish match, Brazil took the opening sets with strong blocking and serves. But the Cubans roared back with quick setting and a series of well-time power slams to ice the contest.

In an upset, Argentina overturned six-time world champion Soviet Union with a 15-4, 7-15, 15-11, 13-15, 15-11 victory in the

The exceptions are world num-

ber three Lendi and seventh-

ranked Austrian Thomas Muster

who is serving a three-week sus-pension as of Monday for leaving

the court in the middle of a match

In another second-round action

Tuesday, seventh-seeded Amer-

ican Brad Gilbert defeated

Switzerland's Jakob Hlasek 6-3,

not play in the controversial new \$6-million Grand Slam Cup.

not play the Grand Slam Cup

even if most of the other players

take part," Wilander said after

Wilander is among the 16 play-

ers with the best records in the

four Grand Slam championships

who have qualified for places in

the cup to be staged in Munich,

Germany, from Dec. 11 to 16.

Several top players, including Becker and McEnroe, are critical

of the cup, the richest tennis

lermo Perez-Roldan of Argentina

But another American. Jim

Courier, blew five match points

and feli 3-6, 6-3, 7-5 to no. 10

seed Andrei Chesnokov of the

Soviet Union in another second-

Courier, who made the semi-

finals here in 1988 and the quar-

ters last year, led 5-4 in the third

Chesnokov, down 15-40 with

serve, got back to deuce and

saved three more match points in

game 10, the last one on a lucky

Courier lost the new two games

YOU DID?

DO THAT?

HOW CHA

at love. Frustrated, he even

served underhanded trailing 0-40

6-4, 6-3.

round match.

net cord.

in game 11.

CHA

DO?

I SAVED THE

LIVES OF OUR

WHOLE

REGIMENT OVER THERE

beating Woodbridge.

Wilander said Tuesday he would

"My decision is definite. I will

in Prague last August.

7-6, (7-5).

reezed to three victories in the first round, was caught off guard by Argentina's quick setting and fast serves. In the tie-breaker, Argentina capitalised on Soviet errors at the net with tough blocking to run off several points

down the stretch. In consolation games, the United States downed Venezuela for its first victory in the competition, 15-5, 15-7, 14-16, 15-3, and South Korea avoided finishing last in the tournament by winning its first match of the tournament against weak Camaroon 15-10. 15-2, 15-7.

The competition, which features 16 volleyball teams from five continents, decides a berth in the 1992 Olympic Games in Barcelona. The only teams already qualified are Cuba, host country Spain and the United States, the defending Olympic champion.

WBO title

LEICESTER, England (AP)

— Left-handed American John

David Jackson floored Bri-

tain's Chris Pyatt in the 11th

around and won a unanimous

decision Tuesday to keep his

World Boxing Organisation

(WBO) leight-middleweight ti-

As if to dispel doubts follow-

ing his inconvincing previous

defence in Paris, where the

fight was declared a no-

decision, Jackson jabbed his

way to a convincing victory over the big-punching Briton.

There was a dispute over the

count in Paris, when French

challenger Martin Camara

appeared to knock the Amer-

ican out in the 11th round. The

fight at first was declared no

contest but the WBO later

declared Jackson as champion.

This time there was no mis-

The 27-year-old fighter pep

pered Pyatt's head with right-

hand jabs and built up a points lead over a British fighter who

tried to land big books and

swing sometimes aimlessly.

Jackson always looked the

better boxer and Pyatt was

overwhelmed by the Amer-

Realising he was far behind

on the judges' cards, the Bri-

ton went for a knockout finish

and paid the price when he was

floored by a short right in the

11th. He was given a standing

eight count by Puerto Rican

Puerto Rico, scored the con-

test 117 to 111, 118 to 109 and

Counting the Camara fight.

I SHOT

THE COOK!

it was Jackson's third title de-

fence and a record of 23 un-

116 to 112.

beaten contests.

The three officials, all from

ican's technical superiority.

Jackson

retains

China, UAE qualify for Asian under-16 semifinals

(AP) — China and hosts United Arab Emirates qualified for the semi-finals of the fourth Asian under-16 soccer games after playing to a scoreless draw in their final group A fixture Tuesday.

Both countries finished with five points each after two victories and a draw in their 4-team

In Tuesday's other game, India scored its first win by beating Jordan 1-0. Chandan Day netted in the only goal of the match in the 39th minute for India who are however out of the competition along with Jordan.

From Group B, Qatar are in the semi-finals and play Indone-sia in a match which will decide whether Indonesia or South Korea, who both have a point

DUBAI, United Arab Emirates each, will qualify for the last four. Meanwhile, Qatari Masseur A. Santos was suspended by the disciplinary committee and not allowed to join his team until the end of the tournament because he assaulted a touch-line judge Mon-

> Brazilian national Santos, who lost his cool during Qatar's 3-0 victory over South Kerea, also faces more disciplinary action from the Asian Football Confed-

Seven teams divided into two groups are taking part in this 10-day tournament which began Friday. Saudi Arabia have pulled out due to the current Gulf crisis.

The top three teams from this competition will qualify for the under-16 world championship in Ecuador next vear.

Soccer favourites win European Cup matches

By the Associated Press

The European soccer favourites made no mistakes as Bayern Munich, Manchester United. Barcelona and Bordeaux all won

their European Cup matches.

Bayern looked the best with a 4-0 victory at Munich in their Champions Cup match against Sredets Sofia. The Bulgarians were not only outscored but failed to capitalise on defensive mistakes by the Germans.

The Bundesliga champions could have had more goals but Olaf Thon missed a penalty in the first half.

International defender Stefan Reuter got Bayern started after just three minutes and added his second with a 62nd minute penalty. Roland Wohlfahrt and Klaus Augenthaler made the other two

Manchester United cruised to an easy 3-0 win over English fourth division side, Wrexham.

United took control with two goals in two minutes, with Gary Pallister striking a third after 59

Brian McClair started United's run by heading one in three minutes before the half after Steve Bruce had headed back a Neil Webb corner.

Two minutes later Nigel Beaumont fouled Mark Hughes

Barcelona which lost 1-0 away to Trabzonspor of Turkey in the first round, first leg, before winning 7-2 at home in the second, got a goal Tuesday from Hristo Stoichkov three minutes from

FC Magdeburg's battle with Bordeaux in their UEFA Cup second round match saw four Germans booked and one of two Frenchmen given a yellow card,

Stephane Planque, was sent off.
After Magdeburg had a goal disallowed for offside the crowd hurled bottles on the field which made the referee to confer twice with UEFA officials.

GENERAL TENDENCIES: Tie vourself down to some course of action that you are certain can help you get ahead swiftly. Don't let today's triple Moon square slow you down and be sure to stay alert.

whatever associates you can to look with you into new avenues of expression even though it may mean going a distance to get the right results.

TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) Consider well what benefits you deserve from what you have done in activities to date and try to put a

GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21) Find the most attractive and comfortable site for you to meet and confer with some influential men and let them know your ambitions for the

MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to July 21) You would be wise to make this a day when you have a special meeting with any family members about and discuss joint desire for the days ahead.

LEO: (July 22 to August 21) Any reports, writing, documents you want to put out can be very successful over a period of time so join with creative minds in getting them

VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) It is now possible for you to devise a long range schedule with a family member wherein you in-

By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation crease your prosperity by gradual

LIBRA: (September 23 to October 22) Your mind is sharp and astute in any communications or contact with other persons now and some fine lasting results can engage in

SCORPIO: (October 23 to November 21) Get in touch with tycoons who have been very prosperous they have been able to do so and follow their example.

SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 21) A very cooperative CAPRICORN: (December 22 to will need to get much advice from confidential experts.

AOUARIUS: (January 21 to February 19) So many new ideas are connected with an undertaking that interests you that experienced friends should be called upon to explain vague points to you.

PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) Take a project you have in mind that has some continuous benefits for you to a promine person and try to get approval so you can proceed with it.

While Bayern and United both

in front of the goal and Steve Bruce converted the penalty.

won at home, Barcelona and Bordezux notched up away victories, with the Spaniards defeating Fram Reykjavik of Iceland 2-1, and the French beating former East Germans FC Magdeburg 1-0.

time to beat the Icelanders.

FORECAST FOR FRIDAY OCTOBER 26, 1990

degrees.

ARIES: (March 21 to April 19) Get .

new schedule in operation.

friend or acquaintance has some excellent ideas for you to gain some cherished wish of yours but hold back until you have a plan. January 20) You have some tremendous opportunity in the world now but to make it work you

GOREN BRIDGE

DOUL	Tumeraute. Journ	
	NORTH	
	♠ A J 6	
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	401011	

EAST ₱ 9 7 4 2 ↑ A 10 8 6 ↑ 8 4 3 4 + A 5 SOUTH **∳** K Q 5

The bidding: South West North INT 2 NT Pass Pass Pass Pass Opening lead: Four of 4

We have often written about simple pin positions. Typically, dummy at your right will have 10 x x in a suit in which you hold A J 9 x and you lead the jack, hoping to find partner with the king and declarer with the queen, thus permitting you to pick up the whole suit. Not all pin situations are that simple, however, Consider this situation.

South was just a point short of a one-no-trump opening bid, so when North was able to make an

PIN IN A HAYSTACK invitational raise to two no trump South went on to game with alacri-ty. Against passive defense, declarer would have romped home.

West led the four of clubs, taken

by East's ace. One look at dummy was enough to convince East that the club suit had little future, and that spades also offered little prospect of fast tricks. That left it as a choice between which of the red suits should be attacked. Since South had shown no inter-

est in a heart contract, but had accepted partner's game invitation, he had to have a reasonable diamond suit. So East decided to bank on finding his partner with the queen of hearts, and to attack that suit. Had East routinely shifted to a

47 Carried out 49 OK city 50 Theatrical offering 51 Follows the rules

57 Lip 58 Playwright Brenden

59 St. Paul's architect

Marco -

62 Scot. landowner 63 Neck feature

64 Cockeyed 65 See sagles

DOWN

low heart, declarer would have captured West's queen with dummy's king. When West gained the lead with the king of diamonds and reverted to hearts, the defenders would be able to take only two tricks in the suit. But East put the nail in the coffin by leading the ten of hearts, taken by the jack. Now. when West got in with the king of diamonds he could return the queen of hearts, and the defenders netted three tricks in the suit for a onetrick set.

HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR THURSDAY OCTOBER 25, 1990 By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation

are concerned so put off till tonight GENERAL TENDENCIES: That when you are thinking clearly. deep seated hunch that has directed you toward new paths will LIBRA: (September 23 to October 22) Don't go after that wish that help steer you in the right direction means so much to you charing today and you will wind up with a daytime but wait till the sun goes m, then you should be able to ARIES: (March 21 to April 19) obtain it casily.

> SCORPIO: (October 23 to November 21) Put your attention on getting rid of unwanted things until the evening when you will be able to make a plan of action for much

SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 21) A usually cooperative friend has other worzies over yours on his mind and you should wait until evening before seeking a happy association.

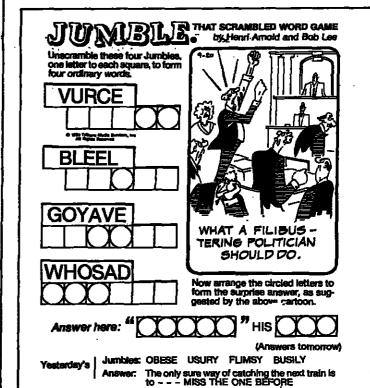
CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20) Act with caution and deliberation in making any moves in public during the daytime but then you can go after them full speed shead tonight.

AQUARIUS: (January 21 to February 19) Avoid committing yourself to a new plan of action since all facts will not be clear until even when you see projects as they

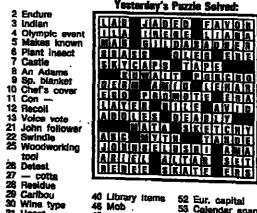
PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) You can't seem to get environmental conditions as you wish but if you put this off till evening you will find brilliant ideas will come to



peppers I tried chocolate chips!"



THE Daily Crossword by Kenneth Witte ACROSS 1 Was in the red 5 Takes a chance 10 Phyme scheme 14 Existed 15 Lyric poel 15 Supplicate 16 Supplicate 17 Secular 18 Church carolers 19 Anger 20 Anticipate anticipate another's thoughts 23 Repulsive one 24 Equivoque 25 Agitated state 28 Arabian guif 30 Comic in 34 Being 36 Task 38 Prosecutes Yesterday's Puzzle Solved: 44 Cterne 45 Goots





31 Upset
32 Distributed
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cap 57 Resort 60 Seine

Peanuts



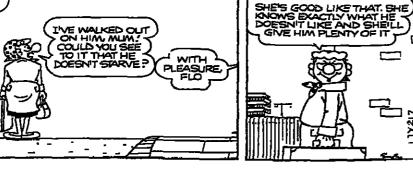
IT WAS COMPOSED BY ELLEN ZWILICH WHO, INCIDENTALLY, JUST HAPPENS TO BE A WOMAN!



Andy Capp













Serbia shakes national economy of Yugoslavia

BELGRADE, Yugoslavia (AP)

— The communist-ruled republic of Serbia has disrupted the shaky national economy by imposing duties on foreign imports and goods from its reform-minded neighbouring republics.

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The measure approved by the Serbian parliament undermined the liberal economic reforms of federal Premier Ante Markovic and appeared to push the tronbled Balkan nation one step closer to political disintegration.

The tariffs were part of an economic programme presented to the parliament by Serbian Premier Stanko Radmilovic and inchided the introduction of duties on goods imported to Serbia from abroad and from the Yugoslav republics of Slovenia and

Radmilovic said the measures would protect the Serbian economy from "disloyal domestic and foreign competition" and Markovic's "destructive poli-

Parliament's juridical commission objected to the measures as "not legally based," but parlia-ment spokesman Ivan Cumic said an article in the new Serbian constitution does give 'Serbian governmental bodies the right to act to protect Serbian interests. Radmilovic said that Croatia and Slovenia, the country's most developed regions, could no longer "count on free access to the

Serbian market." The programme said Serbia would not longer sell raw materials and electricity at subsidised prices to Slovenia and Croatia while it remains open to their finished products, which are more expensive but of better quality than Seriban-made goods.

Serbia, Yugoslavia's largest republic, also will ban or impose heavy taxes on many foreign goods. The republic has refused to eliminate some key price controls and close down moneylosing enterprises.

Radmilovic also criticised Markovic's privatisation plans and tight-monay policies. He acknowledged several

points of Tuesday's programme contradicted federal laws. But he said that was justified to keep the republic on equal footing with Slovenia and Croatia.

Chinese premier makes strong reformist speech

BELIING (R) - Chinese Pre- state, Li told the meeting. mier Li Peng, known as a hardlincr for his role in suppressing last year's pro-democracy protests, surprised foreign businessmen Wednesday with a strongly reformist speech promising major changes in the economy.

Li said there would be "drastic eforms" in China over the next 10 years, according to businessmen attending a conference organised by the World Economic Forum, a private Swiss-based foundation.

"He was trying to convey the message that in the next years there would be major reforms. He wanted to dispel any impression of stalemate or lost momen-tum," one Western businessman

The communist leadership wanted China's rural and urban private sector to expand, Li was quoted as saying.

Price reform, a sensitive issue which has been put on the backburner during a two-year austerity programme, would go ahead with the aim of eventually allowing all commodity prices to be dictated by the market and not the

Li's remarks were in sharp contrast to a policy-making speech published in official newspapers last week in which he spoke of cautious reforms and made no mention of price reform or the

His hour-long speech - made without notes - was closed to forign reporters.

Businessmen at the conference noted that Li was speaking to an audience of potential investors and that China was desperate for foreign capital.

Li was clearly speaking about economic reform and not political

Diplomats analysing the struggle within the Communist Party over who will take power after the death of 86-year-old senior leader Deng Xiaoping said recent public statements appeared to indicate that reformist ideas were in the ascendant

"I had the perception of a movement forward on an ad hoc basis with liberalisation. I did not get the feeling from Li's speech of a grand scheme of reform," the Western businessman said.

Motorola unveils wireless computer connections speed data communications in the be pocket-sized, while those used

NEW YORK (AP) - Motorola Inc. unveiled radio technology Tuesday that it says will easily connect computers and other electronic gear inside buildings and eliminate office wiring.

"The technology makes possible a whole family of high-speed wireless communications systems and components to be introduced by the company over the next decade," Motorola said in showing off the wireless in-building network breakthrough at a news briefing in New York.

Bernard Smedley, senior vice president and general manager of the company's radio-telephone systems group, told the briefing the new system "makes highoffice or other in-building environments truly practical, cost effective and achievable."

Several companies already offer wireless computer networks, but they are much slower than wired versions, producing delays in sending information from one computer user to

Motorola says it has eliminated this bottleneck in its new wireless in-building network product by using new technologies and radio frequencies allocated by the Federal Communications Com-

mission in April.

in other wireless systems are the size of a dishwasher

The system will cost more to install than traditional wired computer connections, but it should be lower over the lifetime of such systems because of the rewiring costs later saved when computers are moved. Motorola said.

use that an employee could move a computer himself from one area of an office to another just by unplugging it from the radio de-

nission in April. The technology is similar to In addition, the radio devices that used in cellular phones, but used in the Motorola system will the electronic "cells" are much

smaller. Each floor or department of an office building would have a radio transmitter-receiver, which would send data by radio waves to the individual computers in its area. In turn, these transceivers would be linked to each other by radio waves.

The technology is designed to replace the wire used in popular hard-wire computer networking systems, such as the ethernet system developed by Xerox Corp. But it will not replace the networking technology itself that will still be retained in the

The technology is designed to work with all types and brands of

assets

NEW YORK (AP) - Pan Am Corp., one of the weakest of U.S. airlines, will sell important trans-Atlantic routes and other assets to larger rival UAL Corp. for \$400 million, the companies announced Tuesday.

The agreement came after fruitless efforts by Pan Am to find a merger partner or buyer for the airline. Pan Am pioneered world air travel more than a halfcentury ago but lost handreds of millions of dollars over the past decade of heightened competition inspired by airline deregula-

It also marks a major expan sion by UAL, the parent of Chicago-based United Airlines, which bought Pan Am's prized Pacific routes five years ago for \$750 million.

Executives of both airlines. announcing the transaction at a news conference, said it provides for UAL to acquire Pan Am's U.S.-London routes, except for those landing in Miami and De-

It also provides for UAL to buy gates, hangar and office space at San Francisco and Washington's Dulles International Airport, two Boeing 747 Jumbo jets and spare

The agreement coincided with increased financial pressure on all airlines because of a spectacular jump in fuel prices caused by the Gulf crisis. Most carriers have raised ticket prices to help deflect the cost but many are expected to lose money or barely break even for the rest of the year.

Pan Am's problems have been compounded by its protracted losses preceding the Gulf crisis, as well as a simmering dispute with union employees

Pan Am Gulf countries reportedly sells key cancel \$7b Egyptian debt

approved Bush's request. The

White House asked for forgive-

ness of the debt in recognition for

by Egypt as a result of Iraq's

invasion of Kuwait and for its

support of the U.S.-led military

A senior Egyptian official told

Egypt, Washington's closest

celling Egypt's debt to Gulf states

Arab ally, is the largest recipient

of U.S. aid after Israel, but often

suffers acute shortages of the hard currency needed to service

buildup in the Gulf.

were under way.

CAIRO (R) — Four Gulf states have cancelled some \$7.7 billion owed by Egypt, Egyptian newspapers said, while Cairo expressed optimism Congress would this week decide to write off a further 57.1 billion owed to the United

Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak said Tuesday he was optimistic U.S. legislators would endorse a plan by President George Bush to write off Cairo's military debt.

"That would relieve us of annual payments of \$1.2 billion,"
Mubarak told Egyptian troops deployed in the United Arab Emirates (UAE).

Egyptian state-run dailies said Qatar, the UAE, Saudi Arabia and Kuwait's toppled government had all decided to cancel the

U.S. economic and military aid Cairo has said it stands to lose trade with Iraq and Kuwait, and a cut in remittances by some two million Egyptians working in Iraq and Kuwait.

the economic hardship incurred Mubarak, who is on a Gulf tour, said the drive to have Egypt's debts cancelled was not linked to the Gulf crisis and Cairo's participation in the U.S.led military buildup in the region. Reuters last week talks on can-

An International Monetray Fund (IMF) team is holding talks in Cairo on economic reforms in return for a standby accord which would allow Egypt to start negotiations to reschedule part of its \$50 billion foreign debt.

loans and finance food imports. It receives about \$2.3 billion of Egyptian officials said the two sides were close to an agreement and that rescheduling with the Paris Club of creditor nations could start before the end of the some \$4.5 billion in falling Suez

Kremlin minister calls on Saudis to invest in Soviet economy

NICOSIA (R) - A Soviet government minister called on Saudi Arabia to sink some of its oil money into his country's "profitable" economy.

The Saudi Press Agency quoted Soviet Foreign Economic Relations Minister Konstantin Katushev as telling reporters in Riyadh: "We are in the course of drawing up new Soviet legislation to encourage foreign investments from all parts of the world. Accordingly, I call on Saudi businessmen and commercial circles in the kingdom to invest their big financial resources in the pro-

fitable Soviet economy." Katushev said: 'The Soviet economy is currently moving from central organisation to mar-

Soviet leader Mikhail Gorbachev, under pressure from shortages and falling living standards at home, is looking abroad for financial help. He is anxious to secure new credits, desperately needed following parliament's approval last week of a plan to establish a market economy.

SPA quoted the Saudi minister of commerce, Suleiman Al Salim, as saying "the very big developments in the last five years have changed and improved relations with a big country such as the Soviet Union.'

He said: "We look forward to improving the scope of possible cooperation with the Soviet Union. Undoubtedly, there are big

American industry weakens

WASHINGTON (R) - Orders for durable goods feil a sharp 1.7 per cent in September because of a drop in demand for cars as well as lower defence orders, the U.S. Commerce Department said Wednesday. The September decline followed a revised 0.8 per cent fall in orders during August and reinforced the impression of a steadily slowing American economy. Durable goods are a key part of the U.S. manufacturing sector, and orders for the bigticket items are closely watched as an indicator of the economy's health. Last month's drop in orders was much steeper than anticipated by Wall Street economists.

AMMAN EXCHANGE RATES

Wednesday, October 24, 1990 Central Bank official rates

Prench trace Bay "≈'Sell | Preside transc | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128.7 | 128 1271.2 1278.8

LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON (R) — Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midsession on the London foreign exchange and bullion markets Wednesday.

1.9440/50 One U.S. dollar 1.1700/10 1.5190/95 1.7115/25 1.2790/2800 31.21/26 5.0830/80 1137/1138 128.85/95 5.6300/50 5.9045/95

US dollar Canadian dollar Deutschemarks Dutch guilders Swiss francs Belgian francs French francs Italian lire Japanese yen Swedish crowns Norwegian crowns 5.7975/8025 Danish crowns One ounce of gold 370.50/371.00 U.S. dollars

WORLD STOCK MARKETS

TOKYO - Tokyo stocks closed lower as investors took advantage of a weaker yen to take profits. The Nikkei index was down 421.42 to 24,876.88.

SYDNEY - A slide on Wall Street overnight and losses on the Tokyo market sent Australian shares to a weaker close in lifeless trade. The all ordinaries index closed 6.4 down at 1376.7. HONG KONG - Profit-taking in response to a surge on Tuesday dragged stocks generally lower. The Hong Seng index inded 39.15

ower at 3,042.08 SINGAPORE — The Singapore stock market closed on a mixed note as buyers returned in the afternoon to crase early losses. The straits times ended 1.05 points higher at 1,210.95.

BOMBAY — Stockbrokers boycotted trading on the Bombay stock exchange for the second day in protest against a ban on forward trading. FRANKFURT — German prices ended a volatile session lower, as a strong mid-session rally sputtered and prices, which had been up 1.2 per cent earlier, ended 1.4 per cent lower. The Dax index

bropped 20.52 points to 1,493.82. PARIS — Higher oil prices and profit-taking helped knock the Paris bourse lower in slow trading on the first day of the November account. The CAC-40 index fell 8.93 to 1,667.24. LONDON - The market fell, depressed by the lower start to Wall Street and higher oil prices. Marks and Spencer ended down

ahead of next week's half-year results while chemical stocks were

easier ahead of Thursday's ICI third quarter results. The FISE

finished at 2,110.5, down 16.5 points. NEW YORK - Blue chips moved a bit higher while the broad market remained under pressure in early afternoon. The Dow rose about nine to 2503.

Institutes forecast rise in joblessness in eastern Germany BONN, Germany (AP) - Nearly' work and 1.75 million on shor-

once East Germany may lose tutes. their jobs or be forced to shorten their hours by next year, Germany's five leading economic institutes have said.

It was one of the gloomiest employment forecasts ever for the east of Germany.

The institutes also said economic growth is slowing in what used to be West Germany, and that growth for the whole nation will likely reach only 1.5 per cent in 1991.

Economics Minister Helmut Haussmann and Finance Minister Theo Waigel said investment in East Germany will quickly lead to the creation of new jobs. The five institutes said about

Germany are known to be either iobless or working shortened The figures are expected to

1.1 million people in former East

peak next year to 1.7 million jobless and two million working short hours, according to the report. Average numbers for all of next year will probably be about 1.4 million without any

half of the workers in what was tened work weeks, said the insti-

People in eastern Germany are losing their jobs because of the inability of many aging factories and businesses to compete in the new free market.

duction in eastern Germany will stabilise by the middle of 1991, immediately benefit.

The report said the economic transformation of former East Germany is occurring more slowthan expected.

It said the major reasons are a

Former East Germany has a

work force of about 8.4 million. The report predicted that pro-

but that the job market won't

slow rate of privatisation, ques-

tions of property ownership, the continued existence of "monopolistic operations" and difficulties in "building up a public sector that is capable of achievement." "The necessary transformation

of the east German economy will need much time," said the report. The institutes also said a slowdown of the world economy and shrinking exports will limit Germany's overall growth.

Kodak brings colour photos to desktop publishing systems

Kodak Co. is bringing its new ing to be a whole new indust photographic compact disc to desktop computer publishing with hopes the new technology will catch on with those who want to produce splashy documents with full color pictures and graphics.

Kodak announced Tuesday a line of products and standards that will the the CDS to the desktop publishing systems that have mushroomed in popularity in recent years. The announcement came a months after Kodak unveiled a system that stores photographs electronically on CDS and displays them on television screens.

Kodak said it is teaming with a number of leading computer and software companies, including International Business Machines Corp., Apple Computer Inc. and Adobe Systems Inc., to help

popularise the system. Kodak also announced a \$1,500 color printer to be used to make paper copies of the photographs and text from IBM and Apple computers and compatible

NEW YORK (AP) — Eastman "We see desktop color imagsaid John P. White, an executive at the Rochester-based company who is in charge of the new-

White said Monday the new desktop publishing system is the commercial version of the photo CD system announced in September. In that, amateur photo-graphers would have their filmdeveloped and the images put on CDS by proffessional photo-

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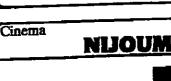
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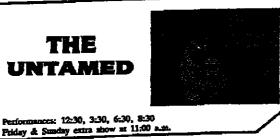


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It was not immediately clear

whether the Rwandan govern-

ment had agreed to this duration.

power in Rwanda, sent 600 para-

troopers to the capital Kigali on

Oct. 5 to protect Belgian nation-

Martens, whose coalition gov-

ernment has been under strain

over the presence of the para-troopers, held a series of meet-

ings with leaders of the region last

due in great part to our initia-tive," he said Wednesday before

flying home with his two minis-

region this week for meetings

with Ugandan President Yoweri

Museveni, Tanzanian President

Ali Hassan Mwinyi and Kenyan

He said it was impossible to say

then the Belgian troops would

leave. A decision would be taken

at a Belgian cabinet meeting Fri-

Last week the Belgian govern-

ment said the paratroopers would

remain until a ceasefire was in

Meanwhile Habyarimana,

Museveni, Mwinyi and Zairean

President Mobutu Sese Seko

were meeting Wednesday in the

Zairean town of Gbadolite to

The Sangbad reported that 250

people were injured in the north

and northwestern areas of

Mymensingh, Narail, Madaripur,

Sirajganj, Ishwardi and Raishahi.

According to United News, another 50 people were injured in the southern district of Chitta-

gong when students rampaged

through the streets, damaging

buses and cars and stoning police.

disperse the students, it said.

earlier this month during rioting

Eight protesters were killed

discuss the conflict.

President Daniel Arap Moi.

Martens had returned to the

"If a ceasefire is a reality it is

week to press for a ceasefire.

Belgium, the former colonial

9 killed in clashes during strike to bring down Indian government

NEW DELHI (AP) — At least nine people were killed Wednesday in riots and clashes with police during a nationwide strike called by a right-wing Hindu party that is trying to bring down Prime Minister V.P. Singh's gov-

Singh said he would try to prove he still can muster a majority in parliament despite the defection of the Bharatiya Janata Party (BJP) that left his coalition without a majority. If he cannot, India will soon face new elec-

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Singh said his showdown in parliament must be delayed until the first week of November because of "the prevailing law-andorder situation.

The reports of violence during Wednesday's strike came mostly from small cities and towns in western and southern India where both Hindus and Muslims

The violence and the political crisis were precipitated when Lal Krishna Advani, president of the Bharatiya Janata Party, was arrested at sunrise Tuesday while leading a cross-country caravan to build a Hindu temple on ground now occupied by a 16thcentury Muslim mosque

Five people died Tuesday night in riots in the western state of

Another eight people were killed Wednesday during riots and clashes between police and Hindu demonstrators in Jainur, the Raiasthan state capital which lies between Gujarat and New Delhi. United News of India (UNI) reported.

One man was stabbed to death during a clash in the southern state of Karnataka, UNI said. Clashes, stone-throwing and arson also were reported in Bom-

bay and other major towns. In New Delhi, many stores were closed and the city government pulled its 4,000 buses off the streets. Police stepped up patrols and reported making more than 400 "preventive arrests" in the

interest of public safety. News reports say as many as 50,000 people have been legally detained in the last two weeks in notential trouble spots.

Singh, who took office nearly 11 months ago, told reporters he would try to prove he has the parliamentary majority he needs to remain in power. In the past, his centrist National Front relied on the support of the 88-seat Bharatiya Janata Party to pass

The prime minister said President Ramaswamy Venkataraman had agreed to call parliament into session "within a week after Oct.

Oct. 30 is the date set by Hindu holy men and political leaders to start constructing the temple on the site now occupied by a mosque in Ayodhya, 500 kilometres southeast of New Delhi.

Advani ignored Singh's pleas to call off his temple campaign. A few hours after he was arrested, his party withdrew its support for Singh's government.
The Bharatiya Janata Party, or

Indian People's Party, proclaims itself to be a nationalist organisation that cannot deny the "Hindu nature" of India. Eighty-two per cent of India's 880 million people are

Muslims, who make up 12 per cent of the population, fear the destruction or relocation of the Ayodhya mosque would have a snowball effect on hundreds of other Muslims sites across the

Singh took office last December at the head of a minority government whose survival was based on the support of the oppospectrum: Advani's Hindu traditionalists and the left front, a Communist-led alliance of small

The largest single party in parliament is the Congress Party of former Prime Minister Rajiv Gandhi, whose five years in power ended last November when he failed to win a parliamentary

Singh's National Front won only 141 seats to Gandhi's 210 in the 522-seat parliament. But Singh capitalised on widespread discontent with Gandhi and cobbled together an informal coalition of centrists, Communists and Hindu right-wingers.

Meanwhile Gandhi is once

more centre stage in Indian politics as elections appear certain to decide the fate of the man who displaced him as prime minister 11 months ago. "The picture is still unclear."

Gandhi said with a confident smile which belied his words when the BJP withdrew support for Singh's government Tuesday. Singh will hope to split Gandhi's Congress Party by pressing for a conscience vote in a motion of confidence at special par-

liamentary session next month. Sälvador rebels kill 2 children

SAN SALVADOR, El Salvador

bombs feil at dusk about 175 metres short of the sprawling military compound on a house in the neighbourhood of San Fran-

The bodies of Natalie Salazar, 9, and her brother Gerardo, about 16, were found in the rubble of the big house in the affluent neighbourhood.

Magdalena Salazar, identified by the authorities as the dead children's mother, and Vilma Molina, their aunt, were taken from the home in ambulances. Some neighbours said they believed the children had been visiting from the United States and could have been U.S. citizens, but embassy authorities said both the fatalities were Salvadorans.

Farabundo Marti National Liberation Front hit their target with the powerful homemade artillery dubbed "tepezcuintles,"

that shares the compound with the Defence Ministry, was asked if the target of the attack was the

what was the target, but the result, the deaths of these children and the destruction," he

IRA kills 6 British soldiers, iniures 27 in blasts

BELFAST (R) - The IRA killed six British soldiers and injured 27 people in simultaneous bomb attacks on two Northern Ireland security checkpoints Wednesday.

The Irish Republican Army (IRA) fighting to oust Britain from Northern Ireland, admitted responsibility in a statement for killing five soldiers in Londonderry and another in an attack on a post near the border town of

In the bloodiest attack on British security forces in Northern Ireland this year, civilians were forced to drive vehicles loaded and primed with explosives to the checkpoints, police said.

Police said the man forced to drive his bomb-laden car to the Londonderry checkpoint was missing. His car was obliterated when the bomb went off. He and his family had been taken hostage

In Newry, a 65-year-old man was forced to drive a van to the checkpoint after his family was also taken hostage. As he stopped, he got out and shouted: "There's a bomb in the van."

Before police and troops had time to clear the area, the bomb exploded, killing one soldier and injuring 10. The driver's leg was

British forces had been expecting a major revenge attack after undercover soldiers shot dead two leading IRA gunmen in an ambush two weeks ago.

The blasts appear to have been carefully coordinated by two separate "active service units" eager to prove that attacks can be mounted when and where they

Police and army spokesmen said six soldiers were killed in the pre-dawn blasts. Fifteen members of the security forces and 12 civilians were injured.

Rescue services ferrying casualties to hospital by helicopter had to be wary in case boobytrap bombs had been left behind to trap security forces in followup operations.

In Londonderry, three soldiers were killed instantly when a massive blast ripped through the security checkpoint. Two more died on the way to hospital and six are in hospital in serious con-

A passing motorist was treated for shock and 25 neighbouring aged. Hundreds of families had to be evacuated from their homes.

Cattle dealer Paddy Collins who lives near the Newry checkpoint, said: "We were in bed. There was an awful bang and blue lightning outside." "All the windows came in. We

were afraid to go out. But we heard soldiers running outside, literally screaming. They were frightened for their lives."

He, his wife and three children were showered with glass from shattered windows. "It is a miracle none of us were hurt. I feel lucky to be alive," he said. Security reinforcements

promptly saturated the area and helicopters swooped low over the scene of the blast. Traffic to Dublin was diverted off the main border road and long

queues built up at other crossings

whether Rwanda had accepted had already violated the truce. the rebel proposal for a ceasefire "Foreign Minister Casimir lasting three weeks, or whether Bizimungu told me in a telephone they planned a different timecall that Rwanda accepted a ceasefire from 10 a.m. (0800 GMT) today. But he said that unfortu-Martens, who said Tuesday the rebels were suggesting a threenately the ceasefire has already week truce, said he did not know

ceasefire against a rebel force in east.

the northeast, but said the rebels

A rebel force consisting mainly of exiled members of Rwanda's minority Tutsi tribe who described the Ugandan army invaded the small central African state from neighbouring Uganda on Oct. 1. Eyskens, in Nairobi with Prime

been violated by the rebels,

Eyskens told reporters in Nairo-

Minister Wilfried Martens and Defence Minister Guy Coeme to press for a ceasefire, said Bizimungu had told him the rebels' violation pointed up the need for a monitoring force to ensure the truce was observed. "Belgium believes this should

be an African force, probably arranged through the Organisation of African Unity (OAU)," Evskens said. "We think an efficient ceasefire

is a precondition to negotia-He said Belgium would be pre-

pared to provide logistical and inancial support to a monitoring force, but not troops. Eyskens said the Rwandan

government had apparently accepted the rebel condition that military positions be frozen for the duration of the ceasefire.

"As I understand it there is no demand (by Rwanda) for a withdrawal of the rebels, so it is an on-the-spot ceasefire," Eyskens

On Monday, President Juvenal

ing for President Hussain

Muhammad Ershad's resignation

clashed with police and govern-

ment supporters during nation-

wide demonstrations, leaving 300

people injured, news reports said

Wednesday. Violence öccurred in at least 25

of Bangladesh's 460 rural districts

Tuesday in opposition-sponsored

protests, United News of Bang-

ladesh and the Bengali-language

The demonstrations outside

Dhaka were intended to broaden

the opposition's renewed cam-

paign for Ershad to step down

newspaper Sangbad reported.

300 hurt in Bangladesh

DHAKA (AP) — Protesters call- a caretaker government.

anti-government protest

COLUMN BUILD Belgium blames Rwandan rebels for truce violation NAIROBI (R) — Belgian Foreign Minister Mark Eyskens said Wednesday the Rwandan government had told him it had begun a ment had told him it had begun a ment had told him it had begun a

Tahiti will not turn over Cheyenne Brando for trial

LOS ANGELES (R) — French authorities in Tahiti are refusing to turn over actor Marion Brain do's daughter Cheyenne to be witness at the murder trial of he half-brother, accused of killing her boyfriend, a California prosecutor said Tuesday. Deputy dis-trict attorney William Clark told reporters he had asked Tahitian authorities to release Cheyenne 20, but they had insisted on going through diplomatic channels. The former fashion model was to have been the prosecution's star with ness in the case against Christian Brando, a 32-year-old unem ployed welder accused of shoot ing to death Cheyenne's 26-year-old boyfriend, Dag Drollet. An thorities in Tahiti, which is in French Polynesia, are investigating Cheyenne's role in the death of Drollet, who is a Tahitian, and have laid charges against her in connection with the killing. cheyenne, who was born in Tah ti and is a French citizen, went to Tahiti shortly after the shooting to have her baby, fathered by Drollet. Christian, Marlon Brando's eldest son, has pleaded near guilty to murdering Drollet dur ing an argument last May at the actor's Hollywood mansion. He told police the gun went of accidentally as he and Drolle

2 more Soviet cities get original names

MOSCOW (R) — The Russian parliament has decided to give their original names to two more cities, TASS news agency saids. Tuesday. The eastern city Gority. will revert to being called Nizhing Novgorod. Parliament also en dorsed a decision by the Autonicomous Republic of North Ossens that Ordzhonikidze should once again be called Vladikavkar

Princess Anne banned from driving

LONDON (R) — Princess American fined £150 (\$295) and banned from driving for a month after short was caught speeding twice near her home in south-west England. It was the second speeding con-viction for the 49 year-old pains cess, Queen Elizabeth's only Most injuries occurred when daughter, and the latest in a police used steel-tipped batons to series of traffic violations by members of the royal family. A court in the country town of Stow-On-The-Wold also ordered the princess, who admitted the charges through her lawyers, to pay £10 (\$20) in costs. Traffic police caught her breaking the 66 miles per hour (97 km per hour) limit twice in one week along country roads near Gatcombe Park, her Gloucestershire home clocking her at 90 mph (145 kph) on one occasion. Princess Anne. who drives a Reliant Scimitar sports car, was fined in 1976 for driving at nearly 100 mph (160 koh) on a British motorway. Pive years earlier she had been warned twice for racing along motorways. Her lawyers said the princess, who was not in court, regretted the latest offences. Several other British royals have had brushed with the traffic police. Princess Diana, wife of heir to the throne Prince Charles, was caught driving at nearly twice the speed limit in London earlier this month but got off with a warning.

Church singer's voice lands her in iail

SAN ANTONIO, Texas (R) All Elojia Macias wanted to do was to sing hymns in church, even if she invented her own lyrics and as her voice contrasted with those of the choir — and it landed her in jail. When the 34-year-old parishioner walked to the alter at Our Lady of Sorrows Catholic Church in San Antonio, Texas, and began to sing, Father Alexander Wangler had her arrested. The parish priest had obtained an injunction from state district Injunction from State Macias
Judge John Specia barring Macias from singing at mass after the woman, a member of the congregation for more than a year, allegedly disrupted the choirs performances by singing her own off-key interpretations of hymns. She was taken to Bexar County Jail but Father Wangler paid a \$400 bond to secure her release after extracting from Macias a promise that she would remain silent during services. Macias says God commanded her to sing in the church, using lyrics the pastor says contrast with the choir efforts, but parishioners spoke disparagingly of her musical ear. "The Father can't prohibit me from being where I want to be Macias told reporters before her arrest. "I shouldn't be blamed for having a voice different that

Multi-party system ruled out in Albania broader range of official orga-

TIRANA, Albania (AP) — Albania, the last hard-line Commanist country in Europe, published a draft election law Tuesday that for the first time permits secret ballots and multiple candi-

But a legal expert said the reforms were not a prelude to introducing a multi-party system.

The draft law, to be discussed by the current Communistcontrolled legislature in November, would permit several candi-

dates to contest each of parlia-

ment's 250 seats and allow a

Secretary Elizabeth Dole will res-

ign to head the American Red

Cross and become the first of

President George Bush's cabinet

secretaries to step down, an

administration source said Tues-

ranking woman in the U.S. gov-

ernment, had been rumoured for

months to be considering a move.

Late Tuesday, aides had not

nailed down a time for the official

Mrs. Dole was credited by

organised labour with easing the

an underground organisation

loyal to deposed dictator Manuel Antonio Noriega is training for

subversive activities in western

The group calls itself the De-

cember 20 Movement — M-20 for

short — and is organised into

three camps, the chief prosecutor

in Chiriqui province, Emilio de

Leon, said in a report to the

One camp is located near the

Chiriqui village of Las Nubes and another near La Vaca, both a few-

recruited into the three camps,

Panama.

Mrs. Dole, 54, the highest-

Elizabeth Dole resigning to

head American Red Cross

WASHINGTON (AP) - Labour Ronald Reagan.

nisations to propose candidates than in the past.

Besides the ruling Albanian Labour Party (Communist Party), the draft says the Communist-run Democratic Front Organisation, the Youth Organisation and trade unions can also propose candidates.

The draft measures, plastered across the front of the party daily Zeri I Popullit, also provide for a secret ballot. No date for the elections has been set.

Still, she offered few new in-

itiatives and labour leaders com-

plained that she was not a part of

the U.S. government's decision-

For instance, John Sununu, Bush's chief of staff, took the

lead on last year's minimum wage

negotiations with Congress, not

Mrs. Dole, Labour officials have

An American Red Cross offi-

De Leon said in the report he

received his information from

souurces in Chiriqui province,

who insisted on anonymity. The

report could not be immediately

confirmed through independent

takes its name from the date last

December when U.S. troops in-

vaded Panama to oust Noriega.

Noriega surrendered and was

The December 20 Movement

making process.

hostilities that had existed be- but said a new president was

tween unions and the government expected to be nominated at a

Pro-Noriega underground

group training in Panama

PANAMA CITY, Panama (AP) smuggled through the sparsely — A justice official has said that patrolled Costa Rican border.

sources.

headed by former President weekend meeting.

Publication of the law - first publicly outlined Oct. 9 seemed timed to coincide with the arrival of scores of journalists and diplomats for a meeting of Balkan Foreign Ministers, the first high-level international gathering in Albania in decades.

In the wake of Eastern Europe's anti-Communist revolutions, Albania has taken steps this year to modify its strict Stalinist system and has emerged from its self-imposed internation-

4 killed in violent **Philippines**

MANILA (R) - At least four people were killed Wednesday when radicals with bombs and guns backing a left-wing strike halted transport in major Philip-

pine cities. Strikers stabbed a driver and conductor to death after burning cial, Barbara Lohman, said she could not confirm Mrs. Dole's their bus, one of at least 18 plans to head the organisation, vehicles destroyed around the country. Other radicals shot and wounded three policemen..

Soldiers shot and killed two Communist guerrillas after rebels set fire to a bus north of Manila, officials said.

Unions called the strike to demand a 38-peso (\$1.5) raise in the basic daily wage and the return of oil prices to levels before September average increases of 1.42 pesos (5.4 cents) a litre, which the

government says it cannot afford. General Renato de Villa, armed forces chief of staff, told a news conference the army would stay on full alert to prevent attempts to use the strike to destabilise the government.

Communists wanted to exploit the strike to create "an insurrectionary situation and orders have been issued to their operatives to support (it) with armed activity," taken to Miami where he is being

held for trial on drug trafficking Officials said the military ordered eight batallions of anti-riot troops to Manila to help keep President Corazon Aquino's

> ment would use force if necessary against strikers. "The aim of these people is to create political instability... that can lead to overthrowing this government," Tomas Gomez told reporters. "We have to defend ourselves... if force is needed to

press secretary said the govern-

force must be (used)." Police arrested a score of strikers, who threw home-made bombs, blocked roads and barricaded the port.

uphold the constitution then

"They say this is a people's strike but this is no longer a people's strike. This is a strike by the left against the people." Defence Secretary Fidel Ramos told radio interviewer.

Many drivers refused to work. Major bus companies cancelled services. Armed soldiers drove buses but thousands of commuters were stranded.

Only four of the 28 companies in the Bataan export processing zone west of Manila were working, zone officials said. Officials of Atlas Consolidated

Mining and Development Corp, the country's largest copper producer, said they could not check the mine in Cebu, 570 kilometres south east of Manila, because telephone operators were on

in botched bomb attack

(AP) - Leftist rebels Tuesday killed two children and wounded two other civilians in a botched homemade mortar attack on the Defence Ministry compound. Two powerful mortar-type

The attack came six days after similar homemade mortars were used in an attack on the main air force base on the capital's eastern

In that attack, rebels of the a native wild pig.

The bombs are made of refillable propane gas containers filled with explosives. Each one weighs

about 40 pounds.

Col. Mauricio Vargas, subchief of the Joint Chiefs of Staff

"What should concern us is not

for U.N. investigator's visit BANGKOK (AP) - Burmese has not yet been announced authorities are preparing for the according to the Rangoon source visit of a human rights expert by who requested anonymity in a sprucing up the notorious Insein telephone interview from Bang-

Burma spruces up prison

and call a general election under in the capital.

Prison, and preparing a videotape on the nation's leading dissident, a source said Wednesday. The independent United Na-

tions expert, Sadako Ogata of Japan, is to investigate charges that soldiers torture political opponents at the prison, and will examine the government's failure to probe the 1988 killings of thousands of pro-democracy demonstrators, a U.N. spokesman in New York said earlier this month.

Mrs. Ogata is expected to visit Rangoon in early November, as surveillance increased sharply. although the date of her arrival Meanwhile, workmen have

been whitewashing the walls of Insein Prison, the maximum security facility just outside Ran-goon that she is expected to visit, the source said, speaking on condition of anonymity. The U.N. investigator also is expected to ask to meet with

Burma's leading dissident, Aung San Suu Kyi, who remains under house arrest even though her National League for Democracy won a majority of seats in May parliamentary elections.

U.S. plans slow military withdrawal in Asia WASHINGTON (AP) — The month. "It dampens down the U.S. have been scrambling to

Soviets are withdrawing, Koreans and Filipinos are protesting and costs in Japan are enormous. But the United States says any reduction of its big troop presence in Asia will be slow and limited. Critics accuse the U.S. De-

fence Department of looking for new threats now that the Soviet Union has begun major pullouts of troops, ships and aircraft east of the Ural Mountains. Backers of a strong U.S. force say it will prevent any country

from dominating the region and ensure that the world's richest trade routes remain open. in February, Defence Secretary Dick Cheney announced a 10 per cent cut in Asian-based troops over three years, and the latest round of planned bases

closings includes nine small facili-

ties in South Korea and one in A U.S. military sopkesman in Hawaii, Lt. Col. Thomas Boyd, said very few soldiers actually have been removed from Asia to

"We're still in the stage of deciding who's going to be moved," he said.

Chency says the bulk of American forces will stay. "I think our presence in the Western Pacific is in everybody's a Soviet invasion is no longer

enthusiasm others might feel if, in fact, the United States wasn't there in terms of their desire to move in and fill the vacuum." The United States now has

50,000 military personnel in Japan. 44.400 in South Korea and 14.800 in the Philippines. An additional 25,800 are on ships of the Japan-based U.S. Seventh The main justification for a big U.S. presence in Asia has shifted

from one of defence against Soviet aggression to a role that a Defence Department report describes as "regional balancer, honest broker and ultimate security guarantor." Noting that cross-Pacific trade

totals more than 300 billion dollars a year - 50 per cent more than U.S.-European trade — the report says, "it is in our own best interest to help preserve peace and stability."

Other justifications include continued racial and ethnic tensions, unresolved territorial dispute, advancing weapons technology, continued arms sales and illegal drug trafficking.

Critics say Asians can protect themselves. "Since the cold war is over and interest," he said in a speech last credible, military officials in the

find new enemies and threats to justify maintaining extensive military forces in the Pacific," said a report by the private Centre for Defence Information.

The Centre, led by retired senior military officers, long has been critical of U.S. military buildups around the world. It issued successive reports in recent months calling for U.S. troop withdrawals from Japan, Korea and the Philippines. The key exception to official

support of the U.S. presence among America's Asian allies has emerged in the Philippines, where talks are to resume next month over the two largest U.S. foreign bases, Clark Air Base and Subic Bay Naval Base.

President Corazon Aquino has called for an "orderly withdrawal" of U.S. forces despite the thousands of jobs and hundreds of millions of aid dollars linked to the bases. Philippine Foreign Secretary Raul Manglapus said his country wants to take over Clark next year and also is seek-

ing reductions at Subic. U.S. negotiator Richard U.S. military presence is ending.

phasedown, not a phaseout. Even before the talks, the Un-tructuring.

other sites and has received an offer for more access to Singa-Meanwhile, the U.S. goal is to

get Japan to pay more of U.S. force's expenses and South Korea to both pay and assume a leading role in its own defence over the next five to 10 years. Critics in South Korea, includ-

ing student demonstrators, say the U.S. military poses an obsta-cle to requification with Communist North Korea. In contrast to the U.S. reluctance to withdraw, the Soviets are

cutting forces by 40 per cent in U.S. officials confirm that Moscow is removing 50 ships from the Pacific and withdrawing from the former U.S. base at Cam Ranh Bay, Vietnam. Soviet spokesman Gennady Gerasimov said Soviet facilities "will be re-

shoppers. Three Soviet air regiments already have been removed and 11 more are scheduled to leave, a U.S. military report said.

placed by mosquitoes and gras-

The report cautioned, however Armitage said the era of a big that Soviet planes and armaments are being modernised and both-But he spoke only of a ber and strategic interceptor units remain unaffected by the res-

miles from the border with Costa In what appeared to be a related incident, police said they Rica, the report said. De Leon provided a copy of his report to found a bus Sunday which had M-20 painted on it. Five gunmen the Associated Press. had earlier stopped the bus on an A third is located near the city of David, at the mouth of the isolated mountain road in south-Chiriqui River. The report said western Panama. an estimated 225 men have been Police said the 27 people on

which are being supplied with of their belongings but w food, weapons and ammunition hurt. The gummen fled.

Walesa files nominating petitions for election WARSAW (AP) - Lech Wale- a show, but a real, substantial sa's campaign chief submitted

nominating petitions with more than 500,000 signatures Tuesday to the National Election Commission to make official the Solidarity leader's bid for president.

Walesa's main opponent in the race is his former adviser, Prime Minister Tadeusz Mazowiecki. Poland will hold its first popular election for president on Nov. 25. Meanwhile, Mazowiecki's cam-

paign director said in an interview

that the prime minister is ready to

face Walesa in a television de-"What is important is to make this confrontation fair, showing facts and protagonists addressing real problems," said Henryk Wozniakowski, speaking at Mazowiecki's campaign head-quarters. "One should not make

board the vehicle were stripped

of their belongings but were not

Mazowiecki has called for two televised meetings, one dealing with domestic affairs, including the economy, and one limited to foreign affairs. The meetings would be moderated by journalists who would ask the same questions of each candidate.

Walesa's campaign chairman Jacek Merkel said the Solidarity leader is eager to debate Mazowiecki, even though the format has not been decided yet.

"Walesa suggested this debate. We are interested in it very much and we will try to hold it,"

Merkel said. Merkel travelled from the Solidarity leader's home city of Gdansk to Warsaw Tuesday with more than 20 parcels and canvas bags full of nominating petitions. | strike.

strike